# Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1	Product identifier	
Pr	roduct name	

: OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

### **National contact**

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Danger
- : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
  - H315 Causes skin irritation.
  - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
  - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
  - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

: 19/12/2023 Date of previous issue

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
		P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response		P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage		P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	:	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: acetone; n-Butyl acetate; Xylene and EO bis(benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat
Supplemental label elements	:	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]

	EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4		STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	1	
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	<2.5	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Methyl methacrylate	REACH #: 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6	<1	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of

equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

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	toms and effects, both acute and delayed
<u>Over-exposure signs/sy</u> Eye contact	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following:</li> <li>pain or irritation</li> <li>watering</li> <li>redness</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	fron	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters		Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel
 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

#### Danger criteria

S	SECTION 7: Handling and storage		
	Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
	P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
acetone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Mothyl motheonylate	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Methyl methacrylate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Sensitization potential. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

**Biological exposure indices** 

Product/ingredient	ame Exposure indices	
acetone	<b>NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)</b> BMGV: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: e As soon as possible after exposure ceases.	nd of shift -
Xylene	<b>NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]</b> BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in un Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible afte ceases.	
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpre- measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in en Sampling time: not critical. BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biol analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance b quantitative interpretation of the measurement is amb These analytes should be used as a screening test if test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the qua is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in q mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sam end of shift at end of workweek.	etation of the be used as a as a and the origin dexhaled air]. logical ut the iguous. a quantitative antitative test uestion.],
Recommended monitoring : procedures	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the follow European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for t assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparis values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (W atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard El Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guida documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substance required.	the son with limit orkplace assessment N 482 of procedure ance

### **DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm	bw/day	General	Sustamia
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	1210 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	DINCL	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	WOIKEI3	Oysternic
	DNEL	Short term	2420 mg/	Workers	Local
	DINCE	Inhalation	m <sup>3</sup>	Wontero	Loodi
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
e of issue/Date of revision : 19	/12/2023	Date of previous issue	: No prev	ious validation	ersion : 1 7/19
VEDUR 4126-50 - All variants				Lab	el No :51866

ECTION 8: Exposure co	-	-	-			
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
		Inhalation	000 1 3		1 1	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	bw/day 12 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	population Workers	Systemic	
Xylene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	65.3 mg/m³	General	Local	
		Inhalation	$260 m a/m^{3}$	population General		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic	
		Inhalation	004	population	Less	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 65.3 mg/m³	population General	Systemic	
	DINLL	Inhalation	00.5 mg/m	population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DMEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic	

lethyl methacrylate	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
5		Ū	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Local
		Inhalation	0	population	
	DNEL	Short term	416 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ		
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General	Local
			0	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General	Local
			0	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	13.67 mg/	Workers	Systemic
			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	74.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū	population	
	DNEL	Long term	104 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	•	population	
	DNEL	Long term	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	0		
	DNEL	Long term	348.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m³ Č		-

### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

9.2 Expedite controls	
8.2 Exposure controls Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection measu	<u>i</u>
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.

: 19/12/2023 Date of previous issue

9/19

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Colourless.
: Slight
: Not available.
: Not available.
:

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
acetone		56.05	132.9		
n-Butyl acetate		126	258.8	OECD 103	
Flammability	• Not ava	ilahle	ł		

Flammability	i Not available.
Lower and upper explosion	: Lower: 0.8%
lineit	Linnar: 12%

limit Upper: 13% **Flash point** 

: Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)

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### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
EO bis(benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat	405	761	

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Date of issue/Date of revision	: 1	19/12/2023	Date of pre	vious issue	 : No previous validation	1	Version	: 1	10/19	
Vapour pressure	:									
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	':	Not appl	icable.							
Solubility in water	:	Not avai	lable.							
Not available.										
Solubility(ies)	1									
Viscosity	:	Not avai	lable.							
рН	1	Not appl	icable.							
Decomposition temperature	1	Not avai	lable.							

OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants

	Va	pour Press	ure at 20°C	V	Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
acetone	180.01463	24						
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2					
Relative density	: Not	available.						
Density	: 0.9	g/cm³						
/apour density	: Not	available.						
Explosive properties	: Not	available.						
<b>Dxidising properties</b>	: Not	available.						
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.						

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity						
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.					
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.					
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.					
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.					
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials					
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.					

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-	
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-	
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours	
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	
acetate					
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-	
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours	
-	mists		-		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-	
Methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-	

### Acute toxicity estimates

: 19/12/2023 Date of previous issue

S	SECTION 11: Toxicological information				
	Route	ATE value			
	Dermal Inhalation (vapours)	7408.23 mg/kg 60.17 mg/l			

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	395 mg 24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild Intant	Rabbit	-	mg	-
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.		ł	<u>.</u>	
Sensitisation					
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin re	action.			
Mutagenicity	, ,				
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	not met.	
<u>Carcinogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification o	ritoria are	not met	
Reproductive toxicity		Gassingation G		not met.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	e not met.	
<u>Teratogenicity</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the	classification c	riteria are	e not met.	

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs		
acetone n-Butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects		
Xylene Methyl methacrylate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation Respiratory tract irritation		

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	0,	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene		oral, inhalation	hearing organs

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Date of issue/Date of revision

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

Information on likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects	5	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>'sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	ts	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	1	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.

Potential chronic health effects Not available

Not available.	
<b>Conclusion/Summary</b>	: Not available.
General	<ul> <li>May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.</li> </ul>
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Not available.

### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
,	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Adult	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Ethylbenzene Methyl methacrylate	3.6 1.38	-	Low Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste treatment methods Product						
Methods of disposal :	Disposal of t with the requ any regional products via	ion of waste should be av his product, solutions and lirements of environment local authority requireme a licensed waste disposa the sewer unless fully co ion.	d any by-products should al protection and waste on nts. Dispose of surplus al contractor. Waste sho	d at all time disposal le and non-ro ould not be	es con egislati ecycla e dispo	ion and able osed of
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19/12/2023	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	14/19

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

-	
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08.01.11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, n- butyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, n- butyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	11	II	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information				

ADR/RID	:	<u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	:	The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels. Special provisions 640 (C)
IMDG	1	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of $\leq$ 5 L or $\leq$ 5 kg.
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	<b>Transport within user's premises:</b> always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.
14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
OWEDUR 4126-50	≥90	3
Labelling :		
Other EU regulations		
Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air		
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water		
Explosive precursors : Not applicat Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/I Not listed.		
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/E Not listed.	<u>.0)</u>	
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.		
Seveso Directive This product is controlled under the Seveso Danger criteria	Directive.	
Category		
P5c		
International regulations		
Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedu	ules I, II & III	Chemicals
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol		
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Orga	anic Pollutan	<u>ts</u>
Not listed.		
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed ( Not listed.	<u>Consent (PIC</u>	2)
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Hea Not listed.	ivy Metals	
5.2 Chemical safety : This produc ssessment required.	t contains sub	bstances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19/12/2023	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version	:1	16/19
OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants				Label No	5186	6

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	a onangea nom provodsly isolaa version.
	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number</li> </ul>
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Procedure used to derive the	classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CL P/GHS]

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method

#### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
Date of issue/ Date of	: 19/12/2023
revision	
Date of previous issue	e : No previous validation
Version	: 1

OWEDUR 4126-50

### Notice to reader

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants : 19/12/2023 Date of previous issue