# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



**TEKNOFLOOR - All variants** 

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier Product name

 $\overline{}$ 

: FEKNOFLOOR - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

# 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

# responsible for this SDS National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

# National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

# Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Fram. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



| Signal word              | arning  |                               |
|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Hazard statements        | 26 - Flammable liquid and vapour.   |                               |
|                          | 36 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |                               |
| Precautionary statements |   |                               |
| Prevention               | 10 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, ope<br>urces. No smoking.<br>61 - Avoid breathing vapour. | n flames and other ignition   |
| Response                 | 04 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER o  | or doctor if you feel unwell. |
| Storage                  | 03 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep co   | ntainer tightly closed.       |
| Disposal                 | 01 - Dispose of contents and container in accordanctional and international regulations.                  | e with all local, regional,   |
| Hazardous ingredients    | ntains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy   |                               |



# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

| Supplemental label elements   | : Contains neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt and Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine. May produce an allergic reaction. |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
|   | Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.                               |  |  |
| Annex XVII - Restrictions<br>on the manufacture,<br>placing on the market and<br>use of certain dangerous<br>substances, mixtures and<br>articles | :  |  |  |
| 2.3 Other hazards   |  |  |  |
| Product meets the criteria<br>for PBT or vPvB according<br>to Regulation (EC) No.<br>1907/2006, Annex XIII  | : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.  |  |  |
| Other hazards which do not result in classification   | : None known.  |  |  |

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

| 3.2 Mixtures                                      | : Mixture   |                  |  |   |         |
|---|---|------------------|--|---|---------|
| Product/ingredient name                           | Identifiers   | %                | Classification   | Specific Conc.<br>Limits, M-factors<br>and ATEs                             | Туре    |
| Maphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy        | REACH #:<br>01-2119463258-33<br>EC: 265-150-3<br>CAS: 64742-48-9<br>Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≥25 - <50        | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>STOT SE 3, H336<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>EUH066   | EUH066: C ≥ 50%   | [1]     |
| titanium dioxide                                  | REACH #:<br>01-2119489379-17<br>EC: 236-675-5<br>CAS: 13463-67-7                        | ≥10 - ≤25        | Carc. 2, H351<br>(inhalation)  | -   | [1] [*] |
| Xylene  | REACH #:<br>01-2119488216-32<br>EC: 215-535-7<br>CAS: 1330-20-7<br>Index: 601-022-00-9  | ≤5               | Flam. Liq. 3, H226<br>Acute Tox. 4, H312<br>Acute Tox. 4, H332<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Irrit. 2, H319<br>STOT SE 3, H335<br>STOT RE 2, H373<br>(oral, inhalation)<br>Asp. Tox. 1, H304 | ATE [Dermal] =<br>1100 mg/kg<br>ATE [Inhalation<br>(vapours)] = 11 mg/<br>I | [1] [2] |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy        | REACH #:<br>01-2119457273-39<br>EC: 265-150-3<br>CAS: 64742-48-9<br>Index: 649-327-00-6 | ≤3               | Asp. Tox. 1, H304<br>EUH066  | EUH066: C ≥ 50%   | [1]     |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt<br>salt                  | REACH #:<br>01-2119970733-31<br>EC: 248-373-0<br>CAS: 27253-31-2                        | ≤0.3             | Acute Tox. 4, H302<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>Aquatic Chronic 3,<br>H412  | ATE [Oral] = 500<br>mg/kg   | [1]     |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds.<br>with oleylamine | REACH #:<br>01-2119974148-28<br>EC: 288-315-1<br>CAS: 85711-55-3                        | <0.1             | Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1A, H317<br>STOT RE 2, H373   | -   | [1]     |
| Date of issue/Date of revision                    | : 05/06/2024 Date   | e of previous is | sue : 09/10/2023   | Version :11   | 2/27    |
| FEKNOFLOOR - All variants                         |   |                  |  | Label No :8319  | 90      |

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

| 4.1 Description of first aid n | neasures  |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Eye contact                    | : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.  |
| Inhalation                     | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.<br>If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate<br>mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular<br>or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained<br>personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth<br>resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.<br>If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.<br>Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or<br>waistband. |
| Skin contact                   | <ul> <li>Fush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and<br/>shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse.<br/>Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.</li> </ul>  |
| Ingestion                      | : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been<br>swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to<br>drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not<br>induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs,<br>the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical<br>attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by<br>mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get<br>medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such<br>as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.   |
| Protection of first-aiders     | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.  |

# 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

 Over-exposure signs/symptoms

 Eye contact
 : No specific data.

 Inhalation
 : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

 Skin contact
 : Mo specific data.

 Ingestion
 : No specific data.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 05/06/2024 Date of previous issue

:09/10/2023

| SECTION 4: First aid                              | SECTION 4: First aid measures   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Notes to physician                                | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large<br>quantities have been ingested or inhaled.  |  |  |
| Specific treatments                               | : No specific treatment.  |  |  |
| <b>SECTION 5: Firefigh</b>                        | iting measures  |  |  |
| 5.1 Extinguishing media                           |   |  |  |
| Suitable extinguishing media                      | : Use dry chemical, $CO_2$ , water spray (fog) or foam.   |  |  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media                    | : Do not use water jet.   |  |  |
| 5.2 Special hazards arising                       | from the substance or mixture   |  |  |
| Hazards from the substance or mixture             | <ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard<br/>In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, wit<br/>the risk of a subsequent explosion.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| Hazardous combustion products                     | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>metal oxide/oxides  |  |  |
| 5.3 Advice for firefighters                       |   |  |  |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters      | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident i there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.                                       |  |  |
| Special protective<br>equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents. |  |  |

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

| 6.1 Personal precautions, pro  | ote | ctive equipment and emergency procedures   |
|--------------------------------|-----|--|
| For non-emergency<br>personnel | :   | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.<br>Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from<br>entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources.<br>No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist.<br>Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| For emergency responders       | :   | If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| 6.2 Environmental precautions  | :   | Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains<br>and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental<br>pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |
| 6.3 Methods and material for   | со  | ntainment and cleaning up  |
| Small spill                    | :   | Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.  |

: 05/06/2024 Date of previous issue

contractor.

Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

| Large spill                     | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. |
|---------------------------------|--|
| 6.4 Reference to other sections | : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.<br>See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.<br>See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.  |

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

| Protective measures                    | : Fut on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest.<br>Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use<br>only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is<br>inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately<br>ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a<br>compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from<br>heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical<br>(ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.<br>Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers<br>retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.<br>Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials<br>should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal. |
|--|---|
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.   |

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

### Danger criteria

|     | Notification and MAPP threshold | Safety report threshold |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P5c | 5000 tonne                      | 50000 tonne             |

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

- : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions
- : Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

# 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

| Product/ingredient name       | Exposure limit values  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Xylene                        | Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes<br>(all isomers)]<br>PEAK: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br><b>Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values</b><br><b>(Austria, 4/2021). [Cobalt and its compounds] Absorbed</b><br><b>through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.</b><br>TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable<br>fraction<br>PEAK: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co), 4 times per shift, 15 |
| Xylene                        | minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through  |
|                               | <b>skin.</b><br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
| <b>X</b> ylene                | Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of<br>Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene<br>(mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin.<br>Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.                      |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of<br>Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Cobalt and<br>inorganic compounds (as cobalt)]<br>Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as cobalt) 8 hours.  |
| Yylene                        | Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/<br>STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed<br>through skin.<br>STELV: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>ELV: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/<br>STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [cobalt and compounds] Skin<br>sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.<br>ELV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.   |
| Yylene                        | Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene,<br>mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Yylene                        | Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech<br>Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and<br>all isomers] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes.<br>Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech   |

| SECTION 8: Exposure controls/               | personal protection  |
|---|--|
|   | Republic, 10/2022). [Cobalt and its compounds] Skin  |
|   | <b>sensitiser.</b><br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours. Form: aerosol, inhalable<br>fraction.  |
|   | STEL: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 15 minutes. Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction.  |
| <b>X</b> ylene                              | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.   |
|   | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 109 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Inorganic<br>compounds of cobalt] Carcinogen.<br>TWA: 0.01 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.   |
| ₩ylene                                      | Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,<br>12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 450 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia,<br>12/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.   |
| ₩ylene                                      | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]<br>Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational<br>exposure limit values<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                                 |
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs<br>(Finland, 10/2020).  |
| Xylene                                      | TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs<br>(Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.<br>STEL: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                     |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020).   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs<br>(Finland, 10/2021). [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds]<br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.   |
| Kylene                                      | Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers,<br>pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit<br>values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.   |
| Xylene                                      | PEAK: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.<br><b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through</b><br><b>skin.</b><br>TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>PEAK: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/06/2024 | Date of previous issue         : 09/10/2023         Version         : 11         7/27  |

Γ

|   | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
|---|---|
|   | PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|   | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)]<br>Absorbed through skin. |
|   | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
|   | PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.   |
|   | TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Nonhtha (natroloum), hydratraatad haavy | PEAK: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.                            |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.                          |
|   | TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|   | PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.   |
|   | PEAK: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.                            |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Cobalt and cobalt                               |
| ,                                       | compounds (inhalable fraction)] Absorbed through skin. Skir                             |
|   | sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.  |
| Kylene                                  | Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit                               |
| (yiene                                  | values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed                               |
|   | through skin.   |
|   | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |
|   | TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|   | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|   | STEL: 650 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| eodecanoic acid, cobalt salt            | Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit                               |
|   | values (Greece, 9/2021). [Compounds of cobalt]  |
|   | TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.  |
| ylene                                   | 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture                        |
|   | of isomers] Absorbed through skin.  |
|   | TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|   | PEAK: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
|   | PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|   | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Cobalt and its                         |
|   | inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.                            |
|   | TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.   |
| ylene                                   | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).                         |
|   | [xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.  |
|   | STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
|   | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|   | TWA: 109 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|   | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).                         |
|   | [cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser.                                   |
|   | TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes                     |
| Kylene                                  | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed                                |
|   | through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Lim                               |
|   | Values  |
|   | OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                   |
|   | OELV-011.221 filg/iff o hours.<br>OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.                       |
|   | OELV-15min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [Cobalt and cobalt compounds as C                              |
| .,                                      | Sensitization potential. Notes: Advisory Occupational                                   |
|   | Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)   |
|   | OELV-8hr: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.  |
| Kylene                                  | Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from                              |
| , -                                     | chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).                              |
|   | [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.                                   |
|   | 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
|   | 8 hours: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|   | Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   |
|   | Short Term: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
|   |   |

**F**EKNOFLOOR - All variants

| <b>X</b> ylene                          | Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).<br>[Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
|---|--|
| ₩ylene                                  | Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).<br>[xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).<br>[Cobalt and its inorganic compounds] Skin sensitiser.<br>Inhalation sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.   |
| ▼ylene                                  | Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I<br>(Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure]<br>Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| ₩ylene                                  | EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]<br>Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational<br>exposure limit values<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| ¥ylene                                  | Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values<br>(Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed<br>through skin.<br>OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.  |
| ₩ylene                                  | FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers]<br>Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value<br>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 108 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Inorganic cobalt compounds (except Co(II))] Skin sensitiser. Reproductive toxin.<br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours.  |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy<br>of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible<br>concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the<br>work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,<br>2/2021). [benzin to varnish]<br>TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.        |
| Xylene                                  | Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy<br>of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible<br>concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the<br>work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,<br>2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed<br>through skin.<br>TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | STEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy<br>of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible   |

ite of revision FEKNOFLOOR - All variants

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

|   | concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the<br>work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,<br>2/2021). [benzin to varnish]<br>TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
|---|---|
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | STEL: 900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br><b>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy</b><br><b>of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible</b><br><b>concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the</b><br><b>work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,</b><br><b>2/2021). [cobalt and its inorganic compounds]</b><br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. |
| ₩ylene                                      | Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [cobalt and inorganic compounds]<br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (expressed as Co) 8 hours.   |
| ₩ylene                                      | HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and<br>additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.<br>VLA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>Short term: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.   |
| ₩ylene                                      | Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).<br>[xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).<br>[Cobalt and its compounds] Skin sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co) 8 hours.   |
| ₩ylene                                      | Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to<br>exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021).<br>[xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>KTV: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.<br>KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  |
| ₩ylene                                      | National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,<br>4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,<br>4/2022). [Inorganic compounds of cobalt, except those<br>expressly stated] Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.  |
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy     | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,<br>9/2020).<br>NGV: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>NGV: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>KTV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>KTV: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
| Xylene                                      | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,<br>9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt               | Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision : 05/06/2024 | Date of previous issue : 09/10/2023 Version : 11 10/27  |

| SECTION 8: Exposure controls            | /personal protection   |
|---|--|
|   | <b>9/2021).</b> [cobalt and inorganic compounds inhalable fraction, (as Co)] Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction  |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).<br>STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Xylene                                  | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed   |
|   | through skin.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.  |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | STEL: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br><b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b><br>STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.   |
|   | STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Cobalt and its compounds]<br>Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (calculated as Co) 8 hours. Form: inhalable<br>dust and aerosol   |
| Vylene                                  | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,  |
| Ethylbenzene                            | <ul> <li>p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.</li> <li>STEL: 441 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWA: 220 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</li> </ul> |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt           | STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [cobalt and  |
|   | cobalt compounds as Co] Inhalation sensitiser.<br>TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.  |
| 1-Methoxy 2-propanol                    | EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed<br>through skin.<br>STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.   |
| Dipropyleneglycolmethylether            | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed<br>through skin.   |
| 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene                  | TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).<br>[trimethylbenzenes, all isomers or mixtures]   |
| Butanone                                | TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.<br>TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed<br>through skin.<br>STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  |
|   | STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  |

**Biological exposure indices** 

| Product/ingredient name       | Exposure indices  |
|-------------------------------|---|
| ₩ylene                        | VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes]<br>BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year.<br>BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time:<br>one year.  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | <b>VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds]</b><br>BEI Fitness: 10 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| ¥ylene                        | <ul> <li>Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene]</li> <li>BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> <li>BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> <li>BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].</li> <li>Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> <li>BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</li> </ul> |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| <b>X</b> ylene                | Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of<br>Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene]<br>Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric<br>acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.<br>Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid<br>[in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.  |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| Xylene                        | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs<br>(Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]<br>BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the<br>end of the work shift.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs<br>(Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds]<br>BEI: 130 nmol/I, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of<br>each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| ₩ylene                        | <ul> <li>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)]</li> <li>Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).</li> <li>BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.</li> <li>TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers) BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.</li> </ul>  |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).<br>BGV: 35 $\mu$ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.<br>BEI: 1.5 $\mu$ g/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |

FEKNOFLOOR - All variants

| Xylene                        | <b>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene]</b><br>BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].<br>Sampling time: at the end of the shift.<br>BEI: 860 μmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].<br>Sampling time: at the end of the shift.  |
|-------------------------------|---|
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| <b>X</b> ylene                | NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]<br>BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine].<br>Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure<br>ceases.   |
| No exposure indices known.    |   |
| Kylene                        | <b>Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]</b><br>BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine].<br>Sampling time: end of shift.  |
| Vlene                         | HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene]<br>OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end c shift.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Cobalt compounds]<br>OBLV: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the week.<br>OBLV: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.  |
| Vilene                        | Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)<br>[xylene, all isomers]<br>BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic<br>acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work sh<br>BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [<br>urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.<br>BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]<br>Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.<br>BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of<br>exposure or work shift.<br>BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine].<br>Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.<br>BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of<br>exposure or work shift. |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt | Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)<br>[cobalt and its compounds]<br>BLV: 38.45 nmol/mmol creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling tim<br>no limitation.<br>BLV: 20.03 μg/g creatinine, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no<br>limitation.<br>BLV: 509.8 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.<br>BLV: 30 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.   |
| Yylene                        | Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to<br>exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)<br>[xylene (all isomers)]<br>BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling<br>time: at the end of the work shift.  |

FEKNOFLOOR - All variants

| Ylene  | National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,<br>4/2022) [Xylenes]<br>VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling<br>time: end of shift.   |
|--|--|
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt  | National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,<br>4/2022) [cobalt and inorganic compouns of cobalt, except<br>oxides]<br>VLB: 1 μg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of workweek.<br>VLB: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.   |
| No exposure indices known.   |  |
| <b>X</b> ylene   | <b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers]</b><br>BEI: 2 g/I, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time:<br>immediately after exposure or after working hours.   |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt  | <b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Cobalt and its compounds]</b><br>BEI: 30 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after<br>exposure or after working hours.<br>BEI: 509 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after<br>exposure or after working hours.  |
| <b>X</b> ylene   | EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-,<br>m-, p- or mixed isomers]<br>BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine].<br>Sampling time: post shift.   |
| Butanone   | <b>EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018)</b><br>BGV: 70 μmol/l, butan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.   |
| procedures Europe<br>assess<br>values<br>atmos<br>of exp<br>(Work<br>for the | ence should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:<br>ean Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the<br>sment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit<br>and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace<br>pheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment<br>osure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482<br>place atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure<br>measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance<br>ments for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be |

# **DNELs/DMELs**

| Product/ingredient name           | Туре | Exposure         | Value                  | Population | Effects                               |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------|------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated | DNEL | Long term        | 0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Systemic                              |
| heavy                             |      | Inhalation       | U U                    | population | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| ,                                 | DNEL | Long term        | 1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Systemic                              |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | Ū                      |            |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term        | 178.57 mg/             | General    | Local                                 |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | m³                     | population |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term Oral   | 300 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic                              |
|                                   |      | -                | bw/day                 | population |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic                              |
|                                   |      |                  | bw/day                 | population |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg              | Workers    | Systemic                              |
|                                   |      |                  | bw/day                 |            |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 640 mg/m³              | General    | Local                                 |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       |                        | population |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Long term        | 837.5 mg/              | Workers    | Local                                 |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | m³                     |            |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 1066.67                | Workers    | Local                                 |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | mg/m³                  |            |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 1152 mg/               | General    | Systemic                              |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | m <sup>3</sup>         | population |                                       |
|                                   | DNEL | Short term       | 1286.4 mg/             | Workers    | Systemic                              |
|                                   |      | Inhalation       | m³                     |            |                                       |
| Xylene                            | DNEL | Long term        | 65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Local                                 |

required.

FEKNOFLOOR - All variants

Label No :8/3190

| ECTION 8: Exposure con              | trols/p | personal prote   | ction                  |            |           |
|-------------------------------------|---------|------------------|------------------------|------------|-----------|
|                                     |         | Inhalation       |                        | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Short term       | 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General    | Local     |
|                                     | DITLE   | Inhalation       | 200 mg/m               | population | Loodi     |
|                                     |         |                  | 260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |            | Svotomio  |
|                                     | DNEL    | Short term       | 260 mg/m <sup>2</sup>  | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       |                        | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Local     |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       |                        |            |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term Oral   | 12.5 mg/               | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | 3                | kg bw/day              | population | ,         |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     | DIVLL   | Inhalation       | oo.o mg/m              | population | Cysternio |
|                                     | DNEL    |                  | 125 mg/kg              | General    | Svotomio  |
|                                     | DINEL   | Long term Dermal | 125 mg/kg              |            | Systemic  |
|                                     |         |                  | bw/day                 | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term Dermal | 212 mg/kg              | Workers    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         |                  | bw/day                 |            |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | Ŭ                      |            | -         |
|                                     | DNEL    | Short term       | 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Local     |
|                                     | DITLE   | Inhalation       | 112 mg/m               | Wontoro    | Loodi     |
|                                     | DNEL    |                  | $112 ma/m^{3}$         | Workers    | Svetomia  |
|                                     | DINEL   | Short term       | 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | VVUIKEIS   | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       |                        | <b>.</b> . |           |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated   | DNEL    | Long term        | 0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | General    | Systemic  |
| heavy                               |         | Inhalation       |                        | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | Workers    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | Ŭ                      |            | ,         |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 178.57 mg/             | General    | Local     |
|                                     | 5.122   | Inhalation       | m <sup>3</sup>         | population | 2000      |
|                                     | DNEL    |                  | 300 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     | DINEL   | Long term Oral   |                        |            | Systemic  |
|                                     | DNE     |                  | bw/day                 | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg              | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         |                  | bw/day                 | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term Dermal | 300 mg/kg              | Workers    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         |                  | bw/day                 |            |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Short term       | 640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  | General    | Local     |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | 5                      | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 837.5 mg/              | Workers    | Local     |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | m <sup>3</sup>         |            |           |
|                                     | DNEL    |                  | 1066.67                | Workers    |           |
|                                     | DINEL   | Short term       |                        | Workers    | Local     |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | mg/m <sup>3</sup>      |            |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Short term       | 1152 mg/               | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | m³                     | population |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Short term       | 1286.4 mg/             | Workers    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | m³                     |            |           |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt       | DNEL    | Long term Oral   | 32 µg/kg               | General    | Systemic  |
| ,                                   |         | 5                | bw/day                 | population | ,         |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 43 µg/m <sup>3</sup>   | General    | Local     |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       |                        | population | LUUGI     |
|                                     |         |                  | 272 2                  |            |           |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term        | 273.2 µg/              | Workers    | Local     |
|                                     |         | Inhalation       | m <sup>3</sup>         | <b>.</b> . |           |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with | DNEL    | Long term Oral   | 0.012 mg/              | General    | Systemic  |
| oleylamine                          |         |                  | kg bw/day              | population |           |
| -                                   | DNEL    | Long term Dermal | 0.012 mg/              | General    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         |                  | kg bw/day              | population | ,         |
|                                     | DNEL    | Long term Dermal | 0.024 mg/              | Workers    | Systemic  |
|                                     |         |                  |                        | WOINERS    | Systemic  |
|                                     | 1       | 1                | kg bw/day              |            |           |

# **PNECs**

No PNECs available

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.  |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Individual protection measu      | <u>res</u>  |
| Hygiene measures                 | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products,<br>before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.<br>Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing.<br>Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and<br>safety showers are close to the workstation location.   |
| Eye/face protection              | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.   |
| Skin protection                  |   |
| Hand protection                  | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should<br>be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates<br>this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer,<br>check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It<br>should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be<br>different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of<br>several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately<br>estimated. |
|                                  | Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.   |
|                                  | < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm  |
|                                  | 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or<br>4H / Silver Shield® gloves.   |
|                                  | > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves   |
|                                  | Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.  |
| Body protection                  | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task<br>being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist<br>before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity,<br>wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static<br>discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to<br>European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design<br>requirements and test methods.  |
| Other skin protection            | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.   |
| Respiratory protection           | <ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> <li>Filter type: A</li> </ul>  |
| Enderson Alt                     | Filter type (spray application): A P  |
| Environmental exposure controls  | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to<br>ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.<br>In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process<br>equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.   |

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| Appearance                     |              |                        |              |                |       |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------|-------|
| Physical state                 | : Liquid.    |                        |              |                |       |
| Colour                         | : Various    |                        |              |                |       |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 05/06/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 09/10/2023 | Version :11    | 16/27 |
| FEKNOFLOOR - All variants      |              |                        |              | Label No :8319 | 90    |

| SECTION 9: Physical and c                    | hemical prop             | erties       |        |
|--|--------------------------|--------------|--------|
| Odour : Si                                   | light                    |              |        |
| Odour threshold : No                         | ot available.            |              |        |
| Melting point/freezing point : N             | ot available.            |              |        |
| Initial boiling point and :<br>boiling range |                          |              |        |
| Ingredient name                              | °C                       | °F           | Method |
|  | 136.16                   | 277.1        |        |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy      | 155 to 217               | 311 to 422.6 |        |
| Flammability : N                             | ot available.            |              | -      |
| ••• •  | 5wer: 0.8%<br>pper: 7.6% |              |        |
| Flash point : 🗭                              | losed cup: 38°C (10      | 0.4°F)       |        |
| Auto-ignition temperature :                  |                          |              |        |
| Ingredient name                              | °C                       | °F           | Method |
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy      | 280 to 470               | 536 to 878   |        |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy      | 280 to 470               | 536 to 878   |        |
| Decomposition temperature : N                | ot available.            |              |        |
| pH : 🕅                                       | ot applicable.           |              |        |
| Viscosity : K                                | ínematic (40°C): >20     | ).5 mm²/s    |        |
| Solubility(ies) :                            |                          |              |        |
| Not available.                               |                          |              |        |
| Solubility in water : N                      | ot available.            |              |        |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : N        | ot applicable.           |              |        |
| water  |                          |              |        |

|  | Va                    | Vapour Pressure at 20°C |        |       | Vapour pressure at 50°C |        |  |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------|-------|-------------------------|--------|--|
| Ingredient name                            | mm Hg                 | kPa                     | Method | mm Hg | kPa                     | Method |  |
| <b>X</b> iene                              | 6.7                   | 0.89                    |        |       |                         |        |  |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy | 0.75006 to<br>2.25018 | 0.1 to 0.3              |        |       |                         |        |  |
| elative density                            | : Not                 | available.              |        |       |                         |        |  |
| ensity                                     | : 1.2                 | g/cm³                   |        |       |                         |        |  |
| apour density                              | : Not available.      |                         |        |       |                         |        |  |
| xplosive properties                        | : Not available.      |                         |        |       |                         |        |  |
| xidising properties                        | : Not                 | available.              |        |       |                         |        |  |
| article characteristics                    |                       |                         |        |       |                         |        |  |
| Median particle size                       | : Not                 | applicable.             |        |       |                         |        |  |
|  |                       |                         |        |       |                         |        |  |

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

| 10.1 Reactivity   | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.  |
|---|---|
| 10.2 Chemical stability                                     | : The product is stable.  |
| 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions                     | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.   |
| 10.4 Conditions to avoid                                    | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision<br>▼EKNOFLOOR - All variants | : 05/06/2024 Date of previous issue : 09/10/2023 Version : 11 17/27<br>Label No : 83190   |

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

rials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials

# 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name                    | Result                 | Species | Dose                   | Exposure |
|--|------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| 5  | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | >6 g/kg                | -        |
| Xylene                                     | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 21.7 mg/l              | 4 hours  |
|  | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg             | -        |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapour | Rat     | 8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
| ,<br>,                                     | LD50 Oral              | Rat     | >6 g/kg                | -        |

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value                     |  |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
|       | 34367.55 mg/kg<br>343.68 mg/l |  |

### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                     | Species               | Score       | Exposure      | Observation |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|
| titanium dioxide        | Skin - Mild irritant       | Human                 | -           | 72 hours 300  | -           |
|                         |                            |                       |             | ug l          |             |
| Xylene                  | Eyes - Mild irritant       | Rabbit                | -           | 87 mg         | -           |
| -                       | Eyes - Severe irritant     | Rabbit                | -           | 24 hours 5    | -           |
|                         |                            |                       |             | mg            |             |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant       | Rat                   | -           | 8 hours 60 uL | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant   | Rabbit                | -           | 100 %         | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant   | Rabbit                | -           | 24 hours 500  | -           |
|                         |                            |                       |             | mg            |             |
| Conclusion/Summary      | : Based on available data, | the classification of | riteria are | e not met.    |             |
| Sensitisation           |                            |                       |             |               |             |

| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | 1 | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Mutagenicity              |   |   |

| Conclusion/Summary | : | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
|--------------------|---|---|
| Carcinogenicity    |   |   |

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Reproductive toxicity     |   |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |
| Teratogenicity            |   |
| <b>Conclusion/Summary</b> | : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. |

# Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Product/ingredient name<br>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy<br>Xylene |              | Categor                  | ry Route of exposure |   |  |
|--|--------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|--|
|  |              | Category 3<br>Category 3 | -                    | Narcotic effects<br>Respiratory tract<br>irritation |  |
| Date of issue/Date of revision<br>/EKNOFLOOR - All variants                  | : 05/06/2024 | Date of previous issue   | :09/10/2023          | Version : 11 18/27                                  |  |

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Product/ingredient name                        | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|--|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| <b>⋉</b> ylene                                 | Category 2 | oral, inhalation  | -             |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt                  | Category 1 | -                 | -             |
| Fatty acids, tall-oil, compds. with oleylamine | Category 2 | -                 | -             |

**Aspiration hazard** 

| Product/ingredient name                 | Result                         |
|---|--------------------------------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene                                  | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Information on likely routes   | 1 | Not available. |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------|
| of exposure                    |   |                |
| Potential acute health effects |   |                |

| Eye contact  | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                     |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. |
| Skin contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards.                                     |
| Ingestion    | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.                                    |

# Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

| Eye contact  | : No specific data.   |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation   | : Adverse symptoms may include the following:<br>nausea or vomiting<br>headache<br>drowsiness/fatigue<br>dizziness/vertigo<br>unconsciousness |
| Skin contact | : No specific data.   |
| Ingestion    | : No specific data.   |

| Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Short term exposure  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects   | Not available.                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Potential delayed effects  | Not available.                                    |  |  |  |  |
| <u>Long term exposure</u>  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Potential immediate<br>effects   | Not available.                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Potential delayed effects  | Not available.                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Potential chronic health effe  | ž   |  |  |  |  |
| Not available.   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Conclusion/Summary   | Not available.                                    |  |  |  |  |
| General  | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |  |  |  |  |
| Carcinogenicity  | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |  |  |  |  |
| Mutagenicity   | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |  |  |  |  |
| Reproductive toxicity  | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |  |  |  |  |

# **11.2 Information on other hazards 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties** Not available.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# **12.1 Toxicity**

| Product/ingredient name | Result                                   | Species                                       | Exposure |
|-------------------------|--|---|----------|
| iitanium dioxide        | Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water            | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia<br>dubia - Neonate | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water          | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> -<br>Neonate   | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine<br>water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus                  | 96 hours |

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

# **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

| Product/ingredient name                    | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|--|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy    | -                  | 10 to 2500  | High      |
| Xylene                                     | 3.12               | 8.1 to 25.9 | Low       |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy | -                  | 10 to 2500  | High      |
| neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt              | -                  | 15600       | High      |

| 12.4 Mobility in soil                     |                  |
|---|------------------|
| Soil/water partition<br>coefficient (Koc) | : Not available. |
| Mobility                                  | : Not available. |

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

| 13.1 Waste treatment methods        |  |   |  |  |   |   |
|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|
| Product                             |  |   |  |  |   |   |
| Methods of disposal :               | Disposal of t<br>with the requ<br>any regional<br>products via<br>untreated to<br>with jurisdict<br>Risk of self-i | his product, solutions<br>lirements of environm<br>local authority require<br>a licensed waste disp<br>the sewer unless fully<br>ion.<br>gnition of used cleani | e avoided or minimised whe<br>and any by-products should<br>nental protection and waste<br>ements. Dispose of surplus<br>loosal contractor. Waste sho<br>y compliant with the requirer<br>ng rags, paper wipes etc. Co<br>aced in a closed metal conta | d at all time<br>disposal le<br>and non-re<br>ould not be<br>nents of al<br>ontaminate | es com<br>gislati<br>ecycla<br>dispo<br>l autho<br>ed mat | on and<br>ble<br>sed of<br>orities<br>terials |
| European waste :<br>catalogue (EWC) | 080111*, 20  | 0127*   |  |  |   |   |
| Date of issue/Date of revision      | : 05/06/2024   | Date of previous issue  | : 09/10/2023   | Version  | :11   | 20/27   |

FÉKNOFLOOR - All variants

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Packaging

| Methods of disposal | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.  |
|---------------------|---|
| Special precautions | : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. |

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

|                                    | ADR/RID | ADN    | IMDG   | IATA   |
|------------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| 14.1 UN number<br>or ID number     | UN1263  | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name       | PAINT   | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  |
| 14.3 Transport<br>hazard class(es) | 3       | 3      | 3      | 3      |
| 14.4 Packing<br>group              | 111     | 111    |        |        |
| 14.5<br>Environmental<br>hazards   | No.     | No.    | No.    | No.    |

# **Additional information**

| ADR/RID  | : | <u>Viscous liquid exception</u> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.<br><u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)  |
|--|---|---|
| ADN  | : | <b><u>Viscous liquid exception</u></b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.   |
| IMDG   | : | <b><u>Viscous liquid exception</u></b> This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.   |
| 14.6 Special precautions for user                                  | : | <b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage. |
| 14.7 Maritime transport in<br>bulk according to IMO<br>instruments | : | Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.   |

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

| 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regula | tions/legislation specific for the substance or mixture |
|--|---|
| EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)     |   |

# Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

# Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

# Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

: 05/06/2024 Date of previous issue

:09/10/2023

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

| Product/ingredient name | %   | Designation [Usage] |
|-------------------------|-----|---------------------|
| TEKNOFLOOR              | ≥90 | 3                   |

| Labelling   | :                          |
|---|----------------------------|
| Other EU regulations  |                            |
| Industrial emissions<br>(integrated pollution<br>prevention and control) -<br>Air   | : Not listed               |
| Industrial emissions<br>(integrated pollution<br>prevention and control) -<br>Water | : Not listed               |
| Explosive precursors  | : Not applicable.          |
| Ozone depleting substar<br>Not listed.  | <u>nces (1005/2009/EU)</u> |
| Prior Informed Consent (  | (PIC) (649/2012/EU)        |

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### **Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

| Danger criteria |
|-----------------|
| Category        |
| P5c             |
|                 |

### **National regulations**

| <u>Austria</u>                            |  |
|---|--|
| VbF class                                 | : A II<br>Very dangerous flammable liquid. |
| Limitation of the use of organic solvents | : Permitted.                               |
| Czech Republic                            |  |
| Storage code                              | : 11                                       |
| <u>Denmark</u>                            |  |
| Danish fire class                         | : II-1                                     |
|   |  |

# Executive Order No. 1795/2015 Ingredient name Annex I Section A Iffanium dioxide Listed

| Ethylbenzene<br>neodecanoic acid, cobalt sa | lt |  |                                 | Listed<br>Listed  |                                     | -                                      |                 |       |
|---|----|--|---------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|-----------------|-------|
| MAL-code                                    | :  | <b>3-</b> 6  |                                 |   |                                     |  |                 |       |
| Protection based on MAL                     | :  | According to the regulations stipulations apply to the use   |                                 |   |                                     |  | ne foll         | owing |
|   |    | <b>General:</b> Gloves must be wor<br>coveralls/protective clothing m<br>clothes do not adequately prot<br>shield must be worn in work in<br>case, other recommended use | ust be w<br>ect skin<br>volving | vorn when soilin<br>against contact<br>spattering if a fu | g is so g<br>with the<br>Ill mask i | reat that i<br>product.<br>is not requ | regula<br>A fac | е     |
|   |    | In all spraying operations in w  | nich ther                       | re is return spray  | y, the foll                         | lowing mu                              | ust be          | worn: |
| te of issue/Date of revision                |    | : 05/06/2024 Date of previous is   | sue                             | : 09/10/2023  |                                     | Version                                | :11             | 22/27 |

**Annex I Section B** 

-

respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

### MAL-code: 3-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new\* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin. - Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new\* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

**Restrictions on use** 

substances

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable : Not listed

**Carcinogenic waste** 

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

**Finland** France

| Social Security Code,<br>Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 | Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy<br>Xylene<br>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy | RG 84<br>RG 4bis, RG 84<br>RG 84    |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
|  | neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt  | RG 70                               |
| Reinforced medical                                   | Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of a   | activities which require reinforced |

# surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

# <u>Germany</u>

### **TRGS 905**

| Ingredient name  | Carcinogen | •   | toxicity - Fertility | Reproductive<br>toxicity -<br>Development |
|------------------|------------|-----|----------------------|---|
| Cobalt compounds | K2         | M1A | RF1A                 | RD1A                                      |

# Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3

# Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

# Danger criteria

| Category                   | Reference number |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| P5c                        | 1.2.5.3          |
| Hazard class for water : 🗹 | i                |

| Technical instruction on | : 🔽 A-Luft Number 5.2.5: 32.3%            |
|--------------------------|---|
| air quality control      | TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.7%      |
|                          | TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 0.3% |
|                          | TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 0.2%  |

### **Italy**

D.Lgs. 152/06

### **Netherlands**

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

| Ingredient name                                    | Carcinogen | Mutagen | Reproductive<br>toxicity -<br>Fertility | Reproductive<br>toxicity -<br>Development | Harmful via<br>breastfeeding |
|--|------------|---------|---|---|------------------------------|
| Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy            | Listed     | Listed  | -                                       | -   | -                            |
| xylene   | -          | -       | -                                       | Development 2                             | -                            |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrotreated heavy         | Listed     | Listed  | -                                       | -   | -                            |
| Naphtha (petroleum),<br>hydrodesulfurized<br>heavy | Listed     | Listed  | -                                       | -   | -                            |
| ethanol  | Listed     | -       | Fertility 1A                            | Development 1A                            | Listed                       |
| Solvent naphtha<br>(petroleum), light<br>arom.     | Listed     | Listed  | -                                       | -   | -                            |

Water Discharge Policy (ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

| <u>Norway</u>   |                     |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------|--|--|--|
| <u>Sweden</u>   |                     |  |  |  |
| Flammable liquid class<br>(SRVFS 2005:10)                       | : 2b                |  |  |  |
| Switzerland   |                     |  |  |  |
| VOC content   | : 🔽 OC (w/w): 32.2% |  |  |  |
| International regulations                                       |                     |  |  |  |
| Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals |                     |  |  |  |

<sup>:</sup> Not determined.

Not listed.

# **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

## Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

# Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

# **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

| 15.2 Chemical safety | 1 | This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still |
|----------------------|---|--|
| assessment           |   | required.  |

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

| Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version. |   |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Abbreviations and  | : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate                         |  |  |  |
| acronyms   | CLP = Classification Labelling and Packaging Regulation |  |  |  |

| acronyms | CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. |
|----------|---|
|          | 1272/2008]  |
|          | DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level   |
|          | DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  |
|          | EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement                                 |
|          | N/A = Not available   |
|          | PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic                                   |
|          | PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration                                      |
|          | RRN = REACH Registration Number   |
|          | SGG = Segregation Group   |
|          | vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative                               |

# Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

| Classification  | Justification         |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
|                 | On basis of test data |
| STOT SE 3, H336 | Calculation method    |

# Full text of abbreviated H statements

| <b>⊮</b> 226 | Flammable liquid and vapour.                                       |
|--------------|--|
| H302         | Harmful if swallowed.  |
| H304         | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.                      |
| H312         | Harmful in contact with skin.                                      |
| H315         | Causes skin irritation.  |
| H317         | May cause an allergic skin reaction.                               |
| H318         | Causes serious eye damage.   |
| H319         | Causes serious eye irritation.                                     |
| H332         | Harmful if inhaled.  |
| H335         | May cause respiratory irritation.                                  |
| H336         | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.                                 |
| H351         | Suspected of causing cancer.                                       |
| H372         | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.    |
| H373         | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
| H412         | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.                 |
| EUH066       | Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.              |

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

| Cute Tox. 4            | ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4                                     |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Aquatic Chronic 3      | LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3                 |  |
| Asp. Tox. 1            | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1                                  |  |
| Carc. 2                | CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2                                    |  |
| Eye Dam. 1             | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1                  |  |
| Eye Irrit. 2           | SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2                  |  |
| Flam. Liq. 3           | FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3                                  |  |
| Skin Irrit. 2          | SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2                          |  |
| Skin Sens. 1           | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1                                 |  |
| Skin Sens. 1A          | SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A                                |  |
| STOT RE 1              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 |  |
| STOT RE 2              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 |  |
| STOT SE 3              | SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3   |  |
| Date of issue/ Date of | : 05/06/2024  |  |
| revision               |   |  |
| Date of previous issue | : 09/10/2023  |  |
| Version                | : 11  |  |
|                        |   |  |

# Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 05/06/2024 Date of previous issue