Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



TEKNODUR 9201-05 - RAL 2008

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : TEKNODUR 9201-05 - RAL 2008

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Hazard statements

: Warning

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Dressentiere		
Prevention	 Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, spar es. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. 	
Response	- Get medical advice/attention if you feel u	nwell.
Storage	+ P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. K	eep container tightly closed.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in acc al and international regulations. 	ordance with all local, regional,
Hazardous ingredients	ins: Xylene; n-Butyl acetate; Solvent napht carbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalen	
Supplemental label elements	ins 2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat. May pro ing! Hazardous respirable droplets may be ne spray or mist.	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles		
2.3 Other hazards Product meets the criteria	nixture does not contain any substances th	at are assessed to be a PBT or a
for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII		

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral,	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
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	Index: 601-023-00-4		inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	REACH #: 01-2119463583-34 EC: 918-811-1	≤5	STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat	REACH #: 01-2119431597-33 EC: 247-979-2 CAS: 26761-45-5	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 See Section 16 for the full text of the H	-	[1]
			the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
substance or mixture	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with
	the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long
	lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and
	prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

-	-
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	СО	entainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an

	contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.

appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal

6.4 Reference to other	1	See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections		See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
		See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria		
Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available.

Recommendations Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Xylene n-Butyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butyl acetate (all isomers except tert-butyl acetate)] CEIL: 480 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
ate of issue/Date of revision : 29/07	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. /2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 2 6/44
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SECTION 8. Exposure control	• •
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 440 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CEIL: 200 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 880 mg/m ³ , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 550 mg/m ³ , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
Toluene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2.2 anovymronyl needeenneet	PEAK: 380 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [1,2-Epoxy- 3-(tolyloxy)propane (all isomers)]
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 70 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 140 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Xylene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n Putul apotato	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 712 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 238 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 87 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
2 Mathavy 1 mathylathyl agatata	STEL: 551 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 30 ppm 6 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Toluene	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 77 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin.
	Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).
	Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
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	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
	through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
loidene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	Limit value 15 min: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 8 hours: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	STELV: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	ELV: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	ELV: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia).
	ELV: 100 ppm
	ELV: 400 mg/m ³
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STELV: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	ELV: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STELV: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	ELV: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Vulana	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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Ethylbenzene	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Tabaaa	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Vulana	
Xylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and
	all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 mg/m^3 15 minutes.
	STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022).
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 149.661 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 49.887 ppm 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents]
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 1000 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2 Mathews 1 mathedathid apatate	STEL: 113.5 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 49.14 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100.1 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech
	Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50.112 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100.224 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes,
	all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 109 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butyl
	acetate, all isomers]
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed Ethylbenzene through skin. Carcinogen. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 217 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 434 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Toluene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 94 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, n-Butyl acetate 12/2022). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Toluene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

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	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
oluene	
oluene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: lis
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
<i>(ylene</i>	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
y	(Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 440 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Dutul excepte	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butyl acetate	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 720 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 960 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
olvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2020).
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
thylbenzene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 30 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 880 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
oluene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs
	(Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. Ototoxicant.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 81 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 380 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	C C
(ylene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers
	pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory lim
	values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulato
,·	limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Nolvent neghthe (netroleyum) Babt	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12]
	Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

	TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour
	STEL: 1500 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour
thylbenzene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of
	the Labor Code)
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 88.4 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 or
	the Labor Code)
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m² 8 hours.
oluene	Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.
Juene	Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 o the Labor Code)
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm o hours. TWA: 76.8 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
dana	
ylene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed throug skin.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Butyl acetate	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 480 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 960 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 62 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 600 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 124 ppm 15 minutes.
thylbenzene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
inyidenzene	TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 176 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through
	skin.
	PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 176 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 88 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 270 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
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	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 270 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Toluene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 190 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 380 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours. PEAK: 280 mg/m3 4 times per shift 15 minutes
	PEAK: 380 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Xylene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Rutyl acotato	STEL: 650 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
n-Butyl acetate	
	values (Greece, 9/2021).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: $275 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours}.$
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Foluene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
(ylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixtu
- <u>j</u>	of isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Skin sensitise
,	Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed
	through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022).
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

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	PEAK: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed
	through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Kylene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	[xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 109 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Putul apotato	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	[butyl acetate, all isomers]
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 123 mg/m ² 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 188 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 94 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Lim
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	UELV-TOMIN, OOU MU/M [*] TO MINULES.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU Toluene derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from **Xylene** chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). [Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ethylbenzene Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from Toluene chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). **Xylene** [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Ethylbenzene Absorbed through skin. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Toluene Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours.

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	STEL: 150 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 14 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 40 ppm 15 minutes.
Kylene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
	[xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
,	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 250 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
T	STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
	Absorbed through skin. TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 192 fig/fit 6 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
I-Dutyl acetate	(Luxembourg, 3/2021).
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Toluene	Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I
	(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Xylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
Euryidenzene	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Toluene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022).
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022). OEL, 8-h TWA: 550 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022).
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 39 ppm 8 hours.

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Xylene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers]
	Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 108 mg/m³ 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022).
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Notes: indicative
	limit value
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through
Lutybenzene	skin. Carcinogen. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 20 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through
	skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Tabaaa	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through
	skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 94 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Xylene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021).
	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 720 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STEL: 400 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Toluene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
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Xylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Toluene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). Absorbed
loidene	through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n Putul contato	Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021).
	VLA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
Convent hapitila (peroleani), light aromate	additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed
	through skin.
	VLA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short term: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: $442 \text{ mg/m}^3 8 \text{ hours.}$
	VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Short term: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and
	additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	VLA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	Short term: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	[xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m³, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	[Butyl acetates]
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ , (Butyl acetates) 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours.
	STEL: 723 mg/m³, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes.

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Ethylbenzene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Toluene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
(ylene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related t exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
	[xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
-Butyl acetate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related t
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 723 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related t
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 884 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related t
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 550 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
oluene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related t
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 384 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
(ylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skir
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2022).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, Ethylbenzene 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 441 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, Toluene 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, n-Butyl acetate 9/2021). [butyl acetate] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Toluene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. Ototoxicant. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m3 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. Ethylbenzene TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 220 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).
5 5 5	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 275 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Toluene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 760 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
loideile	through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
naphthalene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
1	occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	[trimethylbenzenes, all isomers or mixtures]
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
D. d	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Butanone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 899 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 600 mg/m ² 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient r	ame		Exposure indices			
Xylene			9/2020) [xylenes] ug/l, xylene [in blood]. Sa l, methylhippuricacid [in l			
Toluene			9/2020) g/l, toluene [in blood]. Sa g/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sa			
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		BEI Fitness: 130000 /μl, platelets (non-pathological differential blood count) [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 150000 /μl, platelets [in blood]. Sampling time: one
		year. BEI Fitness: 3700 to 13000 /μl, leukocytes (non-pathological differential blood count) [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 4000 to 13000 /μl, leukocytes [in blood]. Sampling
		time: one year. BEI Fitness - men: 3.8 million/µl, erythrocytes [in blood]. Sampling time: one year.
		BEI Fitness - women: 3.2 million/µl, erythrocytes [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness - men: 12 g/dl, hemoglobin [in blood]. Sampling time:
		one year. BEI Fitness - women: 10 g/dl, hemoglobin [in blood]. Sampling time: one year.
	No exposure indices known.	
	Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021) Notes: significant skin resorption possible BLV: 2000 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic
		acid – in total [in urine]. Sampling time: after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.
	Toluene	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021) BLV: 1.6 mmol/mmol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after the end of the exposure or the end of the work shift.
	Xylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
		BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine].
		Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
	Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018)
		BEI: 1.5 mg/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 14.1 μmol/l, ethylbenzene [in blood]. Sampling time: during
		exposure. BEI: 1.12 mol/mol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
		BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift and at the end of the working week.
	Toluene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018)
		BEI: 20 ppm, toluene [in end exhaled air]. Sampling time: during exposure. BEI: 0.83 μmol/l, toluene [in end exhaled air]. Sampling time:
		during exposure. BEI: 1 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
		BEI: 10.85 μmol/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.05 mmol/mol creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time:
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		BEI: 1 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.58 mol/mol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 2.5 g/g creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
No exposure indices k	nown.	
Xylene		Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
Ethylbenzene		Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 1100 μmol/mmol creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1500 mg/g creatinine, almond acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
Toluene		Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) Biological limit values: 1000 µmol/mmol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1600 mg/g, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1.6 µmol/mmol creatinine, o-kresol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1.5 mg/g creatinine, o-kresol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
No exposure indices k	nown.	
No exposure indices k	nown.	
No exposure indices k	nown.	
Xylene		Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene] BEI: 5 mmol/I, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene		Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) BEI: 5.2 mmol/I, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.
Toluene		Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) BEI: 500 nmol/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: the morning after the working day.
No exposure indices k	nown.	
Xylene		 DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.
Ethylbenzene		DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).
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		BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenyl glyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) BEI: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid plus phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.
Toluene		 DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 600 μg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure. BEI: 1.5 mg/l, o-cresol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts. BEI: 75 μg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) BEI: 600 μg/l, toluene [in whole blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure. BEI: 1.5 mg/l, o-cresol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.
		end of shift.
No exposure indices known. Xylene		5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene] BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 860 μmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.
Ethylbenzene		5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift. BEI: 1110 μmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the working week; at the end of the shift.
Toluene		5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) BEI: 1 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 1 μmol/mmol creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.		
Xylene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Ethylbenzene		 NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time:
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end of shift at end of workweek.
NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 7/2018) BEI: 0.05 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: end of shift at the end of the workweek.
HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene] OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) OBLV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time end of the week.
HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) OBLV: 3 mg/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. OBLV: 2 g/l, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers] BLV: 781 μmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [i urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10355 μmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10355 μmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 14.6 μmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine].

		Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.
	Ethylbenzene	 Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) BLV: 799 µmol/mmol creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 7.44 µmol/mmol creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 1067 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 8.03 mg/g creatinine, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shift; BLV: 10590 µmol/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 98.6 µmol/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shift; BLV: 1600 mg/l, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 12 mg/l, 2 or 4-etylfenol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.
	Yylene	 Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) BLV: 1010 μmol/mmol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.08 μmol/mmol creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 1600 mg/g creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.03 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.03 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts. BLV: 13399 μmol/l, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 14.3 μmol/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 6517 nmol/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 2401 mg/l, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.5 mg/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 600 μg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 600 μg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 600 μg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 600 μg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.
		exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)] BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
	Ethylbenzene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
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s/personal protection
exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 250 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
 Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) BAT: 1.5 mg/l, o-cresol (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays. BAT: 600 μg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure. BAT: 75 μg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes] VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) VLB: 700 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.
National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) VLB: 0.05 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek. VLB: 0.6 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. VLB: 0.08 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
· _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers] BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 600 mg/g creatinine, mandelic acid + phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.
 SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) BEI: 2 g/g creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift. BEI: 1.26 mmol/mmol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift. BEI: 0.5 mg/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift. BEI: 4.62 µmol/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift. BEI: 4.62 µmol/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure: after more than one shift. BEI: 600 µg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 6.48 µmol/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. BEI: 75 µg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection Xylene EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Polycyclic naphthalene aromatic hydrocarbons] BGV: 4 µmol/mol creatinine, 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift. Butanone EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 70 µmol/l, butan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: **Recommended monitoring** European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the procedures assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
-		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	J	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	5		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DITE	Inhalation	ee.e mg,m	population	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	5,0001110
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long term Derma	bw/day	Wonters	Cysternio
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m^3	Workers	Systemic
	DITLE	Inhalation	22 i mg/m		Cyclonno
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	HHZ mg/m	Workers	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DITLE	Inhalation	112 mg/m		Cyclonno
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
n Butyr dootato	DITE	enere term era	bw/day	population	eyetenne
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DITLE	Long tonn ordi	bw/day	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	5,5001110
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	20.7 mg/m	population	20001
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Soo mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Soo mg/m	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	500 mg/m	VVUINCIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DINEL			VVUINCIS	LUCAI
	1	Inhalation	1		1

ECTION 8: Exposure con	-	•			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	48 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
aromatic	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	1.9 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/ m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	mg/m³ 1152 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m ³ 1286.4 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	m³ 1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	-	bw/day	population General	
		Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m ³	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Inhalation Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1%	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	12.5 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
Naphthalene	DNEL	Long term	151 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	7.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m ³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	33 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 275 mg/m ³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	-	General	
		Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Toluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

CTION 8: Exposure co	ntrols/p	personal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	192 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5.88 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	11.76 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		
Hand protection	:	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
		Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
		< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

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		1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	:	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	:	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	:	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
		Filter type: A
		Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Orange.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0.8% (xylene) Upper: 7.6% (n-butyl acetate)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 24°C (75.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

		°C	°F	Method			
		280 to 470	536 to 878	78			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794				
Decomposition temperature	: Not av	ailable.					
H	plicable.						
/iscosity	ailable.						
Solubility(ies)							
Not available.							
Solubility in water	: Not av	ailable.					
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ vater	: Not ap	plicable.					
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Vapour pressure

	Va	pour Press	ure at 20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Relative density	: Not	: Not available.					
ensity	: 1.2 g	: 1.2 g/cm ³					
apour density	: Not	available.					
xplosive properties	: Not	available.					
Dxidising properties	: Not available.						
article characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Hydrocarbons, C10,	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>4688 ng/m³	4 hours
Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene				
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6318 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

SECTION 11: Toxico	ological information			
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat	LD50 Oral	Rat	>10 g/kg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the c	assification crite	ria are not met.	

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	6803.86 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	52.03 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic				uL	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
titanium dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 MI	-

Conclusion/Summary : Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

<u>oonontoution</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on availa	able data, the classification crite	ria are not met.
Mutagenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on availa	able data, the classification crite	ria are not met.
Carcinogenicity			
It has been observed that the leading to significant impairme			spirable dust is inhaled in quantities
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on availa	able data, the classification crite	ria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on availa	able data, the classification crite	ria are not met.
Teratogenicity			
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on availa	able data, the classification crite	ria are not met.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the	physical	, chemical and toxicological charact	eristics
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

<u>Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	iects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties
Not available.
11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure	
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours	
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours	
5	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours	
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 6.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex -</i> Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours	
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	Acute EC50 1 mg/l Fresh water	Algae	72 hours	
	Acute LC50 3 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 2 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours	
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours	
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus</i> <i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	48 hours	
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	, Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours	
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days	

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	OECD 301F	49.6 % - Inherent - 28 days	-	-
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.				

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability		
Hydrocarbons, C10, Aromatics,<1% Naphthalene	-	-	Inherent		

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum) light aromatic	, -	10 to 2500	High
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
2,3-epoxypropyl neodecanoat	4.4	-	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment method	is
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08 01 11*
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	Ш
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional informa ADR/RID		<u>code</u> (D/E)		
15.1 Safety, health <u>EU Regulation (Ed</u> <u>Annex XIV - List</u> <u>Annex XIV</u> None of the con <u>Substances of</u> None of the con	MO Regulatory info and environmental re C) No. 1907/2006 (REA of substances subject nponents are listed. very high concern nponents are listed.	ermation gulations/legislation ACH) et to authorisation	to nature of the product.	
substances, mixt		acture, placing on	the market and use of a	<u>certain dangerous</u>
Product/ingredi			Designation [Usage]	
TEKNODUR 920 Toluene	1-05	≥90 3 ≤0.3 4	8	
Labelling	:		-	
Other EU regulation	<u>ons</u>			
Industrial emissi (integrated pollu prevention and o Air	tion control) -			
Industrial emissi (integrated pollu prevention and o Water	tion control) -			
Explosive precu				
	rsors : Not appl substances (1005/20			

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Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria			
Category			
P5c			
ational regulations			
<u>Austria</u>			
/bF class	: A II Very dangerous flammable liquid.		
imitation of the use of organic solvents	: Permitted.		
Czech Republic			
Storage code	: 11		
<u>Denmark</u>			
Danish fire class	: II-1		
Executive Order No. 1795	<u>/2015</u>		
Ingredient name		Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Ethylbenzene		Listed	-
titanium dioxide		Listed	-
MAL-code	: 4-6		
	General: Gloves must be worn for coveralls/protective clothing must be clothes do not adequately protect sh shield must be worn in work involvir case, other recommended use of ey In all spraying operations in which th respiratory protection and arm prote appropriate or as instructed.	e worn when soiling is so kin against contact with th ng spattering if a full mas ye protection is not requir here is return spray, the f	o great that regular wo ne product. A face k is not required. In th red. following must be wor
	MAL-code: 4-6 Application: When using scraper of treatments in a spray booth where t working in similar new* facilities of t type where the operator is working i	he operator is outside the he combined-cabin, spra	e spray zone and when y-cabin and spray-boo
	booths and cabins with non-atomizi		nen spraying in new
	booths and cabins with non-atomizin - Protective clothing must be worn. When using scraper or knife, brush	ng guns. , roller, etc, for pre- and p	post-treatments in
	booths and cabins with non-atomizing - Protective clothing must be worn.	ng guns. , roller, etc, for pre- and p cility type, if the operator i , roller, etc. for pre- and p	post-treatments in s inside the spray zon

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

-	When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outs	side the spray zono
	when spraying in new booths in the operator is outs	side the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be	worn.
	When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the opera During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is we During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed fac there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic so	of the combined-cabin, spray- orking inside the spray zone. ilities, spray booths or cabins, if
	- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must	be worn.
	During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabi operator is inside the spray zone and during sprayin or booth.	
	- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood	d must be worn.
	Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temp	porarily placed on such things as
	rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanic fumes from wet items from passing through workers	cal exhaust system to prevent
	Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mas When machine grinding, eye protection must be wor worn.	
	Caution The regulations contain other stipulations i	in addition to the above.
	*See Regulations.	
Restrictions on use	: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years Working Environment Authorities Executive Order re	
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed	
Carcinogenic waste	: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a subs by Danish working environment legislation on cance	
<u>Finland</u> France		
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: Xylene n-Butyl acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Ethylbenzene 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Toluene	RG 4bis, RG 84 RG 84 RG 84 RG 84 RG 84 RG 84 RG 4bis, RG 84
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities medical surveillance: not applicable	which require reinforced
<u>Germany</u>		
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 3	
Hazardous incident ordinal	<u>nce</u>	
This product is controlled und	ler the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.	
Danger criteria		
		Reference number
Category		Reference number

Hazard class for water : 2

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Technical instruction on	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 59.4%
air quality control	TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 8.7%
	TA-Luft Class III - Number 5.2.2: 1.1%
	TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 0.4%
ΑΟΧ	: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.
<u>Italy</u>	

D.Lgs. 152/06

: Not determined.

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
arom. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
tolueen Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	- Listed	- Listed	-	Development 2 -	-

 Water Discharge Policy (ABM)
 : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

<u>Sweden</u>	
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	: 2a
Switzerland	
VOC content	: VOC (w/w): 40.4%

VOC content : International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	ab onanged norm providely located version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Dressedure used to derive the	a classification apporting to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLD/CHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2 Aquatic Chronic 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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SECTION 16: Other information

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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