Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOSOLV 9502

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: TEKNOSOLV 9502

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Solvent.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word | : Danger |
|-------------------|--|
| Hazard statements | H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H312 + H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| | H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. | |
|---|--|--|
| Precautionary statements | | |
| Prevention | P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour. | |
| Response | : P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. | |
| Storage | : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. | |
| Disposal | P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. | |
| Hazardous ingredients | : Contains: Xylene and Ethylbenzene | |
| Supplemental label elements | : | |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles | : | |
| 2.3 Other hazards | | |
| Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB. | |

1907/2006, Annex XIIIOther hazards which do: None known.not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

| 3.2 Mixtures | : Mixture | | | | |
|--|---|------------------|--|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name | Identifiers | % | Classification | Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs | Туре |
| Xylene | REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9 | ≥50 - ≤75 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I | [1] [2] |
| Ethylbenzene | REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 | ≥10 - ≤19 | Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I | [1] [2] |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4 | ≤10 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066 | - | [1] |
| n-Butyl acetate | REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 | ≤5 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 | - | [1] [2] |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 25/10/2024 Date | e of previous is | sue : 10/10/2024 | Version : 4 | 2/17 |
| TEKNOSOLV 9502 | | | | Label No :8673 | 35 |

| SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| EC: 204 CAS: 12 Index: 6 | | EUH066 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. | | | |

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

| 4.1 Description of first aid m | neasures |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| Over-exposure signs/sympto | <u>oms</u> |
|----------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |

| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: |
|---|--|
| | irritation redness |
| Ingestion | Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting |
| 4.3 Indication of any immedia | e medical attention and special treatment needed |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | No specific treatment. |
| SECTION 5: Firefight | ig measures |
| 5.1 Extinguishing media | |
| Suitable extinguishing media | Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | Do not use water jet. |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising f | n the substance or mixture |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture | Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazar In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, w the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with lon lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. |
| Hazardous combustion products | Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters | |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |
| SECTION 6: Acciden | |

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions | : | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 25/10/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 10/10/2024 | Version | :4 | 4/17 |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|----------|----------------------|------|
| TEKNOSOLV 9502 | | | | Label No | : <mark>8</mark> 673 | 5 |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information. |

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

| Danger criteria | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Category | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold | | | |
| P5c | 5000 tonne | 50000 tonne | | | |

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector specific

- : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Product/ingredient name | Exposure limit values |
|-------------------------|--|
| Xylene | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit |
| | Values |
| | OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | OELV-15min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| Ethylbenzene | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU |
| | derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values |
| | OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | OELV-15min: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |
| n-Butyl acetate | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational |
| | Exposure Limit Values |
| | OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| | OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | OELV-15min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. |

Biological exposure indices

| Product/ingredien | t name | | Exposure indices | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| Xylene | | NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. | | | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | | NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. | | | | | |
| Recommended monitoring procedures | European St assessment values and n atmospheres of exposure (Workplace a for the meas | hould be made to monito tandard EN 689 (Workpla of exposure by inhalatio neasurement strategy) If s - Guide for the applicat to chemical and biologic atmospheres - General r surement of chemical age or methods for the deter | ace atmospheres - (on to chemical agent European Standard tion and use of proce al agents) Europea requirements for the ents) Reference to | Guidance for the s for comparison wi EN 14042 (Workpla edures for the asses in Standard EN 482 performance of pro national guidance | ace ssment ocedures | | |
| DNELs/DMELs | | | | | | | |
| DNELS/DMELS | : 25/10/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 10/10/2024 | Version : 4 | 6/17 | | |

| Product/ingredient name | Туре | Exposure | Value | Population | Effects |
|--|------|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Kylene | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 65.3 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 260 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term | 221 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term Oral | 12.5 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term | kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m³ | population General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg | population General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | bw/day 212 mg/kg | population Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term | bw/day 221 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Ethylbenzene | DNEL | Inhalation Long term Oral | 1.6 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 15 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 77 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 180 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 293 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DMEL | Long term | 442 mg/m ³ | Workers | Local |
| | DMEL | Inhalation Short term Inhalation | 884 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 0.41 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 1.9 mg/m³ | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 178.57 mg/ m³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 640 mg/m ³ | General | Local |
| | DNEL | Long term | 837.5 mg/ m³ | population Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | 1066.67 | Workers | Local |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | mg/m ³ 1152 mg/ | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Inhalation Short term | m ³ 1286.4 mg/ | population Workers | Systemic |
| n-Butyl acetate | DNEL | Inhalation Short term Oral | m ³ 2 mg/kg | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Oral | bw/day 2 mg/kg bw/day | population General population | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 6 mg/kg bw/day | General | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Short term Dermal | 11 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| | DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 35.7 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |
| | DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 300 mg/m ³ | General population | Local |

| DNEL | Short term | 300 mg/m ³ | General | Systemic |
|------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| DNEL | Inhalation Long term Inhalation | 300 mg/m³ | population Workers | Local |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m³ | Workers | Local |
| DNEL | Short term Inhalation | 600 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Dermal | 3.4 mg/kg bw/day | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Dermal | 7 mg/kg bw/day | Workers | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 12 mg/m ³ | General population | Systemic |
| DNEL | Long term Inhalation | 48 mg/m ³ | Workers | Systemic |

PNECs

No PNECs available

| 8.2 Exposure controls | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|---|---|--|--|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : | Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. | | | |
| Individual protection meas | ures | | | | |
| Hygiene measures | : | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working per Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clot Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. | | | |
| Eye/face protection | : | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. | | | |
| Skin protection | | | | | |
| Hand protection | : | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. | | | |
| | | Recommendations : Wear suita | able gloves tested to EN374. | | |
| | | < 1 hour (breakthrough time): | Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm | | |
| | | 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): | polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves. | | |
| | | > 8 hours (breakthrough time): | Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves | | |
| | | Wash hands before breaks and i | immediately after handling the product. | | |
| Body protection | : | being performed and the risks in before handling this product. Wh wear anti-static protective clothin discharges, clothing should inclu | or the body should be selected based on the task volved and should be approved by a specialist men there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, ig. For the greatest protection from static de anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to further information on material and design | | |

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

| • | · · · |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Other skin protection | Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |
| | Filter type: A |
| | Filter type (spray application): A P |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance | |
|---|------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Colour | : Colourless. |
| Odour | : Slight |
| Odour threshold | : Not available. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Initial boiling point and boiling range | : |

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method |
|---|------------|------------|----------|
| n-Butyl acetate | 126 | 258.8 | OECD 103 |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 135 to 210 | 275 to 410 | |

Flammability

: Not available.

Lower and upper explosion limit

Auto-ignition temperature

: Lower: 0.8% (xylene)

Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)

Flash point

: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

| Ingredient name | °C | °F | Method | | | |
|---|------------|------------|---------|--|--|--|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | 280 to 470 | 536 to 878 | | | | |
| n-Butyl acetate | 415 | 779 | EU A.15 | | | |
| Decomposition temperature : Not available | | | | | | |

| | i not available. |
|---|--|
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (40°C): <20.5 mm ² /s |
| Solubility(ies) | : |
| Not available. | |
| Solubility in water | : Not available. |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water | : Not applicable. |

2

Vapour pressure

| | Vapour Pressure at 20°C | | | Va | oour pressu | re at 50°C |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-----|----------------|-------|-------------|------------|
| Ingredient name | mm Hg | kPa | Method | mm Hg | kPa | Method |
| n-Butyl acetate | 11.25096 | 1.5 | DIN EN 13016-2 | | | |
| Ethylbenzene | 9.30076 | 1.2 | | | | |

: 10/10/2024

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

| Relative density | : Not available. |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| Density | : 0.9 g/cm ³ |
| Vapour density | : Not available. |
| Explosive properties | : Not available. |
| Oxidising properties | : Not available. |
| Particle characteristics | |
| Median particle size | : Not applicable. |
| | |

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

| SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| 10.1 Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. | | |
| 10.2 Chemical stability | : The product is stable. | | |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. | | |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. | | |
| 10.5 Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials | | |
| 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. | | |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|--|---------------------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Xylene | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 21.7 mg/l | 4 hours |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 29000 mg/l | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 15400 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| n-Butyl acetate | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat | 0.74 mg/l | 4 hours |
| , | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 14112 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 10760 mg/kg | - |

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| | 1578.04 mg/kg 12.94 mg/l | |

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------|------------------------|-------------|
| Xylene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | D.1 | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant | Rat Rabbit | - | 8 hours 60 uL 100 % | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | okin - moderate imtant | Rabbit | - | mg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| , | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| light aromatic | Even Mederate imiterat | Dabbit | | uL | |
| n-Butyl acetate | Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit Rabbit | - | 100 mg 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | TADDIC | - | mg | - |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Causes skin irritation. | | | 0 | |
| Sensitisation | | | | | |
| | . Deced on evallable data the | alaasifi satisa s | uitania ana | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | classification c | nteria are | e not met. | |
| <u>Mutagenicity</u> | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | classification c | riteria are | e not met. | |
| Carcinogenicity | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | classification c | riteria are | e not met. | |
| Reproductive toxicity | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. | | | | |
| Teratogenicity | | | | | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Based on available data, the | classification c | riteria are | not met. | |
| | ,, | | | | |

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Xylene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| n-Butyl acetate | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 0, | oral, inhalation oral, inhalation | - hearing organs |

Aspiration hazard

| Product/ingredient name | Result | |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Xylene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |
| Ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | |

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

| Eye contact | : Causes serious eye irritation. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. |
| Ingestion | : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness |
|--------------|--|
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting |

| Delayed and immediate effec | ts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |
|--------------------------------|--|
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health effe | ects |
| Not available. | |
| Conclusion/Summary | : Not available. |
| General | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| Carcinogenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic | Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l | Daphnia | 48 hours |
| n-Butyl acetate | Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 μg/l Fresh water | Fish Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i> Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 96 hours 48 hours 96 hours |

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

| SECTION 12: Ecological information | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
| Xylene | 3.12 | 8.1 to 25.9 | Low |
| Ethylbenzene | 3.6 | - | Low |
| Solvent naphtha (petroleum) | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| n-Butyl acetate | 2.3 | - | Low |

| 12.4 Mobility in soil | |
|---|------------------|
| Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
| Mobility | : Not available. |

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1 Waste treatment methods

| Product | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| European waste catalogue (EWC) | : 080111*, 200127* |
| Packaging | |
| Methods of disposal | : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. |
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

| | ADR/RID | ADN | IMDG | ΙΑΤΑ |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| 14.1 UN number or ID number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL | PAINT RELATED MATERIAL |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Date of issue/Date of revi TEKNOSOLV 9502 | ision : 25/10/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 10/10/2024 | Version : 4 13/17 Label No : <mark>8</mark> 6735 |

| SECTION 14: Transport information | | | | |
|--|---|-----|--------------------------|--|
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 14.4 Packing group | | | | |
| 14.5 Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional informa ADR/RID 14.6 Special precau user | : <u>Tunn</u> utions for : Trans uprigh | | that persons transportin | ort in closed containers that are ng the product know what to do in |
| | 4.7 Maritime transport in : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. bulk according to IMO nstruments | | | t. |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | % | Designation [Usage] |
|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| TEKNOSOLV 9502 | ≥90 | 3 |
| Labelling : | | |

Other EII regulation

| Other EU regulations | |
|---|---------------------------|
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air | : Not listed |
| Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water | : Not listed |
| Explosive precursors | : Not applicable. |
| Ozone depleting substance | <u>ces (1005/2009/EU)</u> |
| Not listed. | |
| Prior Informed Consent (P Not listed. | <u>PIC) (649/2012/EU)</u> |
| Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed. | <u>ants</u> |
| <u>Seveso Directive</u> | |

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

| Abbreviations and acronyms | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. |
|----------------------------|--|
| deronyms | |
| | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level |
| | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level |
| | EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement |
| | N/A = Not available |
| | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic |
| | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration |
| | RRN = REACH Registration Number |
| | SGG = Segregation Group |
| | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification | Justification |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Flam. Liq. 3, H226 | On basis of test data |
| Acute Tox. 4, H312 | Calculation method |
| Acute Tox. 4, H332 | Calculation method |
| Skin Irrit. 2, H315 | Calculation method |
| Eye Irrit. 2, H319 | Calculation method |
| STOT SE 3, H335 | Calculation method |
| STOT RE 2, H373 | Calculation method |
| Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | Calculation method |
| Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 | Calculation method |

Full text of abbreviated H statements

| H225 | Highly flammable liquid and vapour. |
|------|---|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H312 | Harmful in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled. |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation. |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| | |

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| SECTION 16: Other information | | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| H411 To H412 Ha | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. | | |
| Full text of classific | ations [CLP/GHS] | | |
| Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 3 | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 | | |
| Date of issue/ Date revision | of : 25/10/2024 | | |
| Date of previous iss Version | ue : 10/10/2024 : 4 | | |
| | | | |

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.