Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



OWEDUR 4350-90

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier Product name

: OWEDUR 4350-90

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

Signal word Hazard statements

: Warning

: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention	-	 P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage		P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	;	Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Xylene; EO bis(benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat and bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate
Supplemental label elements	1	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

OWEDUR 4350-90

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

EACH #: -2119485493-29 C: 204-658-1 AS: 123-86-4	% ≥25 - ≤50	Classification Flam. Liq. 3, H226	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
-2119485493-29 C: 204-658-1	≥25 - ≤50		_	
dex: 607-025-00-1		STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066		[1] [2]
EACH #: -2119488216-32 C: 215-535-7 AS: 1330-20-7 dex: 601-022-00-9	≤13	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
EACH #: -2119455851-35 C: 265-199-0 AS: 64742-95-6 dex: 649-356-00-4	≤6.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
EACH #: -2119475791-29 C: 203-603-9 AS: 108-65-6 dex: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
	ACH #: 2119475791-29 : 203-603-9 S: 108-65-6 ex: 607-195-00-7	ACH #: ≤5 2119475791-29 : 203-603-9 S: 108-65-6 ex: 607-195-00-7	ACH #: 2119475791-29 203-603-9 S: 108-65-6 ex: 607-195-00-7	ACH #: 2119475791-29 203-603-9 S: 108-65-6 ex: 607-195-00-7

Label No :51831

Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	<1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 255-437-1 CAS: 41556-26-7	≤0.85	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 280-060-4 CAS: 82919-37-7	≤0.22	Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	neasures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

<u>Over-exposure signs/s</u>	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	nediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

SECTION 5: Firefigh	ung measures
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
 Hazards from the substance or mixture Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may be the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life values and effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain. 	
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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OWEDUR 4350-90				Label No	51831	1

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
sections	See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
	See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

—	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific

: Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
-	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-
-	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices		
Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.		
procedures European S assessmen values and atmosphere of exposure (Workplace for the mea	should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the t of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace es - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures surement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be		

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	n Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	bw/day 2 mg/kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
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VEDUR 4350-90				L	.abel No :51831

		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ū	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DUE	Inhalation		a 1	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Long town Down of	bw/day	population	C. et a mia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm	bw/day 12 mg/m³	General	Svetomia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	40 mg/m	Workers	Oysternie
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
Gione	DILLE	Inhalation	oo.o mg/m	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ū		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day population		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DUE	Inhalation	440 / 3		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	0.44	0	O. un tra mailin
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³		Systemic
aromatic	DNEL	Inhalation	$1.0 m g/m^{3}$	population Workers	Sustamia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m ³	WORKERS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	m ³	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	5 15 mg/m	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m ³		20001
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m ³	-	
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		-	bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic

			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 15 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	77 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DMEL	Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Foluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	56.5 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	192 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 226 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	226 mg/m ³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Fatty acids, C14-18 and	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
C16-18-unsatd., maleated	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 1.5 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 3 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
Maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term	bw/day 0.081 mg/	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	m³ 0.081 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m ³ 0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.05 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.08 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection					
DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 0.2 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic	
DNEL	Long term Dermal	,	Workers	Systemic	

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Various
: Slight
: Not available.
: Not available.
:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	

Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit : Not available.

losion : Lower: 0.8% Upper: 7.6%

2

Flash point

: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) :

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		280 to 470	536 to 878		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		333	631.4	DIN 51794	
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ailable.			
pH : Not app		olicable.			
Viscosity	Viscosity : Not availa				
Solubility(ies)	lubility(ies) :				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	: Not ava	ailable.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not app	olicable.			

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2				
Ethylbenzene	9.30076	1.2					
Relative density	: Not	available.					

Density	: 1 g/cm ³
Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and reactivity
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light aromatic				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
acetate				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
-	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	9057.2 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	74.07 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
l Date of issue/Date of revision	: 06/03/2024 Date of previo	us issue : No	previous va	l alidation Versi	ion :1 12/20
DWEDUR 4350-90				Label I	No :51831

SECTION 11: Toxic	ological information				
light aromatic				uL	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
		D 11 1		100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	_	mg 24 hours 250	_
		i ig	_	uL	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Maleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic ski	n reaction.			
Mutagenicity	, ,				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data,	the classification	n criteria a	are not met.	
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>	,				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data,	the classification	n criteria a	are not met.	
Reproductive toxicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data,	the classification	n criteria a	are not met.	
Teratogenicity					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data,	the classification	n criteria a	are not met.	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Toluene	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

: 06/03/2024 Date of previous issue

	logical information
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	vsical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	cts as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate	: Not available.
effects	
effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	 Not available. Not available. Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	 Not available. Not available. Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects	 Not available. Not available. Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health effects Not available.	 Not available. Not available. Not available.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. Conclusion/Summary	 Not available. Not available. Not available. Fects Not available. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very sensitized.
Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. Conclusion/Summary General	 Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. Not available. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to velow levels.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	Acute EC50 3.2 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 9.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus</i> <i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08.01.11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group		111	111	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional information ADR/RID : Tunnel code (D/E) ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.				
14.6 Special precau user	upright and	-	always transport in clos sons transporting the pro	

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
OWEDUR 4350-90 Toluene	≥90 <1	3 48
Labelling :		

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Not listed
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	:	Not listed
Explosive precursors	:	Not applicable.
Ozone depleting substanc	es	<u>(1005/2009/EU)</u>

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals Not listed.

Date of issue/Date of revision OWEDUR 4350-90

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	5 1 5
Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SECTION 16: Ot	her information	
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2	
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B	
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1	
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A	
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1	
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2	
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 06/03/2024	
Date of previous issue	No previous validation	
Version	: 1	

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision OWEDUR 4350-90 : 06/03/2024 Date of previous issue