Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by UK REACH Regulation SI 2019/758

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



TEKNODUR COMBI 770-500 - All variants

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNODUR COMBI 770-500 - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

### responsible for this SDS

#### National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

#### **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

**Classification according to UK CLP/GHS** 

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

:				¥2
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Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H315 - Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> <li>P273 - Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P260 - Do not breathe vapour.</li> </ul>
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### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Response	:	P391 - Collect spillage.
Storage	:	Not applicable.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	1	Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

Other hazards which do : not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

.2 Mixtures	: Mixture	1		
Product/ingredient nam	e Identifiers	%	Classification	Туре
Kylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
itanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≥10 - ≤25	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	REACH #: 01-2119485044-40 EC: 231-944-3 CAS: 7779-90-0 Index: 030-011-00-6	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Cyclohexanone	EC: 203-631-1 CAS: 108-94-1 Index: 606-010-00-7	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Compositio	n/information on i	ngredients		
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≤0.29	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 3, H331 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413 EUH066	[1]
Dibutyltin dilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119496068-27 EC: 201-039-8 CAS: 77-58-7	<0.1	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1] [2]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3	≤0.1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[\*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter  $\leq$  10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. **Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been Ingestion ŝ, swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

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	collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation</li> </ul>
	s and effects, both acute and delayed
Over-exposure signs/symp	toms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
SECTION 5: Firefight	ting measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazarc In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, wi the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	<ul> <li>Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides metal oxide/oxides</li> </ul>
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits	
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 966 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cyclohexanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
Oydonexanone	through skin.
	STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 82 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Dibutyltin dilaurate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [tin
,	compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO) as Sn] Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Sn) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	[trimethylbenzenes, all isomers or mixtures]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Product/ingredient name Exposure indices Xylene EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. Cyclohexanone EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018)

BGV: 2 mmol/mol creatinine, cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**: Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DINCL	Inhalation	22 i mg/m	WORKERS	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DILL	Long tonn ordi	kg bw/day	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	0.122	Inhalation	oolo ilig/ili	population	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- )
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		2	bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	1	Inhalation	<b>J</b>		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DINCL	Inhalation	55.7 mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	Soo mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	soo mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	500 mg/m		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	g,	· -··· <b>··</b> ·	
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		-	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Ĭ	bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ	population	
	1		1		
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

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		Inhalation			
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 15 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DITE	Inhalation	i o mg/m	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Cyclohexanone	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	20 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	40 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	40 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	40 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	80 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	80 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic

heavy		Inhalation		population	
loavy	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	5.122	Inhalation	no ng/m	The fille of the f	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- )
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DINCL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	VUIKEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation		WORKERS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	1152 mg/ m³	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	VV UINEIS	Cysternic
Dibutyltin dilaurate	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.0031 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term oran	kg bw/day	population	Oysternie
	DNEL	Long term	0.0046 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Short term	0.059 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	Wonters	Cysternie
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEE	Chort term Derma	bw/day	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.02 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEE	onore term or a	kg bw/day	population	Cysternie
	DNEL	Long term	0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	5.122	Inhalation	0.02 mg/m	The fille of the f	eyetenne
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J.	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.16 mg/	General	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.43 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		_	kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	2.08 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	<b>_</b>	Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
		Inhalation	100	population	
	DNEL	Short term	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	100 / 2	\\/ <b>a</b> #l = = ==	
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	100		Quarter
	DNEL	Short term	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	<b></b>	Inhalation	100 1 0		
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	0540	Comercial	Quarter
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9512 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	Ourstans'
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16171 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

Date of issue/Date of revision

: No previous validation

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
	Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> <li>Filter type: A</li> <li>Filter type (spray application): A P</li> </ul>
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance					
Physical state	: Liquic	Ι.			
Colour	: Vario				
Odour	: Slight				
Odour threshold	•	vailable.			
Melting point/freezing point	: Not a	vailable.			
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
n-Butyl acetate		126	258.8	OECD 103	
Ethylbenzene		136.1	277	OECD 104	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not a	vailable.			
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits		r: 0.8% (xylen r: 7.6% (n-but	,		
Flash point	: Close	d cup: 24°C (	75.2°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
n-Butyl acetate		415	779	EU A.15	
Xylene		432	809.6		
Decomposition temperature	: Not a	vailable.			
pH	: Not a	pplicable.			
Viscosity	: Not a	vailable.			
Solubility(ies) Not available.	:				
Solubility in water	: Not a	vailable.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	/ : Not a	pplicable.			

#### Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Relative density	: Not	available.					

Density: 1.3 g/cm³Vapour density: Not available.

: Not available.

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Explosive properties Oxidising properties

Particle characteristics

Median particle size

: Not applicable.

: Not available.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredie	ents.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur	r.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, v braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	weld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition product should not be produced.	ts

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	mists		-	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum),	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
hydrotreated heavy			_	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Dibutyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	175 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	6175.66 mg/kg 50.29 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	mg 72 hours 300 ug l	-
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

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	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
Zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500	-
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	ug 48 hours 50 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Dibutyltin dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.	•	•		
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, th	ne classification	criteria a	re not met.	
Mutagenicity					

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. **Conclusion/Summary** 

#### **Carcinogenicity**

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
<b>Teratogenicity</b>		
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicit	v (single exposure)	

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene Ethylbenzene	Category 2 Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	- hearing organs
Dibutyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on likely routes : Not available.

#### C

of	exposure	

### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Short term exposure		
Dotontial immodiate	• Not available	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
effects Potential delayed effects	<ul><li>Not available.</li><li>Not available.</li></ul>	
effects		
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available.	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe Not available. Conclusion/Summary	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ects</li> <li>Not available.</li> </ul>	
effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effe Not available. Conclusion/Summary General	<ul> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>ects</li> <li>Not available.</li> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> </ul>	

#### Other information

: Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	Acute EC50 0.32 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.96 mg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute IC50 46 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Diatom - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia</i>	48 hours
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		magna - Neonate	
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson	96 hours
		trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss	
Cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -	72 hours
		Chlamydomonas reinhardtii -	
		Exponential growth phase	
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
		Pimephales promelas	
	Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -	72 hours
		Chlamydomonas reinhardtii -	
		Exponential growth phase	
Dibutyltin dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Green algae -	96 hours
		Desmodesmus subspicatus	
,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Scud -	48 hours
		Elasmopus pectenicrus - Adult	
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow -	96 hours
		Pimephales promelas	

**12.2 Persistence and degradability** 

Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

#### **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	-	60960	High
Zinc oxide	-	28960	High
Cyclohexanone	0.86	-	Low
Naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
hydrotreated heavy			Ũ
Dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : N	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1 Waste treatment meth	nods	
Product		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised	

or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste	: 080111*, 200127*	
catalogue (EWC)		

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### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### Packaging

Methods of disposal	<ul> <li>The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.</li> </ul>
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT (trizinc bis (orthophosphate), zinc oxide)	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3			3
14.4 Packing group	111	111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

#### Additional information

ADR/RID	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ . Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq 5 \text{ L}$ or $\leq 5 \text{ kg}$ .
IMDG	:	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	1	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>UK (GB)/REACH</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

None of the components are listed.

#### **Ozone depleting substances**

Not listed.

#### **Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
TEKNODUR COMBI 770-500	≥90	3

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria
Category
P5c E2
EU regulations
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water
International regulations
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.
Montreal Protocol Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.
<b>5.2 Chemical safety</b> <b>issessment</b> : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and
-	Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019
	No. 720 and amendments
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications

Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SECTION 16: Other information		
Skin Sens. 1 STOT RE 1 STOT RE 2 STOT SE 1 STOT SE 3	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSI SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSI SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE	JRE - Category 2 - Category 1
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#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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