

SAFETY DATA SHEET



OWEDUR ANTI RUTSCH 3314-30 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : OWEDUR ANTI RUTSCH 3314-30 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT SE 3, H336

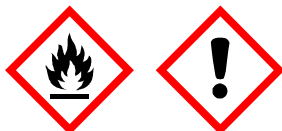
The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	: Contains: n-Butyl acetate; acetone; Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated and Dibutyltin dilaurate
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ l	[1] [2]
Propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ l	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and	REACH #:	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	-	[1]

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/01/2025 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 2/26

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Label No : 51742

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

C16-18-unsatd., maleated	01-2119976378-19 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2		Skin Sens. 1, H317		
Dibutyltin dilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119496068-27 EC: 201-039-8 CAS: 77-58-7	<0.25	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360FD STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1] [2]
propylidynetrimethanol	REACH #: 01-2119486799-10 EC: 201-074-9 CAS: 77-99-6	≤0.3	Repr. 2, H361fd	-	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 3620 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 1500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1210 mg/m ³ .
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Propan-2-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 1250 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 999 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m ³ .

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Dibutyltin dilaurate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [tin compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO)] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m ³ (as Sn). TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ (as Sn).
Maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 3 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 1 mg/m ³ .

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 2 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral 2 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 3.4 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal 6 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 7 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal 11 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 12 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 35.7 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 48 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 300 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 300 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 300 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 600 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 600 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
acetone	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 62 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 62 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 186 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 200 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 1210 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 2420 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 33 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 33 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 36 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 275 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 320 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	550 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 796 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Xylene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 65.3 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 65.3 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 212 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Propan-2-ol	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 500 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 888 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 26 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral 51 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 89 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 178 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 319 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1000 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 442 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DMEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 884 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 1.6 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 15 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 77 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 180 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 293 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 1.5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 1.5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 3 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Dibutyltin dilaurate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.0031 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.0046 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

0.02 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.02 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

0.04 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.059 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.16 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.43 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

0.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

2.08 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

propylidynetrimethanol

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.34 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.34 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.58 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.94 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

3.3 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Maleic anhydride

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.05 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.06 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.08 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.081 mg/m³

Effects: Local

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.081 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

0.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.2 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.2 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

- : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
- < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
- 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Filter type: A X
- Filter type (spray application): A X P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Colourless.
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
acetone	56.05	132.9	
Propan-2-ol	83	181.4	

- Flammability** : Not available.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 0.8% (xylene)
Upper: 13% (acetone)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Ethene, homopolymer	330 to 410	626 to 770	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Decomposition temperature : Not available.
pH : Not applicable.
Viscosity : Not available.
Solubility(ies) :
Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetone	180.01463	24				
Propan-2-ol	33.00268	4.4				

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 0.9 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result
-------------------------	--------

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

n-Butyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50 10760 mg/kg EU
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 14112 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 0.74 mg/l [4 hours]
acetone	Rat - Oral - LD50 5800 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50 8532 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 >5 g/kg
Xylene	Rat - Oral - LD50 4300 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour 21.7 mg/l [4 hours]
Propan-2-ol	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 12800 mg/kg
	Rat - Oral - LD50 5000 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects:</u> Behavioral - General anesthetic
Ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50 3500 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 15400 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists 29000 mg/l [4 hours]
Dibutyltin dilaurate	Rat - Oral - LD50 175 mg/kg
propylidynetrimethanol	Rat - Oral - LD50 14000 mg/kg
Maleic anhydride	Rat - Oral - LD50 400 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 2620 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
OWEDUR ANTI RUTSCH 3314-30	N/A	22353.2	N/A	182.4	N/A
n-Butyl acetate	10760	14112	N/A	N/A	N/A
acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
Propan-2-ol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000
propylidynetrimethanol	14000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maleic anhydride	400	2620	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

acetone

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Xylene

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

Propan-2-ol

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Ethylbenzene

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

Dibutyltin dilaurate

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

acetone

Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Xylene

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Propan-2-ol

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Ethylbenzene

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Dibutyltin dilaurate

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Maleic anhydride

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 1 %

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

acetone

Xylene

Propan-2-ol

Dibutyltin dilaurate

Result

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 1, H370

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Dibutyltin dilaurate

Maleic anhydride

Result

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)

STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)

STOT RE 1, H372

STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation)

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

: Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact

: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

Skin contact

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking

Ingestion

: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl acetate

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*
Age: 31 to 32 days; Size: 21.6 mm; Weight: 0.175 g
18000 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina*
32 mg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Mortality

acetone

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*
10000 µg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Guppy - *Poecilia reticulata*
Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm
5600 ppm [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*
4.95 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Reproduction

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*
20.565 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Daphnia - *Daphniidae*
0.016 ml/l [21 days]

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Effect: Population

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Fish - Threespine stickleback - *Gasterosteus aculeatus* - Larvae

Age: 7 days

5 µg/l [42 days]

Effect: Growth

Propan-2-ol

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - *Crangon crangon*

1400000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Harlequinfish, red rasbora - *Rasbora heteromorpha*

Size: 1 to 3 cm

4200000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Dibutyltin dilaurate

Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - *Desmodesmus subspicatus*

>2 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Histology

propylidynetrimethanol

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - *Daphnia magna*

Age: 1 to 3 days

13000000 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Intoxication

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Sheepshead minnow - *Cyprinodon variegatus*

14400000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Maleic anhydride

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Western mosquitofish - *Gambusia affinis* - Adult

230000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Dibutyltin dilaurate	4.44	2.91	Low
propylidynetrimethanol	-0.47	<1	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
n-Butyl acetate	1.52	33.2139
acetone	0.56	3.6548
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363
Propan-2-ol	0.54	3.4364
Ethylbenzene	2.23	170.406
propylidynetrimethanol	1.22	16.5101
Maleic anhydride	1.06	11.4841

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	T	vPvM	vP	vM
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
acetone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Propan-2-ol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Dibutyltin dilaurate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
propylidynetrimethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
acetone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Propan-2-ol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Dibutyltin dilaurate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
propylidynetrimethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
acetone	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Propan-2-ol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Dibutyltin dilaurate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
propylidynetrimethanol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Maleic anhydride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.





European waste catalogue (EWC) : 08.01.11

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

Date of issue/Date of revision : 20/01/2025 **Date of previous issue** : No previous validation **Version** : 1 **22/26**

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SECTION 14: Transport information

- ADR/RID** : **Special provisions** 640 (C)
Tunnel code (D/E)
- ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
Special provisions 640 (C)
- IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
OWEDUR ANTI RUTSCH 3314-30	≥90	3

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148. All suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point.

Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Annex	Ingredient name	Status
Annex I - Part 1	Dibutyltin compounds	Listed

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Category

P5c

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360FD	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 20/01/2025

Date of previous issue

: No previous validation

Version : 1

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SECTION 16: Other information

H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

Date of issue/ Date of revision : 20/01/2025

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

OWEDUR ANTI RUTSCH 3314-30

All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

