Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Malta

SAFETY DATA SHEET



OWOGRIP 4394-10

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: OWOGRIP 4394-10

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority (MCCAA): +356 2395 2000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Varning	
Hazard statements	1226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. 1336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	2210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and othe cources. No smoking. 2261 - Avoid breathing vapour.	er ignition
Response	2304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you fee	el unwell.
Storage	2403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly clos	sed.
Disposal	2501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, requational and international regulations.	gional,
Hazardous ingredients	Contains: n-Butyl acetate	

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements	:
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤1	Repr. 2, H361fd See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid n	neas	sures
Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

SECTION 5. Fileligh	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	om the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, wit the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident i there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	со	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other	
sections	

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

(Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
F	25c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredie	nt name		Exposure limit valu	es		
n-Butyl acetate		EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.				
Xylene		TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational				
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	exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		5
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	-		-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
e of issue/Date of revision : 14/	05/2024	Date of previous issue	: No prev	ious validation Ve	rsion :1 6/10

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ECTION 8: Exposure cor	111012/1	bersonal prote	CUON		
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	•	population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVEL	Inhalation	22 i mg/m	Wonters	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Oral			Systemic
		1	kg bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	0		,
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	;		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			Cysternic
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL		33 mg/m ³	General	Local
z-weinoxy-i-meinyieinyi aceiale	DINEL	Long term	ss mg/m⁼		LOCAI
		Inhalation	00	population	0
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DITE	Inhalation	eee mg/m	i ontoro	2000
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DIVEL		bw/day	Wonters	Cystonio
Ethylhonzono	DNEL	Long torm Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Conorol	Svotomio
Ethylbenzene	DINEL	Long term Oral		General	Systemic
		1	bw/day	population	O. un formation
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	;		
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVICE	Inhalation	004 mg/m	Wonters	Cystonio
arony didy matrimath an al			0.24 mg/	Conorol	Sustamia
propylidynetrimethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.34 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.34 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	0.58 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.94 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		-	kg bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	3.3 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	1	Inhalation	J		

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.			
Individual protection measu	<u>+S</u>			
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothir Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.			
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.			
Skin protection				
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.			
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.			
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm			
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.			
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.			
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.			
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importan aspects of use. Filter type: A			
	Filter type (spray application): A P			
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. 			

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physic	cal and chemical properties			
Appearance				
Physical state	: Liquid.			
Colour	: Various			
Odour	: Slight			
Odour threshold	: Not available.			
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.			
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Initial boiling point and boiling range

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Me	thod	
n-Butyl acetate		126	258.8	OE	CD 103	
Ethylbenzene		136.1	277	OE	CD 104	
Flammability	: Not av	/ailable.		1		
Lower and upper explosion limit		:: 0.8% :: 7.6%				
Flash point	: Close	d cup: 27°C	(80.6°F)			
Auto-ignition temperature	:					
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Me	thod	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		333	631.4	DIN	I 51794	
n-Butyl acetate		415	779	EU	A.15	
Decomposition temperature	: Not av	/ailable.				
рН	: Not ap	oplicable.				
Viscosity	: Not av	/ailable.				
Solubility(ies) Not available.	:					
Solubility in water	: Not av	/ailable.				
Partition coefficient: n-octan water	ol/ : Not ap	oplicable.				
Vapour pressure	:					
	Vap	our Pressui	re at 20°C	Va	pour pres	sure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Ha	kPa	Method

	Vap	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			apour pres	ssure at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Relative density	: Not a	vailable.					
Density	: 1 g/c	: 1 g/cm ³					
Vapour density	: Not a	: Not available.					
Explosive properties	: Not a	: Not available.					
Oxidising properties	: Not available.						
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size	: Not a	pplicable.					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Jnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials					
Date of issue/Date of revision OWOGRIP 4394-10	: 14/05/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 9/16 Label No :31638					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
propylidynetrimethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	16916.21 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	138.13 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	e not met.	
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<u>Mutagenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.				
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes : Not available.

of exposure <u>Potential acute health effects</u>

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours
propylidynetrimethanol	Acute EC50 13000000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 14400000 μg/l Marine water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Fish - Cyprinodon variegatus	48 hours 96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classifica	ation criteria are not met.	

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.
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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08.01.11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

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ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)
3	3	3	3
Ш	111	111	111
No.	Yes.	No.	No.
	UN1993 FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene) 3 3 III	UN1993UN1993FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)33IIIIII	UN1993UN1993UN1993FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)333IIIIIIIII

Additional information		
ADR/RID	:	Tunnel code (D/E)
ADN	:	The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision OWOGRIP 4394-10 : 14/05/2024 Date of previous issue

sue : No previous validation

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

substances, mixtures and articles		
Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
OWOGRIP 4394-10	≥90	3
Labelling :		
Other EU regulations		
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air		
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water		
Explosive precursors : Not applicat	ole.	
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/	<u>EU)</u>	
Not listed.		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/E	<u>U)</u>	
Not listed.		
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.		
Seveso Directive		
This product is controlled under the Seveso	Directive.	
Danger criteria		
Category		
P5c		
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedu	<u>ules I, II &</u>	k III Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Orga	nic Pollu	itants
Not listed.		
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed (Consent ((PIC)
		<u></u>

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	at has changed nom providely loaded version.
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
	On basis of test data Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 14/05/2024
Date of previous issue	No previous validation
Version	: 1

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.