SAFETY DATA SHEET



OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : OWEDUR 4126-50 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : In an emergency, call 112

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373**

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention: P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response : P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Contains: acetone; n-Butyl acetate; Xylene and EO bis(benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226	-	[2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients EC: 202-849-4 **STOT RE 2, H373** CAS: 100-41-4 (hearing organs) (oral, Index: 601-023-00-4 inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EO bis(benztriazolyl) REACH #: < 2.5 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 [1] phenylpropionat 01-0000015075-76 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Methyl methacrylate REACH #: <1 [1] [2] Skin Irrit. 2, H315 01-2119452498-28 EC: 201-297-1 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335 CAS: 80-62-6 Index: 607-035-00-6 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
No exposure limit value known.	
n-Butyl acetate	Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STEL: 450 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl methacrylate	STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

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EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative acetone occupational exposure limit values TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative n-Butyl acetate occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list Ethylbenzene of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methyl methacrylate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. acetone Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 630 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1500 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs n-Butyl acetate (Finland, 10/2021). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 720 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 960 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs **Xylene** (Finland, 10/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. STEL: 440 mg/m3 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 270 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Ethylbenzene (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 880 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methyl methacrylate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs

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(Finland, 10/2021).

TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 42 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 210 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

acetone Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021).
TWA: 1780 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 3560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

n-Butyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021).

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.

STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021). [Xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 650 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ethylbenzene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021).
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Methyl methacrylate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit

values (Greece, 9/2021). STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

acetone Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.

n-Butyl acetate Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

[butyl acetate, all isomers]
TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

[xylene, all isomers] Absorbed through skin.

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 109 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Absorbed through skin.

Ethylbenzene | Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021).

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Absorbed through skin. STEL: 884 ma/m³ 15 minutes. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Methyl methacrylate Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. acetone NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational **Exposure Limit Values** OELV-8hr: 500 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours. n-Butyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. **Xylene** NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit **Values** OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 550 mg/m3 15 minutes. NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU Ethylbenzene derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours. OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Methyl methacrylate NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Sensitization potential. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours. OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. No exposure limit value known. acetone Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). n-Butyl acetate TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). [Xylenes] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).

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Ethylbenzene

Absorbed through skin.

TWA: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Methyl methacrylate

Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021).

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

acetone

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

STEL,15-min: 2420 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL, 8-h TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

n-Butyl acetate

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Xylene

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). [xylenes (all isomers)] Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 210 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 47.5 ppm 8 hours.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 550 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Ethylbenzene

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.

OEL, 8-h TWA: 215 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 430 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 97.3 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 48.6 ppm 8 hours.

Methyl methacrylate

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022).

OEL, 8-h TWA: 205 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL,15-min: 410 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEL,15-min: 100 ppm 15 minutes. OEL, 8-h TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

acetone Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.

n-Butyl acetate

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).

TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.

Xylene

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). [Xylene]

TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

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TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

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Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). Ethylbenzene TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. Methyl methacrylate Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014). Skin sensitiser. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. No exposure limit value known. acetone Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, n-Butyl acetate 9/2021). [butyl acetate] TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m3 15 minutes. Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, **Xylene** 9/2021). [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Ethylbenzene Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 220 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m3 15 minutes. Methyl methacrylate Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden,

9/2021). Skin sensitiser.

TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 400 mg/m3 15 minutes.

No exposure limit value known.

No exposure limit value known.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

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No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

acetone

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

No exposure indices known.

acetone

Xylene

Ethylbenzene

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020)

BEI: 5.2 mmol/l, mandelic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: after work shift at the end of the working week or exposure period.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

BEI: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014)

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	BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
No exposure indices known.	

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m³	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

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		T			ı
V. L.	DAIEL	Inhalation	05.0/3	0	1 1
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	260 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Lucai
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	200 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DIVLL	Inhalation	22 i ilig/ili	VVOINCIS	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Long tomi Orai	kg bw/day	population	Cystonno
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	D.11	Inhalation	00.0 mg/m	population	Cycleniic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		J	bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	· ·		
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	5. IEI	Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DAIEL	Ole and the same	bw/day	population	1 1
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation	706 ma/ka	Morkoro	Customia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Lutyiberizerie	DINLL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DIVLL	Inhalation	10 1119/111	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		_	_
Methyl methacrylate	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	D. :=:	01	bw/day	population	1 1
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	General	Local
	חאורי	Inhalation	116	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	416 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	General	Local
	DINCL	Onort term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm²	population	LUCAI
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	General	Local
	PINEL	Long term Dennal	1.5 mg/6m	population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.5 mg/cm ²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	- ,
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	13.67 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	-]		· · · =	,

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection kg bw/day **DNEL** Long term 74.3 mg/m³ General Systemic Inhalation population DNEL Long term 104 mg/m³ General Local Inhalation population DNEL 208 mg/m³ Long term Workers Local Inhalation **DNEL** 348.4 mg/ Workers Systemic Long term Inhalation m^3

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

Filter type (spray application):

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Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour Colourless. Odour Slight **Odour threshold** : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point

: Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
acetone	56.05	132.9	
n-Butyl acetate	126	258.8	OECD 103

Flammability : Not available. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.8% Upper: 13% limit

Flash point : Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
EO bis(benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat	405	761	

Decomposition temperature : Not available. : Not applicable. pН **Viscosity** Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Va	pour pressu	re at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetone	180.01463	24				
n-Butyl acetate	11.25096	1.5	DIN EN 13016-2			

Relative density : Not available. Density : 0.9 g/cm³ Vapour density Not available. : Not available. **Explosive properties Oxidising properties** : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability

: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	78000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	7408.23 mg/kg 60.17 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
•	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetone n-Butyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Xylene Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

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Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : N

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary :

: Not available.

General

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very

ensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently

low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 130000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Adult	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary :

: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetone n-Butyl acetate Xylene 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl	-0.23 2.3 3.12 1.2	- - 8.1 to 25.9	Low Low Low Low
acetate Ethylbenzene Methyl methacrylate	3.6 1.38	- -	Low Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

: 08.01.11

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

European waste catalogue (EWC)

: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, n- butyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (acetone, n- butyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, 2-methoxy- 1-methylethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID : Special provisions 640 (C)

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

> transported in tank vessels. Special provisions 640 (C)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
OWEDUR 4126-50	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c

National regulations

Austria

Czech Republic

Denmark

Finland

France

Germany

Hazardous incident ordinance

Italy

Netherlands

Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen		toxicity -		Harmful via breastfeeding
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-

Water Discharge Policy

(ABM)

: A(1) Highly toxic for aquatic organisms, may have long-term hazardous effects in aquatic environment. Decontamination effort: A

Norway Sweden

Flammable liquid class

(SRVFS 2005:10)

Switzerland

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

: 1

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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