Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1/20

OWEDUR 4193-10 - FARBLOS-INCOLORE-COLOURLESS

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : OWEDUR 4193-10 - FARBLOS-INCOLORE-COLOURLESS

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

: Danger

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
- H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/03/2024	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	1
OWEDUR 4193-10 - FARBLOS-I	VCOLORE-C	OLOURLESS		Label No	:6956	6

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention		P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,
Flevention	1	or hearing protection.
		P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
		sources. No smoking.
		P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	1	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	1	Contains: acetone; n-Butyl acetate; Toluene and Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated
Supplemental label elements	1	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other bazarde which do		Nana known

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥10 - <25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Compo	osition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19 EC: 288-306-2 CAS: 85711-46-2	≤0.3	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Maleic anhydride	REACH #: 01-2119472428-31 EC: 203-571-6 CAS: 108-31-6 Index: 607-096-00-9	≤0.1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory system) (inhalation) EUH071 See Section 16 for the full text of the H	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.001%	[1] [2]
			statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

SECTION 4. Thist and	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
4.3 Indication of any imme	diate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/03/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 4/20

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

SECTION 5. Thengi	ing measures
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	СО	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other	
sections	

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations Industrial sector spec

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
acetone	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	STEL: 3620 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
-	STEL: 966 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 191 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-
	p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
	STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Maleic anhydride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Inhalation
	sensitiser.
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Γ

Product/ingredien	t name	Exposure indices				
Xylene		m-, p- or mixed iso	iol creatinine, methyl hippu	, - -		
Recommended monitoring procedures	European Stand assessment of of values and mea atmospheres - (of exposure to of (Workplace atm for the measure	dard EN 689 (Workp exposure by inhalation asurement strategy) Guide for the applica chemical and biologion tospheres - General ement of chemical ag	oring standards, such as t lace atmospheres - Guida on to chemical agents for o European Standard EN 14 tion and use of procedure cal agents) European Sta requirements for the perfo gents) Reference to natior rmination of hazardous su	nce for the comparison w 4042 (Workpla s for the asse ndard EN 482 prmance of pro- nal guidance	ace ssment 2 ocedures	
DNELs/DMELs						
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 12/03/2024 Da	te of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	7/20	

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Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Toluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	192 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 226 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	226 mg/m ³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	bw/day 384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Xylene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Local

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	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Local
	2.122	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNLL		200 mg/m		Systemic
	DNE	Inhalation	001	population	Land
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	10 F /	. .	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Ū	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		- ,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DILL	Inhalation	22 T mg/m	W ON CON	Cystoniio
	DNEL		$110 m g/m^{3}$	Markara	
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNE	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DILLE	Inhalation	210 mg/m		Cyclonic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCE	Long term Derma	bw/day	population	Oysternic
		Chart tarma			
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	"		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	3 ,		-,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Derma	bw/day	WOIKCI3	Oysternie
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL		295 mg/m	VUIKEIS	LUCAI
	DME	Inhalation	440		1 1
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Fatty acids, C14-18 and	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
C16-18-unsatd., maleated			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		- ,
Maleic anhydride	DNEL	Long term	0.081 mg/	Workers	Local
	DILLE	Inhalation	m ³		Loodi
	DNEL	Long term	0.081 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINCE	Inhalation	m ³	WOIKEI3	Oysternic
				Markara	
	DNEL	Short term	0.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	D	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	0.2 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	0.05 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.06 mg/	General	Systemic
		-	kg bw/day	population	-
	1				1

DNEL	Long term	0.08 mg/m ³	General	Local
	Inhalation	0100g,	population	
DNEL	Short term Oral	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	sures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Filter type: A
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to
controls	ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
	In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process
	equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
acetone	56.05	132.9	
Toluene	110.6	231.1	

Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0.8% Upper: 13%
Flash point	: Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		333	631.4	DIN 51794
n-Butyl acetate		415	779	EU A.15
Decomposition temperature	: Not ava	ilable.		
рН	: Not ava	ilable.		
Viscosity	: Not ava	ilable.		
Solubility(ies)	:			

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/	1	Not applicable.
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\$

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetone	180.01463	24				
Toluene	23.17	3.1				
Relative density	: Not	available.			·	·
Density	: 0.9	g/cm³				
Vapour density	: Not	available.				
Explosive properties	: Not	available.				
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.				
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

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SECTION 10: Stabilit	and reactivity	
10.1 Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredie	ents.
10.2 Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur	r.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, we braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.	weld,
10.5 Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition product should not be produced.	ts

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Maleic anhydride	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2620 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Dermal	16979.36 mg/kg	
Inhalation (vapours)	135.21 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eves - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-

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ECTION 11: TOXIC	ological information			1	1
Foluene	Even Mild irritant	Rabbit		mg 0.5 minutes	
loiuene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	870 ug	_
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 2	-
		T COD DIC		ma	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
		Ũ		uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
(ylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	China Mildimitant	Det		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat Rabbit	-	8 hours 60 uL 100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skill - Moderate Initalit	Rabbit	-	mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
/laleic anhydride	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.				•
ensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic ski	n reaction.			
lutagenicity	, ,				
	: Based on available data,	the classification	n criteria a	are not met.	
arcinogenicity					
	. Deserve an even lieble date	. .	., .		

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. <u>Reproductive toxicity</u>

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone n-Butyl acetate Toluene Xylene	Category 3 Category 3 Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs
Maleic anhydride	Category 1	inhalation	respiratory system

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SECTION 11: Toxicological information Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics : Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects **Potential delayed effects** : Not available. Long term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects **Potential delayed effects** : Not available. Potential chronic health effects Not available. : Not available. **Conclusion/Summary** General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

- Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- **Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
5	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus</i> pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	, Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Maleic anhydride	Acute LC50 230000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia affinis</i> - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.
oonclusion/ounnary	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Maleic anhydride	-2.78	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	6
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08.01.11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, n- butyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, n- butyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information	
ADR/RID	: <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	 The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels. <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C)
IMDG	: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.6 Special	precautions	fc
user		

- or : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO
- : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

instruments

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]		
OWEDUR 4193-10 Toluene	≥90 ≥10 - ≤25	3 48		
Labelling :				
Other EU regulations				
Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air				
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water				
Explosive precursors : Not applica	ble.			
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/ Not listed.	' <u>EU)</u>			
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/	<u>EU)</u>			
Not listed.				
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.				
Seveso Directive				
This product is controlled under the Seveso	Directive.			
Danger criteria				
Category				
P5c				
International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Sched Not listed.	ules I, II & III	<u>Chemicals</u>		
Montreal Protocol				
Not listed.				
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Org	anic Pollutan	ts		
Not listed.				
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	: This product contains substances for
assessment	required.

for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.			
acronyms	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative		

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2		
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2		
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3		
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2		
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1		
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B		
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A		
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1		
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2		
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3		
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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