# SAFETY DATA SHEET



WOODEX CLASSIC - All variants

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

: WOODEX CLASSIC - All variants **Product name** 

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** : NHS: 111 Telephone number

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT SE 3, H336** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 





Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

Storage

**General** : P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

**Prevention** : P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

: P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Response : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 1/19 Label No :83228

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### **Disposal**

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Contains biocidal products for dry film and in-can preservation: IPBC and DCOIT. Risk of skin sensitisation.Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

WOODEX CLASSIC - All variants

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	[1]
Propylene glycol	REACH #: 01-2119456809-23 EC: 200-338-0 CAS: 57-55-6	≤3	Not classified.	[2]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	[1] [2]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.2	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	EC: 254-259-1 CAS: 39049-04-2	≤0.1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
phthalic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119457017-41	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]

Version: 4

Label No : 83228

2/19

Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/06/2024Date of previous issue: 10/10/2023

<b>SECTION 3: Compositio</b>	n/information on in	gredients		
	EC: 201-607-5 CAS: 85-44-9 Index: 607-009-00-4		Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.022	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100) EUH071	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Contains: > 1 % TiO2

### **Type**

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 3/19 Date of previous issue Label No : 83228

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the** substance or mixture : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 4/19 Date of previous issue Label No :83228

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version: 4 5/19 Date of previous issue WOODEX CLASSIC - All variants Label No :83228

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### **Danger criteria**

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. **Industrial sector specific** : Not available. solutions

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

### Occupational exposure limits

Propylene glycol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).

TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Particulate

TWA: 474 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: total vapour and particulates TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: total vapour and particulates

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

> TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 67.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 101.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed 1-Methoxy 2-propanol

through skin.

STEL: 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [zirconium

compounds as Zr]

STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.

EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation phthalic anhydride

sensitiser.

STEL: 12 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

neodecanoic acid. cobalt salt EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and

cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring

procedures

: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous

substances will also be required.

**DNELs/DMELs** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 6/19 Date of previous issue Label No :83228

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy   DNEL   Long term minisation   DNEL   Long term permal   DNEL	Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
DNEL   Long term     1,9 mg/m²	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m³	General	Systemic
Inhalation	heavy		Inhalation		population	
DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Dream   Doubleton   DNEL   Doubleton		DNEL		1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Inhalation   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term   Long t		DNEI		178 57 mg/	Ceneral	Local
DNEL   Long term Oral   Systemic bwiday   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   DNEL   Long term   DNEL   Long term   DNEL   Long term   DNEL   DNEL   Long term   DNEL   DNE		DINCL				Local
DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL		DNEL				Systemic
DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term inhalation DNEL Long term Oral Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term						
DNEL		DNEL	Long term Dermal			Systemic
DNEL   Long term   178.57 mg/ m²   General population   Local m²   Local m²   Local m²   Local m²   Local m²   Local m²   Morkers   L		DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg		Systemic
DNEL		DNEL	Short term		General	Local
Inhalation						
DNEL   Short term   1066.67   mg/m²   1152 mg/   mg/m²   1152 mg/m²   115		DNEL			Workers	Local
Inhalation DNEL Short term (1152 mg/ m³ (2) (2) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4		DNEI			Markors	Local
DNEL   Short term   1152 mg/ m²   General population   Workers   Systemic population   Systemic population   Systemic population   Workers   Local   Inhalation   Short term   1066.67   mg/m³   Short term   1066.67   mg/m³   Short term   1066.67   mg/m³   Short term   Short term   10 mg/m³   General population   Systemic   Systemic   Morkers   System		DINEL			VVOIKEIS	Lucai
Inhalation   DNEL   DNEL   Long term   L		DNEL			General	Systemic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy    Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated neavy   Naphtha (population neavy   Naphtha (popula			Inhalation		population	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy   Naphtha (population not not not population not not not population not not not not not not not not not n		DNEL			Workers	Systemic
heavy    Discription   Discrip	Nambtha (natroloum) by dratroated	DNEI			Conoral	Customia
DNEL   Long term     1.9 mg/m³   Workers   Systemic		DINEL		0.41 mg/m²		Systemic
Inhalation DNEL Long term DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL DNEL	, i.e.a.y	DNEL		1.9 mg/m³		Systemic
Inhalation   Long term Oral   DNEL   Long term Dermal   DNEL   DNEL   Short term   Inhalation   DNEL   DNEL   Short term   1066.67   mg/m³   DNEL   Short term   1152 mg/ Inhalation   DNEL   Short term   1286.4 mg/m³   Short term   1286.4 mg/m³   Short term   10 mg/m³   DNEL   Coal   DNEL   Cong term   DNEL			Inhalation	_		-
DNEL DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Dnemal		DNEL				Local
DNEL   Long term Dermal   Dwiday   300 mg/kg   300 mg/kg   200 mg/		DNEI				Systemic
DNEL Dong term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL DNEL Dong term Dermal DNEL Dong term Dermal DNEL Dong term Dermal DNEL Dong term DNEL DONG TRANSON DNAMED DNAM		DINEL	Long term Oral			Systemic
DNEL Long term Dermal bw/day 300 mg/kg bw/day 640 mg/m³ General population Workers Local population Workers Local population Workers Local maintenance in the population workers and population workers and population workers Local maintenance in the population workers and population workers and population workers and population workers Local maintenance in the population workers and popula		DNEL	Long term Dermal			Systemic
DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Sh		DNEL		bw/day		-
Inhalation   Long term   Halation   Long term   Halation   Long term   Halation   Morkers   Local		5.151				
DNEL Short term 1066.67 Inhalation 10 Morkers 10 Morker		DNEL		640 mg/m³		Local
Inhalation Short term   1066.67 mg/m³   Workers   Local mg/m³   Short term   1152 mg/ population   Propylene glycol   DNEL   Long term   10 mg/m³   General population   Workers   Systemic m³   DNEL   Long term   10 mg/m³   General population   Workers   Local population   Workers   Local population   Under the population   Workers   Local population   Under the population   Workers   Local population   Under the population   Under		DNFI		837 5 mg/		Local
Inhalation				•		
DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Coal Inhalation DNEL DNEL Coal Inhalation DNEL DNEL DNEL Coal Inhalation DNEL DNEL		DNEL			Workers	Local
Inhalation   Short term   1286.4 mg/   Workers   Systemic   Inhalation   Morkers   Systemic   Inhalation   Morkers   Systemic   Inhalation   Inhal		DNE			0	0
Propylene glycol  DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral C-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol  2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol  DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Oral C-2-5 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Cong term Oral DN		DINEL				Systemic
Propylene glycol    DNEL   Long term   Lon		DNEL				Systemic
Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   DNEL   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   In				m³		-
DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral  2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol  DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Cong term Oral DN	Propylene glycol	DNEL		10 mg/m³		Local
Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Inhalation   Inhalation   DNEL   Long term   Oral   C7.5 mg/m³   Workers   Systemic   Systemic   Oral   C7.5 mg/m³   Workers   C7.5 mg/m³   Workers   Local   Oral		DNE		10 ma/m³		Local
DNEL Long term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral  2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol  DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Short term Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral DNEL Cong term Oral DNEL		DINEL		io ing/m²	VVOIKEIS	LUCAI
DNEL Long term Inhalation 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol  DNEL Long term Oral  DNEL Short term Inhalation  DNEL Long term Oral  DNEL Long term Oral  33 mg/kg bw/day Inhalation  DNEL Long term Oral  33 mg/kg bw/day Inhalation  DNEL Long term Oral  Systemic  Systemic  Systemic  Systemic  Systemic  Systemic  Systemic		DNEL	Long term	50 mg/m³		Systemic
Inhalation   Long term Oral   6.25 mg/ kg bw/day   population   DNEL   Long term   101.2 mg/ lnhalation   DNEL   Long term   Oral   Short term   101.2 mg/ lnhalation   m³   DNEL   Long term Oral   Systemic   Systemic   DNEL   Long term   Oral   Systemic   Systemic   Systemic   DNEL   Long term   Oral   Systemic   Systemic   Systemic   Systemic   Systemic   Systemic   DNEL   Long term   Oral   Oral   Oral   Systemic   Oral   Systemic   Oral   Oral   Oral   Systemic   Oral		DNEL		168 ma/m³		Systemic
DNEL Long term 67.5 mg/m³ Workers Local  1-Methoxy 2-propanol  DNEL Long term 101.2 mg/ Inhalation m³ General population  DNEL Long term Oral 33 mg/kg bw/day bw/day DNEL Long term 0 mg/m³ General population  DNEL Long term 43.9 mg/m³ General population  DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg General Systemic population  DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg General Systemic						,
DNEL Long term Inhalation  DNEL Short term Inhalation  DNEL Short term Inhalation  DNEL Long term Oral  DNEL Cong	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral			Systemic
Inhalation DNEL Short term 101.2 mg/ Inhalation DNEL Long term Oral 33 mg/kg bw/day DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg General population DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg General Systemic DNEL Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic		ראבי	l ong to			Local
DNEL Short term 101.2 mg/ m³ Workers Local  1-Methoxy 2-propanol DNEL Long term Oral Systemic population DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg General population General Systemic Systemic population General Systemic System		DINEL		σι.ɔ mg/m³	vvorkers	Local
1-Methoxy 2-propanol  DNEL Long term Oral 33 mg/kg bw/day population  DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg  Systemic population General population  Systemic Systemic population  Systemic Systemic population  Systemic Systemic Population General Systemic Population General Systemic Systemic		DNEL		101.2 ma/	Workers	Local
DNEL Long term Long term Dermal DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg Dopulation Systemic DNEL Long term Dermal T8 mg/kg General Systemic			Inhalation	m³		
DNEL Long term 43.9 mg/m³ General Systemic population  DNEL Long term Dermal 78 mg/kg General Systemic Systemic	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral			Systemic
DNEL Long term Dermal 78 mg/kg General Systemic		DNEL			General	Systemic
		D. :=:		70 "		
		DNEL	Long term Dermal			Systemic
·				bw/day	population	

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue

: 10/10/2023

Version: 4

7/19 **Label No** : 83228

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DAIE	1	bw/day	<b>VA7 I</b>	0
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term	0.023 mg/	Workers	Systemic
1 13 3		Inhalation	m³		,
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	D. 122	Inhalation	o.or mg/m	VV GIRGIG	Cycle.iiic
	DNEL	Short term	1.16 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	1.10 1119/111	WOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL		1 16 ma/m3	Morkoro	Local
	DINEL	Long term	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DAIE	Inhalation	0	<b>VA7 I</b>	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNIEL	Chart tarms Oral	•	Camaral	Cuatamia
phthalic anhydride	DNEL	Short term Oral	25 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	D. 151		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	8.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	14 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	49.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			,
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	DNEL	Long term Oral	32 µg/kg	General	Systemic
	<b></b>		bw/day	population	= y = 10
	DNEL	Long term	43 µg/m³	General	Local
	DIVEL.	Inhalation	.о му/пі	population	
	DNEL	Long term	273.2 µg/	Workers	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	213.2 μg/ m³	AAOIVCIS	Local
		IIIIIalalloll	111		

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin protection** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 8/19 Date of previous issue Label No : 83228

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer. check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Liquid. Colour Various **Odour** Slight Not available. **Odour threshold** 

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Upper/lower flammability or : Lower: 1.4% Upper: 12.6% explosive limits

Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) Flash point

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 9/19 Date of previous issue WOODEX CLASSIC - All variants Label No :83228

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available. : Not applicable. pН

**Viscosity** Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3					
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3					

**Relative density** : Not available. **Density** : 0.8 g/cm<sup>3</sup> Vapour density : Not available. : Not available. **Explosive properties Oxidising properties** : Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/10/2023 Version: 4 10/19 Label No : 83228

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
hydrotreated heavy				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
hydrotreated heavy				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Propylene glycol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.67 g/m³	4 hours
carbamate	mists			
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
phthalic anhydride	LD50 Oral	Rat	1530 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-

# Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	375.37 mg/l

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Propylene glycol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hours	-
				500 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hours 30	-
		<b>.</b>		%	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hours 30	-
	Olive Manhamata imitanat	11		% C	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 104	-
2 (2 butovyothovy)othonol	Eves Mederate irritant	Rabbit		mg I 24 hours 20	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Nabbit	-		-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	mg 20 mg	_
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
i meanery 2 proparier		rassit		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	-	-
carbamate					
phthalic anhydride	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	

# Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Sensitisation**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/06/2024Date of previous issue: 10/10/2023Version: 411/19WOODEX CLASSIC - All variantsLabel No : ₹3228

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy 1-Methoxy 2-propanol phthalic anhydride	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 1 Category 1	-	larynx -

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes**: Not available.

of exposure

### Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Eye contact** 

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

**Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/10/2023 Version : 4 12/19 Label No : 83228

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

**Ingestion**: No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/

or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Propylene glycol	Acute EC50 19300 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Algae	96 hours
	Acute EC50 43500 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18340000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 40613 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Algae - Scenedemus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days
phthalic anhydride	Acute EC50 147 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -	96 hours

Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/06/2024Date of previous issue: 10/10/2023Version: 413/19WOODEX CLASSIC - All variantsLabel No : ₹3228

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

		Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -	72 hours
isothiazol-3-one		Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water	Algae - Diatom - <i>Skeletonema</i>	96 hours
		costatum	
	Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i>	48 hours
		magna	
	Acute LC50 22 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Scud -	48 hours
		Gammarus pulex	
	Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson	96 hours
		trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine	Algae - Diatom - <i>Nitzschia</i>	96 hours
	water	pungens	
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson	97 days
		trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Propylene glycol 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-		Readily Not readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Propylene glycol	-1.07	-	Low
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
phthalic anhydride neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	1.6	3.4 15600	Low High

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

**Mobility** 

: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** 

Date of issue/Date of revision Version :4 : 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/10/2023 14/19 Label No :83228

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**European waste** catalogue (EWC) : 080111\*, 200127\*

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

ADR/RID

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

**ADN** 

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

**IMDG** 

: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision . 06/06/2024 · 10/10/2023 Version : 4 15/19 Date of previous issue Label No :83228

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

### **Ozone depleting substances**

Not listed.

### **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

### **Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
WOODEX CLASSIC	≥90	3
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<1	55 [Consumer paint]

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### **Danger criteria**

Category	
P5c	

### **National regulations**

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co	Carc.	-

### **EU regulations**

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution

: Not listed

prevention and control) -

Air

**Industrial emissions** 

: Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

### **International regulations**

### **Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals**

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Date of issue/Date of revision: 06/06/2024Date of previous issue: 10/10/2023Version: 416/19WOODEX CLASSIC - All variantsLabel No : \$3228

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and** acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and

Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019

No. 720 and amendments

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### **Full text of classifications**

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 : 10/10/2023 Version: 4 17/19 Date of previous issue Label No : 83228

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A Skin Sens. 1A

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SE 3

Date of issue/ Date of : 06/06/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 10/10/2023

**Version** 

### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/10/2023 Version : 4 18/19 Label No :83228

Date of issue/Date of revision Version :4 : 06/06/2024 Date of previous issue : 10/10/2023 19/19 **Label No :8**3228