SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants **Product name**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 **STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue · 12/10/2023 Version: 6 1/29 **Label No :80742**

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy and Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Supplemental label elements

: Contains Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 50%	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 265-185-4 CAS: 64742-82-1 Index: 649-330-00-2	≥10 - ≤16	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤10	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]

Date of issue/Date of revision Version: 6 2/29 : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 **Label No :**80742

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients								
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤0.87	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]			
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-, reaction products with ethylenediamine	REACH #: 01-2119979085-27 EC: 309-629-8 CAS: 100545-48-0	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1]			
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.					

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 20/05/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 12/10/2023
 Version
 : 6
 3/29

 ▼EKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants
 Label No : 80742

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: No specific data.Ingestion: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Label No :80742

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version : 6 4/29

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

Date of issue/Date of revision: 20/05/2024Date of previous issue: 12/10/2023Version: 65/29▼EKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variantsLabel No : ₹0742

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
▼ylene 1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 187 mg/m³ 8 hours. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 187 mg/m³
⋉ylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 184 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 369 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
⋉ ylene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.
⋉ylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. STELV: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 20/05/2024
 Date of previous issue
 : 12/10/2023
 Version
 : 6
 6/29

 ▼ÉKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants
 Label No : №0742

STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours. Xylene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. Xylene Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 72.09 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 146.85 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol [1-methoxy-2-propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 185 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 1-Methoxy 2-propanol of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 20/05/2024Date of previous issue: 12/10/2023Version: 67/29▼EKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variantsLabel No : 80742

TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020).

TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m3 15 minutes.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12]

Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of

the Labor Code)

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 375 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. PEAK: 600 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through

TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)]

Label No :80742

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 440 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).

TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 740 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

TWA: 370 mg/m³ 8 hours.

PEAK: 740 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 · 12/10/2023 Version: 6 8/29 Date of previous issue

Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit 1-Methoxy 2-propanol values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1080 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **X**ylene 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. **X**ylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Absorbed through skin. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 185 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Xylene NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit **Values** OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational 1-Methoxy 2-propanol **Exposure Limit Values** OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 : 12/10/2023 Version: 6 9/29 Date of previous issue

TEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

Label No: 80742

Short Term: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). **Xylene** [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Absorbed through skin. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. **X**ylene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 1-Methoxy 2-propanol of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Xylene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m3 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values

Date of issue/Date of revision : 12/10/2023 Version : 6 10/29 : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue **Label No :**80742

(Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL.15-min: 563 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through

skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible

> concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,

2/2021). [benzin to varnish] TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy

of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish]

TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 900 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene - mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed

TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

through skin.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,

2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 180 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 360 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.

VLA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Short term: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 · 12/10/2023 Version: 6 11/29 Date of previous issue

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

Xylene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Xylene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 568 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 580 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 290 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1-Methoxy 2-propanol 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2020). NGV: 50 ppm 8 hours. NGV: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours. KTV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. KTV: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, **Xylene** 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 1-Methoxy 2-propanol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 : 12/10/2023 Version: 6 12/29 Date of previous issue Label No : 80742

Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).
Wapititia (petrolediti), flydrotreated fleavy	STEL: 600 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Xylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
ryione	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).
, , ,	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 360 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
X ylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
, ,,	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Kylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 μmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
No exposure indices known.	

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version: 6 13/29 **Label No** : **8**0742

Xylene

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene]

Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Xylene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022)

BEI: 15 mg/l, propylene glycol 1-methyl ether [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue · 12/10/2023 Version : 6

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

14/29

Xylene

Xylene

Xylene

Xylene

Xylene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

No exposure indices known.

1-Methoxy 2-propanol

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) fin urinel. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers]

BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 20 mg/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

BEI: 221.9 µmol/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers]

BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Version : 6 15/29 Date of previous issue

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

· 12/10/2023

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
heavy		Inhalation	G	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	m³ 300 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DINLL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DATE	Inhalation	007.5	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m³ 1066.67	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	mg/m ³	VVOIKEIS	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	,	Inhalation	m ³	population	- ,
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³		•
Naphtha (petroleum),	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
hydrodesulfurized heavy		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	m ³	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	o 10 1119,111	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	האורו	Inhalation	mg/m³	Comerci	Cuetamia
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/ m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	11286.4 mg/		Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m ³	VVOINCIS	Oystonio
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	G	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	5	Inhalation	000 / 3	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	221 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DINCL	Inhalation	i iiig/iii	VVOINGIO	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 212 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day	VVOINGIS	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	J. 1LL	Inhalation	g/		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	ביים <i>ביי</i>	I aman ka was	bw/day	population	Ourstanie is
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
l	<u> </u>	mnaiauon		population	

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue

: 12/10/2023

Version: 6

16/29

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Demia			Cysternic
	DATE		bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL			VVOIKCIS	Systemic
T	DATE	Inhalation	m³		
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	2.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J 111.3/111		-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Long term Dermai			Oysternic
	DAIEI	I 1 D 1	bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
Octadecanoic acid, 12-hydroxy-,	DNEL	Long term	0.055 mg/	General	Local
reaction products with		Inhalation	m³	population	
ethylenediamine					
	DNEL	Long term	0.308 mg/	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	m ³	VVOINCIO	Local
		IIIIIaiaiiOII	111		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version : 6 17/29

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A F

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Slight
Odour threshold : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

Melting point/freezing point

boiling range

: Not available.

 Ingredient name
 °C
 °F
 Method

 Methoxy 2-propanol
 120.17
 248.3
 OECD 103

 Xylene
 136.16
 277.1

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion | ✓ wer: 0.8% | Upper: 7.6% |

Flash point : Closed cup: 42°C (107.6°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Methoxy 2-propanol	270	518	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure :

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version : 6 18/29

FÉKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants Label No :80742

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
Xylene	6.7	0.89				

Relative density : Not available. : 1.1 a/cm³ **Density** Vapour density : Not available. : Not available. **Explosive properties** : Not available. **Oxidising properties**

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	30331.32 mg/kg 303.31 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version: 6 19/29 Label No : 80742

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
iranium dioxide Skin - Mild irritant		Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3	- - -	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Category 1	-	-
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version: 6 20/29

Label No : 80742

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : No specific data. : No specific data. Ingestion

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Reproductive toxicity**

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Acute EC50 2.6 mg/l	Crustaceans	48 hours
	Acute LC50 100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Conclusion/Summary**

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

: 12/10/2023 Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue Version: 6 21/29 Label No : 80742

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Maphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
hydrotreated heavy Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

080111*, 200127*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Label No :80742

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version : 6 22/29

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

IMDG Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in

packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Air

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 · 12/10/2023 Version : 6 23/29 Date of previous issue Label No :80742

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

: Not listed **Industrial emissions**

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P₅c

National regulations

Austria

VbF class : A II

Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of

organic solvents

: Permitted.

Czech Republic

Storage code : 11

Denmark

Danish fire class : II-1 Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
titanium dioxide	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-
carbon black respirable	Listed	-

MAL-code : 3-6

Protection based on MAL

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 3-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 6 : 20/05/2024 · 12/10/2023 24/29 Date of previous issue Label No :80742

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

: Not listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7

RG 84 Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy **RG 84** Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy

RG 4bis. RG 84 Xvlene

1-Methoxy 2-propanol **RG 84**

Reinforced medical surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany

TRGS 905

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development
Cobalt compounds	K2	M1A	RF1A	RD1A

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 · 12/10/2023 Version: 6 25/29 Date of previous issue **F**EKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 - All variants Label No :80742

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

: 2

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water

: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 40% **Technical instruction on**

air quality control

TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.8%

<u>Italy</u>

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
heavy					
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

Water Discharge Policy

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway Sweden

Flammable liquid class

: 2b (SRVFS 2005:10)

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 40.4%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

Label No : 80742

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023 Version: 6 26/29

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 1, H372	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Cute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of

: 20/05/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : 12/10/2023

Version : 6

FEKNOSYNT PRIMER 3 All variants

Notice to reader

Date of issue/Date of revision: 20/05/2024Date of previous issue: 12/10/2023Version: 627/29

Label No : 80742

SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 20/05/2024Date of previous issue: 12/10/2023Version: 628/29

Date of issue/Date of revision: 20/05/2024Date of previous issue: 12/10/2023Version: 629/29