Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10 - All variants

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10 - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

#### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.</li> <li>H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.</li> <li>H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</li> <li>H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	<ul> <li>P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.</li> <li>P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.</li> <li>P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</li> </ul>
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### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

	1	
Response	:	P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	1	Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Toluene; EO bis(benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat and Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated
Supplemental label elements	1	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤3.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Compo	osition/informat	ion on ir	ngredients		
			Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
Propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	<1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

# Notes to physician: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.<br/>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

4

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the	1	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion
substance or mixture		hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may
		burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures			
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides		
5.3 Advice for firefighters			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.		

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental

pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### **Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds**

Danger criteria					
	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold			
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne			

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

### **Recommendations**

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values				
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational				
	Exposure Limit Values				
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.				
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.				
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.				
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.				
Ethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational				
	Exposure Limit Values				
	OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours.				
	OELV-15min: 400 ppm 15 minutes.				
	OELV-15min: 1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.				
	OELV-8hr: 734 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.				
Toluene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU				
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	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Propan-2-ol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes:
	Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
Maleic anhydride	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Sensitization potential. Notes:
	Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 0.01 ppm 8 hours. Form: The Inhalable Fraction and
	Vapour note is used when a material exerts sufficient vapour
	pressure such that it may be present in both particle and vapour
	phases.

### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices			
Toluene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.			
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.			
Propan-2-ol	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.			
procedures European Stat assessment of values and me atmospheres - of exposure to (Workplace at for the measure	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be			

### **DNELs/DMELs**

required.

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
thyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
oluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local

		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	5	population	5
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
Propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic

SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10 - All variants

Label No :65872

ECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
DNEL		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		0.05 mg/m³	General population	Systemic	
DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL	Long term	0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		
Respiratory protection	Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.		
	Filter type: A		
	Filter type (spray application): A P		
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.		

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and	:
boiling range	

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Ethyl acetate	77.1	170.8	
Propan-2-ol	83	181.4	

#### Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit

: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 12%

: Not available.

Flash point

: Closed cup: -1°C (30.2°F)

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#### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		333	631.4	DIN 51794	
n-Butyl acetate		415	779	EU A.15	
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.			
pH	: Not applicable.				
Viscosity	: Not ava	ilable.			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					

Solubility in water	: Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	1	Not applicable.
water		

### Vapour pressure

	Vap	our Pressu	re at 20°C	Vaj	oour pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Ethyl acetate	81.59163	10.9				
Propan-2-ol	33.00268	4.4				

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	ients.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occu	ur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	weld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition produced should not be produced.	cts

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
·	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	35285.33 mg/kg 352.85 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	Europa Milel inside set	Dabbit		100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	_	mg 24 hours 250	-
	Skill - Wild Initalit	FIY	-	uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		435 mg	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Dropon 2 al	Even Mederate invitent	Dabbit		mg 10 m r	
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	10 mg 24 hours 100	-
	Eyes - Moderate Initalit	Nabbit	-	mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	-
Maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, th	e classification c	riteria are	not met	
Sensitisation				normou	
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin	reaction.			
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, th	ne classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Carcinogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, th	ne classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Reproductive toxicity	,				

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

TeratogenicityConclusion/Summary: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

**Aspiration hazard** 

Pi	roduct/ingredient name	Result		
Toluene Xylene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
nformation on likely of exposure	routes : Not available.			
Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>			
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irrit	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: Can cause central nerv dizziness.	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic s	May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: Can cause central nerv	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.		
Symptoms related to	the physical, chemical and toxic	ological characteristics		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms ma pain or irritation watering redness	y include the following:		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms main nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	y include the following:		

	reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>I</b>	

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 09/01/2024	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	14/20
SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025	-10 - All variar	nts		Label No :6587	<u>′</u> 2

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

### Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

	1	2.	11	Гох	ic	ity
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus</i> <i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
·	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
Maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Ádult	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### **13.1 Waste treatment methods**

Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08,01,11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	-	1	1	1	
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	
14.3 Transport	3	3	3	3	
hazard class(es)					
14.4 Packing group	II	11	II	11	
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.	
Additional informa	tion				
ADR/RID	: <u>Special pre</u> <u>Tunnel coe</u>	<u>ovisions</u> 640 (C) <u>de</u> (D/E)			
ADN	transported	t is only regulated as an in tank vessels.	environmentally hazardo	ous substance when	

Special provisions 640 (C)

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

### 14.7 Maritime transport in

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

#### bulk according to IMO instruments

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### **Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]	
SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10	≥90	3	 
Toluene	≤5	48	
Labelling :			
ther EU regulations			
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air			
ndustrial emissions : Not listed integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water			
Explosive precursors : Not applica	ıble.		
<mark>Dzone depleting substances (1005/2009/</mark> Not listed.	( <u>EU)</u>		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/I	EU)		
Not listed.			
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.			
Seveso Directive			
This product is controlled under the Sevesc	Directive.		
Danger criteria			
Category			 
P5c			 
ternational regulations			 
hemical Weapon Convention List Sched	ا ا عمادا	III Chemicals	
lot listed.			
ontreal Protocol			
lot listed.			
tockholm Convention on Persistent Org	anic Pollu	<u>tants</u>	

SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10 - All variants

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	1	This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still
assessment		required.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates informatio	n that has changed from previously issued version.
Indicates informatio Abbreviations and acronyms	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
	SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226Flammable liquid and vapour.H302Harmful if swallowed.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H314Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H315Causes skin irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye damage.H314Causes serious eye irritation.H315Causes serious eye irritation.H318Causes serious eye irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
H302Harmful if swallowed.H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H314Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H315Causes skin irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.H312Harmful in contact with skin.H314Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H315Causes skin irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
Harmful in contact with skin.Harmful in contact with skin.H314Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.H315Causes skin irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H332Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H302	Harmful if swallowed.
Hamma and event and	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315Causes skin irritation.H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H322Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H317May cause an allergic skin reaction.H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H322Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H361Suspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H320Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319Causes serious eye irritation.H320Harmful if inhaled.H331May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332Harmful if inhaled.H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H334May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335May cause respiratory irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H361dSuspected of damaging the unborn child.H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H372Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.H373May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
	H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
1411 I oxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071 Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4	
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2	
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1	
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of issue/ Date of	: 09/01/2024	
revision		
Date of previous issue	No previous validation	
Version	: 1	
	SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10 All variants	

#### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 09/01/2024Date of previous issueSUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-10 - All variants

: No previous validation