

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-05 - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-05 - All variants

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : Prod-safe@tekno.com

#### National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : In an emergency, call 112

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

Repr. 2, H361d

STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

**Hazard statements** : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

#### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.  
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

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SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-05 - All variants

**Label No** : 65871

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

<b>Response</b>	: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
<b>Storage</b>	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
<b>Disposal</b>	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Hazardous ingredients</b>	: Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Toluene; EO bis(benzotriazolyl)phenylpropionat and Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	:
<b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b>	:

### 2.3 Other hazards

<b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b>	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	: None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥50 - ≤75	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤3.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ l	[1] [2]

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	<1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

#### Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

#### Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

#### Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
nitrogen oxides  
metal oxide/oxides

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

n-Butyl acetate	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b></p> <p>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.          STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.          TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.          TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>
Ethyl acetate	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b></p> <p>STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.          STEL: 1468 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.          TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.          TWA: 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>
Toluene	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b></p> <p>TWA: 192 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.          TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.          STEL: 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.          STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b></p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.          TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.          STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.          STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
Xylene	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b></p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.          TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.          STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.          STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
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No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
n-Butyl acetate	<p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).</b></p> <p>VLA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.          VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.          Short term: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.          Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
Ethyl acetate	<p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).</b></p> <p>VLA: 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Toluene	<p>VLA: 200 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 1468 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>VLA: 192 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>VLA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
Xylene	<p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>VLA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
Propan-2-ol	<p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).</b></p> <p>VLA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 81 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 203 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
Maleic anhydride	<p><b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021).</b></p> <p>VLA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 0.25 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 0.75 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
n-Butyl acetate	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Butyl acetates]</b></p> <p>TWA: 241 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes.</p>
Ethyl acetate	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).</b></p> <p>TWA: 734 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1468 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
Toluene	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>TWA: 192 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>TWA: 275 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
Xylene	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>TWA: 221 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.</p>
Propan-2-ol	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020).</b></p> <p>TWA: 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Maleic anhydride	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. <b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Skin sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours.
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
No exposure limit value known.	
n-Butyl acetate	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethyl acetate	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1460 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 730 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Toluene	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 190 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 760 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Xylene	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 440 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Propan-2-ol	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1000 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Maleic anhydride	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Skin sensitiser.</b> TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 0.1 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 0.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols
No exposure limit value known.	

### Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No exposure indices known.  
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No exposure indices known.  
No exposure indices known.  
No exposure indices known.  
No exposure indices known.

Toluene

**HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020)**

OBLV: 3 mg/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.  
OBLV: 2 g/l, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Xylene

**HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene]**

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Propan-2-ol

**HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020)**

OBLV: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Toluene

**Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)**

BLV: 1010 µmol/mmol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine].

Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.08 µmol/mmol creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 1600 mg/g creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.03 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 13399 µmol/l, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.3 µmol/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 6517 nmol/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2401 mg/l, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift; long-term exposure: after several work shifts.

BLV: 600 µg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

<p>Xylene</p>	<p><b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020)</b>  <b>[xylene, all isomers]</b>          BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.          BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.          BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.          BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.          BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.          BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>Toluene</p>	<p><b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)</b>          BEI: 2 g/g creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.          BEI: 1.26 mmol/mmol creatinine, hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.          BEI: 0.5 mg/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.          BEI: 4.62 µmol/l, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.          BEI: 600 µg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.          BEI: 6.48 µmol/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.          BEI: 75 µg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.</p>
<p>Xylene</p>	<p><b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers]</b>          BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.</p>
<p>Propan-2-ol</p>	<p><b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)</b>          BEI: 0.4 mmol/l, acetone [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.          BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in blood]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.          BEI: 0.4 mmol/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.          BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	Ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	734 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
Toluene		DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
Propan-2-ol		DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	89 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
Maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.081 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m <sup>3</sup> 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	0.08 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

### PNECs

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### Individual protection measures

##### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

##### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

##### Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  
Filter type: A  
Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Ethyl acetate	77.1	170.8	
Propan-2-ol	83	181.4	

- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 0.8%  
Upper: 12%
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -1°C (30.2°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
n-Butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Viscosity** : Not available.
- Solubility(ies)** :  
Not available.

- Solubility in water** : Not available.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Ethyl acetate	81.59163	10.9				
Propan-2-ol	33.00268	4.4				

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Relative density	: Not available.
Density	: 0.9 g/cm <sup>3</sup>
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
	Toluene	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
Xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	35285.33 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	352.85 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion



## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
		Pig	-	24 hours 250 uL	-
Xylene	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Propan-2-ol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Maleic anhydride	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitisation

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

### Aspiration hazard

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced foetal weight  
increase in foetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i>	48 hours
Ethyl acetate	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Selenastrum sp.</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i> - Fry	96 hours
Propan-2-ol	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Crangon crangon</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Rasbora heteromorpha</i>	96 hours
Maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Adult	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.





**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 08,01,11

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (ethyl acetate, 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

#### Additional information

**ADR/RID** : **Special provisions** 640 (C)  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.  
**Special provisions** 640 (C)

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## SECTION 14: Transport information

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-05	≥90	3
Toluene	≤5	48

**Labelling** :

**Other EU regulations**

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

**Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)**

Not listed.

**Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)**

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive**

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**Danger criteria**

Category
P5c

**National regulations**

**Austria**

**Czech Republic**

**Denmark**

**Finland**

**France**

**Germany**

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### [Hazardous incident ordinance](#)

[Italy](#)

[Netherlands](#)

[Norway](#)

[Sweden](#)

[Switzerland](#)

**VOC content** : VOC (w/w): 80%

### [International regulations](#)

#### [Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals](#)

Not listed.

#### [Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

#### [Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

#### [Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent \(PIC\)](#)

Not listed.

#### [UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals](#)

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### [Abbreviations and acronyms](#)

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
N/A = Not available  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SGG = Segregation Group  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### [Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation \(EC\) No. 1272/2008 \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

### [Full text of abbreviated H statements](#)

## SECTION 16: Other information

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

### [Full text of classifications \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 09/01/2024

**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation

**Version** : 1

SUPREMO AUFHELLEND 2025-05

All variants

### [Notice to reader](#)

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

