Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SAFETY DATA SHEET



SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SELE

: SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number: In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	 Warning H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	:

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Annex XVII - Restrictions	1
on the manufacture,	
placing on the market and	
use of certain dangerous	
substances, mixtures and	
articles	

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria : for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII Other hazards which do :

: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	<5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	<5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤1	Repr. 2, H361fd See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	neasures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure s	igns/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/08/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 3/29

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	oteo	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteriaCategoryNotification and MAPP
thresholdSafety report thresholdP5c5000 tonne50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes. CEIL: 550 mg/m ³ , 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Butyl acetate (all isomers except tert-butyl acetate)] CEIL: 480 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CEIL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 712 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 238 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin.			
	Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.			
	Limit value 15 min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021).			
	Limit value 8 hours: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
Xylene	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of			
	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [Xylene (mixture of isomers), pure] Absorbed through skin.			
	Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	Limit value 15 min: 442 mg/m 15 minutes.			
	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
propylidynetrimethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Limit value 8 hours: 50 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/			
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
	ELV: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/			
	STELV (Croatia). ELV: 100 ppm			
	ELV: 400 mg/m ³			
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/			
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
	ELV: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
Xylene	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/			
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [xylene (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.			
	STELV: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
	ELV: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed			
	through skin.			
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
n-Butyl acetate	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021).			
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.			
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			
Xylene	Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). [Xylene,			
	mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.			
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.			
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.			

Date of issue/Date of revision: 02/08/2SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants

: 02/08/2024 Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version :1 6/29 Label No :32046

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 49.14 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100.1 ppm 15 minutes. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents] TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 1000 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 149.661 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 49.887 ppm 8 hours. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech **Xylene** Republic, 10/2022). [xylene, technical mixture of isomers and all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 45.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 90.8 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Butyl n-Butyl acetate acetate, all isomers] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Xylenes, all isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, n-Butyl acetate 12/2022). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. **Xylene** Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. Date of issue/Date of revision 7/29 : 02/08/2024

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative n-Butyl acetate occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ma/m³ 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 720 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 960 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12] Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Vapour Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Notes: Binding regulatory n-Butyl acetate limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [xylenes, mixed isomers, **Xylene** pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 270 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 270 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 480 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 960 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).
	TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 62 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 600 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
W	PEAK: 124 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [xylene] Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Xylene (all isomers)]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 440 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
× .	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit
	values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 650 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022).
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

n-Butyl acetate

Date of issue/Date of revision

Xylene

: 02/08/2024 Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [xylene, mixture

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Skin sensitiser.

PEAK: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

of isomers] Absorbed through skin.

Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. PEAK: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	PEAK: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	[butyl acetate, all isomers]
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).
	[xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 109 mg/m o hours.
2 Mothovy 1 mothylathyl acatata	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Yulana	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Lim
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from
	chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hours: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	Short Term: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from
	chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).
	[Xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin.
	8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	8 hours: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	Short Term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	Short Term: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. n-Butyl acetate Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin. TWA: 250 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). n-Butyl acetate TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. **Xylene** Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. propylidynetrimethanol Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). CEIL: 5 ppm 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I n-Butyl acetate (Luxembourg, 3/2021). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. **Xylene** Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). [xylenes, mixed isomers, pure] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative n-Butyl acetate occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 02/08/ SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants 11/29

	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
(ylene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure]
(yiene	Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupationa
	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022).
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 550 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Detelement	OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
-Butyl acetate	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
	(Netherlands, 12/2022).
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL, 15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
(ylene	Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values
,	(Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through
	skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 270 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Butyl acetate	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022).
	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
(ylene	FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Xylene, all isomers
	Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 108 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 520 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Butyl acetate	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland,
	2/2021).
	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
(viene	STEL: 720 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ylene	Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy
	of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible
	concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the
	work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [xylene – mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

	STEL: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
(ylene	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
P-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Butyl acetate	Short term: 200 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). VLA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
(ylene	 Short term: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Xylene] Absorbed through ski VLA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Short term: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
-Butyl acetate	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Butyl acetates] TWA: 241 mg/m ³ , (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m ³ , (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm, (Butyl acetates) 15 minutes.
(ylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 8 hours. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ , (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm, (xylene, mixed isomers) 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 550 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

ECTION 8: Exposure contro	
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	KTV: 723 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Vulene.	KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
Xylene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to
	exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)
	[xylene (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 22 Fing/int 6 hours.
	KTV: 442 mg/m ³ , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
	KTV: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain,
	4/2022).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
(vlana	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
(ylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). [Xylene, mixture of isomers] Absorbed through skin
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
n-Butyl acetate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021). [butyl acetate]
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
(ylene	STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
(yielie	9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
ropylidynetrimethanol	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,
	9/2021).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 275 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
-Butyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
(ylene	STEL: 720 mg/m ² 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbe
(yiono	through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection STEL: 440 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). n-Butyl acetate STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-, **Xylene** p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene	VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 µg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	 Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) [xylene] BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 14.13 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene] Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift. Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene] BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	 DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228). BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift. TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 02/08/2024 Date of previous issue

	of exposure or end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022) [xylene] BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift. BEI: 860 μmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
No exposure indices known.	
Vo exposure indices known.	
lo exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
(ylene	Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
(ylene	HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2020) [Xylene] OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end or shift.
Kylene	Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020) [xylene, all isomers] BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shi BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 10355 µmol/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 2000 mg/l, sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift. BLV: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.
Kylene	Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021) [xylene (all isomers)] BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Kylene	National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022) [Xylenes] VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	
Kylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023) [Xylene, all isomers] BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants

Version :1 16/29 Label No :32046

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
procedures	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/ m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/ m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local

SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants

ECTION 8: Exposure	controls/p	ersonal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.34 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.34 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.58 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
DI	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/08/2024	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :	1 18/29
SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All v	ariants			Label No :3	32046

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	• •
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:
Ingradiant name	°C

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method
n-Butyl acetate		126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromat	ic	135 to 210	275 to 410	
Flammability	: Not ava	ilable.	•	
Lower and upper explosion limit		0.8% (xylene) 7.6% (Solvent napl	htha (petroleum), li	ght arom.)
Flash point	: Closed	cup: 33°C (91.4°F))	
Auto-ignition temperature	:			

Ingredient name			°C	°F	Method	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom	atic		280 to 470	536 to 878		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate			333	631.4	DIN 51794	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not ava	ailable.			
pH	:	Not ap	olicable.			
Viscosity	:	Not ava	ailable.			
Solubility(ies)	:					
Not available.						
Solubility in water	:	Not ava	ailable.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	:	Not ap	olicable.			

Vapour pressure

1

	Va	pour Pressi	ure at 20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			
Xylene	6.7	0.89				
Relative density	: Not	available.	•			
Density	: 0 g/c	cm³				
Vapour density	: Not a	available.				
Explosive properties	: Not a	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not a	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not a	applicable.				

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials					
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-	
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-	
(petroleum), light aromatic			0.0		
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-	
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-	
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-	

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
	29729.73 mg/kg 297.3 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light aromatic	-			uL	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary	1	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Sensitisation		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Mutagenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Reproductive toxicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Specific target organ toxicit	tv (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

: 02/08/2024 Date of previous issue

SECTION 11: Toxicological informati	ion		
Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
oononaonanaay	
General	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting propertiesNot available.11.2.2 Other informationNot available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
5	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 14400000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene propylidynetrimethanol	3.12 -0.47	8.1 to 25.9 <1	Low Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	i de la constante d
<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC) <u>Packaging</u>	: 08.01.11

2024 Date of previous issue

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)			
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group		111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

 Additional information

 ADR/RID
 : Tunnel code (D/E)

 ADN
 : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

bulk according to IMO instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/08/2024	Date of previous issue
SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants		

Product/ingredient name			%	Designation [Usage]
SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-0	0		≥90	3
Labelling	:			
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Not listed		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Not listed		
Explosive precursors	:	Not applicabl	e.	
Ozone depleting substanc Not listed.	<u>es</u>	<u>(1005/2009/E</u>	<u>U)</u>	
Prior Informed Consent (P	IC)	<u>(649/2012/EU</u>	<u>1)</u>	
Not listed.				
Persistent Organic Polluta Not listed.	nts	ì		
<u>Seveso Directive</u>				
This product is controlled un	dei	the Seveso D	Directive.	
Danger criteria				
Category				
P5c				
lational regulations				
<u>Austria</u>				
VbF class	:	A II Very dangero	ous flamm	able liquid.
Limitation of the use of organic solvents	:	Permitted.		
Czech Republic				
Storage code	:	II		
<u>Denmark</u>				
Danish fire class	1	II-1		
MAL-code	:	2-1		
Protection based on MAL	:			ulations on work involving coded products, the following the use of personal protective equipment:
		coveralls/prot	tective clo	t be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ othing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular wor tely protect skin against contact with the product. A face

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this

case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	Ory information MAL-code: 2-1	
	Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cab	the operator is inside etc. for pre- and post-
	- Gas filter mask must be worn.	
	When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is or	utside the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied half mask, arm protectors and eye protection r	nust be worn.
	During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the co cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working in During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, sp there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.	side the spray zone.
	- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.	
	During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or sp operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside or booth.	
	- Air-supplied half mask, eye protection, coveralls and hood	must be worn.
	Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily p rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exha- fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalat Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with d When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work	ust system to prevent ion zone. ust filter must be worn.
	worn.	
	Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition	on to the above.
	*See Regulations.	
Restrictions on use	: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding	
List of undesirable substances	: Not listed	
<u>Finland</u>		
France		
Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7	: 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate RG & Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic RG & n-Butyl acetate RG & Xylene RG 4	34
Reinforced medical surveillance	: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which re medical surveillance: not applicable	
<u>Germany</u>		
Storage class (TRGS 510)	: 3	
Hazardous incident ordina	ice	
This product is controlled une Danger criteria	er the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.	
		1
Category		Reference number

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Technical instruction on air quality control	: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 99.7%
air quality control	

<u>Italy</u>

D.Lgs. 152/06

: Not dete	rmined.
------------	---------

<u>Netherlands</u>

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Water Discharge Policy (ABM)	environm	ent (carcinogeni	ubstances with haza city/ mutagenicity/ re econtamination effort	protoxicity/ bioacum	
<u>Norway</u>					
<u>Sweden</u>					
Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)	: 2b				
Switzerland					
VOC content	: VOC (w/v	v): 19.7%			
nternational regulations	<u>5</u>				
Chemical Weapon Conv	ention List Sche	dules I, II & III (<u>Chemicals</u>		
Not listed.					
Iontreal Protocol					
Not listed.					
stockholm Convention	on Persistent Or	ganic Pollutant	s		
Not listed.			_		
Rotterdam Convention of	on Prior Informe	d Consent (PIC	1		
Not listed.			4		
INECE Aarhus Protoco	I ON POPS and H	eavy Metals			
Not listed.					
.2 Chemical safety sessment	: This prod required.	uct contains sub	stances for which Ch	nemical Safety Asso	essments are still
ECTION 16: Othe					

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.
-	1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 02/08/2024	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	27/29
SELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All v	/ariants			Label No :	3204	3

	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	
	enters airways. n. tiness. ry. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. through prolonged or repeated exposure. lasting effects. ng lasting effects.
ull text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	
Aquatic Chronic 3LONG-TERM (CHRONIAsp. Tox. 1ASPIRATION HAZARDEye Irrit. 2SERIOUS EYE DAMAGFlam. Liq. 3FLAMMABLE LIQUIDSRepr. 2REPRODUCTIVE TOXISkin Irrit. 2SKIN CORROSION/IRRSTOT RE 2SPECIFIC TARGET OR	IC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 IC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 - Category 1 SE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 - Category 3 ICITY - Category 2
Date of issue/ Date of : 02/08/2024	
Date of previous issue : No previous v	/alidation

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 02/08/2024Date of previous issueSELEMIX SYSTEM 1204-00 - All variants

: No previous validation