SAFETY DATA SHEET



UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person

: Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373**

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity

: 34 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity 34 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity 34 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity

: Contains 34% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms











Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision . 26/01/2024 1/26 Date of previous issue Version :1 : No previous validation **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : Contains: n-Butyl acetate; iso-butanol; Xylene and Reaction product: bisphenol A-

(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <=700)

Supplemental label

elements

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 12/26UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variantsLabel No :76767

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

					
			(oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤10	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Reaction product: bisphenol A- (epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <=700)	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 500-033-5 CAS: 25068-38-6 Index: 603-074-00-8	≤5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%	[1]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]
2-butoxyethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475112-47 EC: 203-933-3 CAS: 112-07-2 Index: 607-038-00-2	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]
Ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119457610-43 EC: 200-578-6 CAS: 64-17-5 Index: 603-002-00-5	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision . 26/01/2024 Version: 1 3/26 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Date of issue/Date of revision • 26/01/2024 4/26 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version :1 **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

Label No: 76767

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 5/26

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butyl acetate (all isomers except tert-butyl acetate)]
	CEIL: 480 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
iso-butanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butanol
	(all isomers except 2-methyl-2-propanol)]
	PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 16/26UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variantsLabel No :76767

PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. **Xylene**

Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)]

PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 440 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 880 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.

Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed 2-butoxyethyl acetate

through skin.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes. PEAK: 270 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).

TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CEIL: 2000 ppm, 3 times per shift, 60 minutes. CEIL: 3800 mg/m³, 3 times per shift, 60 minutes.

No exposure limit value known.

Ethanol

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021).

> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, **Xylene**

mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed

through skin.

STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed 2-butoxyethyl acetate

through skin.

STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative

occupational exposure limit values

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational

Date of issue/Date of revision . 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version :1 7/26 **Label No: 76767**

exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-butoxyethyl acetate

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate

iso-butanol

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

2-butoxyethyl acetate

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 480 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 960 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).

TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 62 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 124 ppm 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).

TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours.
PEAK: 310 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 310 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through

TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)]
Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 176 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.

PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 176 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 88 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.

Label No: 76767

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 8/26

TWA: 65 mg/m³ 8 hours.
PEAK: 130 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
PEAK: 20 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 66 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 132 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).

TWA: 380 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 1520 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 800 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).

TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 800 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 380 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 1520 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

iso-butanol Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-butoxyethyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 135 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 270 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethanol Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

Ethanol

n-Butyl acetate

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

[butyl acetate, all isomers]

iso-butanol Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 19/26UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variantsLabel No :76767

[butanol, all isomers, except n-butanol] Absorbed through STEL: 150 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). **Xylene** [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 2-butoxyethyl acetate Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ethanol Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational **Exposure Limit Values** OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational iso-butanol Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 150 mg/m3 8 hours. OELV-15min: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 225 mg/m3 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed **Xylene** through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit **Values** OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-butoxyethyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 333 mg/m3 15 minutes. Ethanol NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV-15min: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. No exposure limit value known.

Date of issue/Date of revision . 26/01/2024 Version:1 10/26 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 76767**

UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants

No exposure limit value known.

n-Butyl acetate Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). iso-butanol Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). **Xylene** [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 2-butoxyethyl acetate Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 70 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 140 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. Ethanol Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I n-Butyl acetate (Luxembourg, 3/2021). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. **Xylene** Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I Ethylbenzene (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-butoxyethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative n-Butyl acetate occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation 11/26 Version : 1 UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants **Label No: 76767**

Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

exposure limit values

Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-butoxyethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 133 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 333 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known. No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 µg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 112/26UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variantsLabel No :76767

Ethylbenzene

2-butoxyethyl acetate

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for longterm exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 150 mg/g, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of shift after several shifts.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Date of issue/Date of revision . 26/01/2024 Version:1 Date of previous issue : No previous validation

UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants

Label No: 76767

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 114/26

Label No: 76767

	•				
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	J. 122	Inhalation	2.0g,	population	Gyotoniio
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	3 mg/m	WOIKEIS	Oysternic
	DNEL		83 mg/kg	General	Systemia
	DINEL	Long term Dermal			Systemic
	DAIEI		bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVILL	Inhalation	142 mg/m	WOIKCIO	Local
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVICE	Inhalation	004 mg/m	WOIKEIS	Systernic
2 hutavivathul agatata	חארו		0.6 ma/ka	Conoral	Cyntomia
2-butoxyethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DAIEI	01	bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Short term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	72 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	80 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	102 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	120 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	133 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation]		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	169 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	200 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	333 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	Joo mg/m	77 OI NOI O	20001
Ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	87 ma/ka	General	Systemic
Luianoi	DINCL	Long term Oral	87 mg/kg		Systemic
	ראבי	Long torm	bw/day	population	Systemis
	DNEL	Long term	114 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	ריבי	Inhalation	000 "	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	206 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	5		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	343 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	950 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	950 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	1900 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
		<u> </u>	i		<u> </u>

PNECs

No PNECs available

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/01/2024Date of previous issue: No previous validationVersion: 115/26UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variantsLabel No :76767

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Label No: 76767

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 16/26

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : Various : Slight **Odour**

: Not available. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ethanol

limit

iso-butanol

Ingredient name

°C °F Method

OECD 103

172.9

226.4

Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8% Upper: 19%

Flash point : Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-butoxyethyl acetate	340	644	
n-Butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15

78.29

108

Decomposition temperature : Not available. pН Not applicable. Not available. **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Var	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Va	pour pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Ethanol	42.94865	5.7				
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : Not available. : 1.2 g/cm³ **Density** Vapour density : Not available. : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue Version :1 17/26 : No previous validation **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
2-butoxyethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	5018.43 mg/kg 42.71 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Reaction product: bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
resin (number average					

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of public UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version: 1

18/26

Label No :76767

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

molecular weight <=700)					
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				uL	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
2-butoxyethyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

Sensitisation

: Causes skin irritation.

Conclusion/Summary

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate iso-butanol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue Version :1 19/26 : No previous validation **Label No** :76767

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

: Not available. **Conclusion/Summary**

General May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once

sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision . 26/01/2024 Version :1 20/26 Date of previous issue : No previous validation **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
iso-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki</i> - Larvae	12 weeks

: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Conclusion/Summary**

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
iso-butanol	1	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
Reaction product: bisphenol A-(epichlorhydrin); epoxy resin (number average molecular weight <=700)	2.64 to 3.78	31	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
2-butoxyethyl acetate	1.51	-	Low
Ethanol	-0.35	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Version :1 Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation 21/26 **Label No** :76767

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste. : 08.01.11

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, 2-methylpropan-1-ol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, 2-methylpropan-1-ol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methylpropan-1-ol, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methylpropan-1-ol, xylene)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue 22/26 : No previous validation Version :1 **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 14: Transport information

IMDG IATA

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

: Not listed **Industrial emissions**

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

: Not applicable. **Explosive precursors** Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P₅c

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : A II

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Date of issue/Date of revision • 26/01/2024 23/26 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version: 1 **Label No: 76767**

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Limitation of the use of

: Permitted.

organic solvents

Czech Republic

Denmark

Finland

France

Germany

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3
E2	1.3.2

Hazard class for water

: 3

Technical instruction on air quality control

: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 91%

TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 2%

AOX : The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

<u>Italy</u>

Netherlands

Norway

Sweden

Switzerland

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

acronyms CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 26/01/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 1
 24/26

Label No: 76767

SECTION 16: Other information

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
I	

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
1		

Date of issue/ Date of : 26/01/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/01/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 25/26

Label No :76767

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 26/01/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : No previous validation
 Version
 : 1
 26/26

UNIVERSALPRIMER 0216-00 - All variants Label No :76767