# SAFETY DATA SHEET



OWOHNEDUR 8301-90 - All variants

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: OWOHNEDUR 8301-90 - All variants **Product name** 

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person

: Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

**National contact** 

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

**National advisory body/Poison Centre** 

: In an emergency, call 112 Telephone number

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Signal word : No signal word.

**Hazard statements** : H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

: P273 - Avoid release to the environment. **Prevention** 

Response : Not applicable. **Storage** : Not applicable.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Supplemental label

elements

**Annex XVII - Restrictions** on the manufacture, placing on the market and

use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

2.3 Other hazards

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## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
3-Butoxypropan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475527-28 EC: 225-878-4 CAS: 5131-66-8 Index: 603-052-00-8	≤3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1]
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤3	Not classified.	-	[2]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	<1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt	REACH #: 01-2119436357-36 EC: 700-161-3	<0.1	Acute Tox. 1, H330 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.05 mg/l M [Chronic] = 10	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### **Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**Eve contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

evelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

: Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed Ingestion

person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting

unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

### **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

**Eye contact** : No specific data. Inhalation : No specific data. Skin contact : No specific data. Ingestion : No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

# SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: None known.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the** substance or mixture : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous combustion** products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. **Industrial sector specific** : Not available. solutions

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The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

# 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).
	[Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ethers (mixture of isomers)]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 307 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	CEIL: 100 ppm, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
	CEIL: 614 mg/m³, 8 times per shift, 5 minutes.
Triethanolamine	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021).
	Sensitization potential.
	TWA: 0.8 ppm 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	PEAK: 1.6 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable
	fraction
	PEAK: 10 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable
	fraction
2-Butoxyethanol	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	PEAK: 40 ppm, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes.
	PEAK: 200 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 30 minutes.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021).
	[Dipropyleenglycolmonomethylether] Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Triethanolamine	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.
•	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
2.p. apyremagiyaa.maa.yraa.ia.	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). [2-
	(Methoxymethyletoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin.
	Limit value 8 hours: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of
2 Batekyottianer	Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed
	through skin.
	Limit value 8 hours: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	Limit value 15 min: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	Limit value 15 min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	Limit value 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Colvert people (notreleves) light engine	• •
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia).
	ELV: 100 ppm
Discount of the state of the st	ELV: 400 mg/m³
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol]
	Absorbed through skin.
	ELV: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
0 D 1 11 1	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/
2-Butoxyethanol	STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin.

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STELV: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STELV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ELV: 20 ppm 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed Dipropyleneglycolmethylether through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed 2-Butoxyethanol

through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m3 8 hours.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [Nafta solvents]

TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech 3-Butoxypropan-2-ol

Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 49.14 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100.1 ppm 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol

(mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 43.74 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 89.1 ppm 15 minutes.

Triethanolamine

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 0.805 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 1.61 ppm 15 minutes.

2-Butoxyethanol

Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m3 15 minutes. STEL: 40.8 ppm 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [Dipropylenglycolmethylether] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 309 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 618 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

Triethanolamine

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022).

TWA: 0.5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 3.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 6.2 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.

2-Butoxyethanol

Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

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Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Triethanolamine Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 2-Butoxyethanol 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 2-Butoxyethanol of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (Finland, 10/2020). TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Dipropyleneglycolmethylether (Finland, 10/2021). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Triethanolamine Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 250 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [hydrocarbons C6-C12] Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) TWA: 1000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Vapour STEL: 1500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Vapour Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy) -propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol

Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

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TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

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TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy) Dipropyleneglycolmethylether propanol] TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether (mixture of isomers)] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 310 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 310 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Triethanolamine DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction PEAK: 1 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). PEAK: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction 2-Butoxyethanol TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 20 ppm 15 minutes. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. PEAK: 20 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit Dipropyleneglycolmethylether values (Greece, 9/2021). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 2-Butoxyethanol Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 120 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). [Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether] TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed 2-Butoxyethanol through skin. Skin sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. PEAK: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes. PEAK: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Dipropyleneglycolmethylether [dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Triethanolamine Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). 2-Butoxyethanol Absorbed through skin. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

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TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy) -1-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived

Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Triethanolamine NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational

Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
OELV-8hr: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU

derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values

OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from

chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).

Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hours: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from

chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020).

Absorbed through skin. 8 hours: 20 ppm 8 hours.

8 hours: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours. Short Term: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Short Term: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).

[Methoxy propoxy propanols] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).
Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.

Triethanolamine Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Skin

sensitiser. Inhalation sensitiser.

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-Butoxyethanol Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).

Absorbed through skin.
TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 100 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021). [(2-methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol]

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Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m³ 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I

(Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

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Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)-propanol] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational

exposure limit values

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [dipropylene glycolmethylether]

OEL, 8-h TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.7 ppm 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 20.4 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Triethanolamine FOR

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 240 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol STEL: 480 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible

of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

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TWA: 98 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

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Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [2-Metoximetiletoxipropanol] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Triethanolamine Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

2-Butoxyethanol Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). [Solvent naphtha] Absorbed through skin. VLA: 100 mg/m3 8 hours. Short term: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 50 ppm 8 hours. HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and 2-Butoxyethanol additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin. VLA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [2-methoxymetyl-ethoxypropanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m³, (2-methoxymetyl-ethoxypropanol) 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm, (2-methoxymetyl-ethoxypropanol) 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). [ (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (mixture of isomers)] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 308 mg/m³, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to 2-Butoxyethanol exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 50 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, Dipropyleneglycolmethylether 4/2022). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Triethanolamine National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 245 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Dipropyleneglycolmethylether Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden. 9/2021). [dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether] Absorbed

through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 450 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.

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Triethanolamine

TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 1.6 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.8 ppm 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 246 mg/m³ 15 minutes. SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether Dipropyleneglycolmethylether (mixture of isomers)1 STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Triethanolamine STEL: 5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction 2-Butoxyethanol SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 49 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 20 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 98 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed Dipropyleneglycolmethylether through skin. TWA: 308 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 2-Butoxyethanol EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed Toluene through skin. STEL: 384 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 191 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	
2-Butoxyethanol	Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015)  Biological limit values: 0.17 mmol/mmol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.  Biological limit values: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: the end of the shift at the end of the week.
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	
No exposure indices known.	

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No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

# DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022) Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift / for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift; for long-term exposures: at the end of shift after several shifts.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

No exposure indices known.

•

2-Butoxyethanol

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

2-Butoxyethanol

No exposure indices known.

2-Butoxyethanol

2-Butoxyethanol

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

### Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

# Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)

BAT: 150 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (after hydrolysis) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift, at long-term exposure: at the end of the work shift after several consecutive workdays.

# National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022)

VLB: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

### SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)

BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, 2-butoxy acetic acid (after hydrolisis) [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours. In case of long-term exposure: after more than one shift.

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#### EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018)

BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

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procedures

Recommended monitoring: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
romatic	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/		Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	837.5 mg/	population Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	VVOIKEIS	Lucai
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
Putavijaranan 2 al	DNE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	Morkoro	Systemis
s-Butoxypropan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	147 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
		Long tom Ordi	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	22 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	43 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	52 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 50 %	General	Local
	DINEL	Short term Dermai	30 %	population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 %	General	Local
			00 / 10	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	50 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 %	Workers	Local
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNE	1 4	bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37.2 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg		Systemic
		Long tomi Domia	bw/day	population	Joionno
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	308 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
N. Parting of the control of the con	D	Inhalation		0	
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	bw/day 26.7 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DIVEL	Chort tellii Oral	kg bw/day	population	Gysterrit
	DNEL	Long term	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	,	population	- , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , - , -
	DNEL	Long term	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	147 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection						
DNEL	Short term	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local		
	Inhalation					
DNEL	Short term	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic		
	Inhalation		population			
DNEL	Short term	1091 mg/	Workers	Systemic		
	Inhalation	m³				

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

#### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

# **Skin protection Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type (spray application):

**Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
water	100	212	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 1.1% ((2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol)

limit Upper: 14% ((2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol)

Flash point : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	207	404.6	EU A.15
Polyethylene wax	244.85	472.7	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : 8.2 to 8.8

Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure :

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
water	17.5	2.3				
3-Butoxypropan-2-ol	1.05	0.14	OECD 104			

Relative density: Not available.Density: 1 g/cm³Vapour density: Not available.Explosive properties: Not available.Oxidising properties: Not available.

**Particle characteristics** 

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

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# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: No specific data.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3100 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (vapours)	625 mg/l

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
3-Butoxypropan-2-ol	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Sensitisation** 

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Mutagenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Carcinogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

**Teratogenicity** 

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Reaction mass of mixed (3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl) phosphates, ammonium salt	Category 2	oral	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes

of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary**: Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

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# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Not available.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 800000 μg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1250000 μg/l Marine water	Fish Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Crangon crangon Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	-	10 to 2500	High
light aromatic			
3-Butoxypropan-2-ol	1.2	-	Low
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	0.004	-	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## **Product**

**Methods of disposal** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**European waste** catalogue (EWC) : 08.01.16

**Packaging** 

**Methods of disposal** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

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# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Special precautions** 

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	9006	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	9	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

### **Additional information**

ADN

: The product is only regulated as a dangerous good when transported in tank vessels.

14.6 Special precautions for user

: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation** 

**Annex XIV** 

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
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Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air : Not listed

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

**Persistent Organic Pollutants** 

Not listed.

**Seveso Directive** 

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

**National regulations** 

<u>Austria</u>

VbF class : Not regulated.

Limitation of the use of : Permitted.

organic solvents

Czech Republic

Storage code : IV

**Denmark** 

Danish fire class : IV-1
MAL-code : 1-1

**Protection based on MAL** 

: According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 1-1

**Application:** During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Gas filter mask must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. - Full mask with combined filter and arm protectors must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied half mask, eye protection, coveralls and hood must be worn.

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National

Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

: Not listed

**Finland France** 

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic **RG 84** 3-Butoxypropan-2-ol **RG 84** Dipropyleneglycolmethylether **RG 84** 2-Butoxyethanol **RG 84** 

**Reinforced medical** surveillance

: Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

**Germany** 

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 10 **Hazardous incident ordinance** 

This product is not controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

**Hazard class for water** 

**Technical instruction on** 

: TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 7%

air quality control

TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 1.2%

**AOX** 

: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX

value in waste water.

Italy

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

**Netherlands** 

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	•	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

**Water Discharge Policy** 

(ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

**Norway Sweden** 

**Switzerland** 

**VOC** content : VOC (w/w): 6.6%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

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# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

List name	Ingredient name	Status
Schedule III	Triethanolamine	Listed

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

## **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

# **Abbreviations and** acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

# Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Acute Tox. 1 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 1
Acute Tox. 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Lig. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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#### **Notice to reader**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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