Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Warning
- : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 - H315 Causes skin irritation.
 - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 - H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	1	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	Vixture		t .	1
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
Kylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥25 - ≤45	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
itanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤9.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #:	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
ate of issue/Date of revision ÉKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All varia	: 17/05/2024 Date of previous	issue : 23/10/20	023 Version : 3 Label No :808	2/19

SECTION 3: Compositio	01-2119475791-29		STOT SE 3, H336	
	EC: 203-603-9			
	CAS: 108-65-6			
	Index: 607-195-00-7			
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	EC: 254-259-1	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
	CAS: 39049-04-2			
butan-2-ol	REACH #:	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	01-2119475146-36		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	
	EC: 201-158-5		STOT SE 3, H335	
	CAS: 78-92-2		STOT SE 3, H336	
	Index: 603-127-00-5			
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #:	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302	[1] [2]
	01-2119970733-31		Skin Sens. 1, H317	
	EC: 248-373-0		STOT RE 1, H372	
	CAS: 27253-31-2		Aquatic Chronic 3,	
			H412	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #:	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	[1] [2]
	01-2119457435-35		STOT SE 3, H336	
	EC: 203-539-1			
	CAS: 107-98-2			
	Index: 603-064-00-3			
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #:	≤0.1	Not classified.	[2]
	01-2119450011-60			
	EC: 252-104-2			
	CAS: 34590-94-8			
			See Section 16 for	
			the full text of the H	
			statements declared	
			above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter \leq 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	• No specific treatment

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

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5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
media	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17/05/2024	Date of previous issue	: 23/10/2023	Version	:3	4/19
FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All va	riants			Label No :	<mark>80</mark> 80	7

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure
	mode.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	otective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
• ··· ···	

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17/05/2024	Date of previous issue	: 23/10/2023	Version	:3	5/19
FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All var	iants			Label No	: <mark>80</mark> 80)7

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria		
Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits					
₩ylene		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-			
		p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.			
		STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
		TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours.			
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
Ethylbenzene		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed			
		through skin.			
		STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
		TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
n-Butyl acetate		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).			
		STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed			
		through skin.			
		STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
		TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
		STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [zirconium			
		compounds as Zr]			
		STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.			
butan-2-ol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).			
		STEL: 462 mg/m^3 15 minutes.			
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
		TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.			
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and			
		cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser.			
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.			
1-Methoxy 2-propanol		EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed			
······································		through skin.			
		STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
		•			
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17/05/2024	Date of previous issue: 23/10/2023Version: 36/19			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-					
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.				
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.				
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed				
	through skin.				
	TWA: 308 mg/m ³ 8 hours.				
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.				

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
Recommended monitoring : Reference sh	ould be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to

national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

procedures

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Kylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	_	Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DUE	Inhalation	440 / 3		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	440	14/	Questionsis
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	15 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DINCE	Inhalation	// mg/m	W ON CITO	Cysternie
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		- Jotonno
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation		-	
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
aromatic		Inhalation	-	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	

FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All variants

	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³	a .	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	Quatamia
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Short term Oral	bw/day	population	Oysternic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	$200 m g/m^{3}$	population	Svotomio
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	ooo mg/m	Workers	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	<u>g</u> ,		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		1	bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m ³	population Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	40 mg/m	VIOREIS	Systemic
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DITLE	Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		. .	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Short term	bw/day	population Workers	
	DNEL	Inhalation	550 mg/m ³	workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	VI OINGIS	Systemic
outan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	203 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	213 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	405 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Long torm	bw/day	Works-	Puoto mi-
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	DNEL	Long term Oral	32 µg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL		52 μg/kg bw/day	population	Gysternic
	DNEL	Long term	43 µg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	·~ ~y////	population	
	DNEL	Long term	273.2 µg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		
		1	1		1
of issue/Date of revision : 1	T/05/2024	Date of previous issue	: 23/10/2		Version : 3 8/

-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	308 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

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No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls				
Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Individual protection meas	ures			
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm			
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.			
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves			
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.			

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	
	Ethylbenzene	136.1	277	OECD 104
F	lammability (solid, gas) : Not ava	ilable.		
	pper/lower flammability or : Cower: (xplosive limits Upper: 7			

Flash point Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	
Xylene	432	809.6	

: Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: K inematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	: Not applicable.
water	
Vapour pressure	:

2

: 23/10/2023

	V	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		V	apour pres	r pressure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2				
Xylene	6.7	0.89				
elative density	: Not	available.		·		·
ensity	: 1.2	g/cm³				
apour density	: Not	available.				
xplosive properties	: Not	available.				
xidising properties	: Not	available.				
article characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials			
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.			

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
butan-2-ol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	48500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2054 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/05/2024 Date of previous issue : 23/10/2023 Version : 3 11/19 FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All variants Label No :80807

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Dermal	3639.21 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	29.81 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	_	mg 72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
butan-2-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		mg 0.1 MI	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		Rabbit	_	mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
has been observed that the c	arcinogenic hazard of this prod	uct arises when	respirable	e dust is inhaled	d in quantities

 leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

 Conclusion/Summary
 : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

 Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
butan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Date of issue/Date of revision : 17/

: 17/05/2024 Date of previous issue

: 23/10/2023

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Kylene	0,	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt		-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

1	Not available.
:	Causes serious eye irritation.
:	May cause respiratory irritation.
:	Causes skin irritation.
:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
	: : :

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
butan-2-ol	Acute EC50 4227000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3670000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Harmful to aquatic life with long lastin	g effects.	•

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
X ylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	Low
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	High
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	0.004	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc) **Mobility** : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods **Product**

: 17/05/2024 Date of previous issue

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with invited interest.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	with jurisdiction. : 080111*, 200127*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111			
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional informati ADR/RID	: <u>Viscous</u> packagir	liquid exception This ngs up to 450 L accord code (D/E)	•	not subject to regulation in
ADN		: <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.		
IMDG	: <u>Viscous</u>	•	s class 3 viscous liquid is	not subject to regulation in

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do
the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
according to IMO	

user

: 17/05/2024 Date of previous issue

: 23/10/2023

in

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282	≥90	3

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category	
P5c	

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	UK Occupational Exposure Limits EH40 - WEL	cobalt and cobalt compounds as Co	Carc.	-
EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Not listed			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	: Not listed			
International regulations				
Chemical Weapon Convention	on List Schedules I, II &	III Chemicals		
Not listed.				
Montreal Protocol				
Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on P	araistant Organia Ballut	onto		
Not listed.	ersistent Organic Poliut	ants		
Rotterdam Convention on Pr	<u>rior Informed Consent (</u> I	<u>PIC)</u>		
Not listed.				
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on	POPs and Heavy Metals			
Not listed.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 17/05/2024 Date of pr	evious issue : 23/10	0/2023	Version : 3 16/19
EKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All 🛚	variants		La	bel No : <mark>8</mark> 0807

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative			

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

Cute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

SECTION 16: Other information				
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 17/05/2024			
Date of previous issue	: 23/10/2023			
Version	: 3 TEKNOLAC COMBI 1282			

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 17/05FEKNOLAC COMBI 1282 - All variants

: 17/05/2024 Date of previous issue