SAFETY DATA SHEET



OW COMBI 2316-05

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : OW COMBI 2316-05

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms









Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 - Causes skin irritation.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Prevention

: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection,

or hearing protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

Response

: P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

: Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Toluene and iso-butanol

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≥10 - <25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	<10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients ≤10 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Ethyl acetate REACH #: [1] [2] 01-2119475103-46 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 EC: 205-500-4 **STOT SE 3, H336** CAS: 141-78-6 **EUH066** Index: 607-022-00-5 Flam. Lig. 3, H226 iso-butanol REACH #: ≤8.4 [1] [2] Skin Irrit. 2, H315 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 Eye Dam. 1, H318 CAS: 78-83-1 **STOT SE 3, H335** Index: 603-108-00-1 **STOT SE 3, H336** Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Propan-2-ol REACH #: ≤5 [1] [2] 01-2119457558-25 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 EC: 200-661-7 **STOT SE 3, H336** CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0 REACH #: ≤3 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 ATE [Inhalation [1] [2] Ethylbenzene 01-2119489370-35 Acute Tox. 4, H332 (vapours)] = 11 mg/ EC: 202-849-4 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4 inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 1-Ethoxy-2-propanol REACH #: ≤3 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 [1] 01-2119462792-32 STOT SE 3, H336 EC: 216-374-5 CAS: 1569-02-4 Index: 603-177-00-8 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Inhalation

Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> stomach pains reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO2, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with noncombustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eves or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available. : Not available. **Industrial sector specific**

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
acetone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 500 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 1210 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Toluene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 192 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 384 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Ethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 1468 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	OELV-8hr: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
iso-butanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 225 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
Propan-2-ol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes:
	Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 442 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 884 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
acetone	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.
Toluene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine].

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Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011)

BMGV: Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question., ethylbenzene [in endexhaled air]. Sampling time: not critical.

BMGV: 0.7 g/g creatinine [Semi-quantitative, the biological analyte is an indicator of exposure to the substance but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These analytes should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical; or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Recommended monitoring procedures

Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Propan-2-ol

Ethylbenzene

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DAIEI	1 4	bw/day	0	0
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DNE	Inhalation	10 mg/m ³	population	Systemia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic

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	acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 186 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term	1210 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m ³ 2420 mg/	Workers	Local
	Toluene	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	m³ 8.13 mg/	General	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	kg bw/day 56.5 mg/m³	population General population	Local
		DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	bw/day 226 mg/m³	population General population	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Xylene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³	General population	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m ³		Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Ethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Local
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
			<u> </u>	1		<u> </u>

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	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	734 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	,
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	J		
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			-,
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1468 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DIVLE	Inhalation	m ³	Workoro	Cyclonic
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term	55 mg/m³	General	Local
100 Butarior	DIVLL	Inhalation	oo mg/m	population	Loodi
	DNEL	Long term	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DINLL	Inhalation	3 to mg/m	WOIKEIS	Local
Propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg	General	Systemic
1 10pan-2-01	DINEL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term	89 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	os mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL		319 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINCL	Long term Dermal	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNE	Long torm			Cuatamia
	DNEL	Long term	500 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	000//-	\^/	Cuatamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
Ether the common of	DAIEL	l 4 Ol	bw/day	0	0:-
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	15 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	5.151	Inhalation	, ,	population	
	DNEL	Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			_
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			_
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Long term	106 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		_	_
	DNEL	Long term Oral	14 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	_
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	44.3 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	74 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term	127 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	500 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	1			1	

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

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Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type:

A P Filter type (spray application):

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Colour : White. Odour Slight

: Not available. **Odour threshold** Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
acetone	56.05	132.9	
Ethyl acetate	77.1	170.8	

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion | Lower: 0.8% | Upper: 13%

Flash point : Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	255	491	
n-Butyl acetate	415	779	EU A.15

Decomposition temperature : Not available.pH : Not applicable.Viscosity : Not available.

Solubility(ies) :

Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not applicable.

water

Vapour pressure

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			apour pres	ssure at 50°C
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetone	180.01463	24				
Ethyl acetate	81.59163	10.9				

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 0.9 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	8100 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	15175.62 mg/kg 117.33 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
•	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary

: Causes skin irritation.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Propan-2-ol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes: Not available.

of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae	42 days
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
		pseudolimnaeus - Adult	
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
,	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
iso-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
•	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
iso-butanol	1	-	Low
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
1-Ethoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	Low

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility

: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

08.01.11

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, acetone)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, acetone)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, ethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.5	No.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The
Environmental				environmentally
hazards				hazardous substance
				mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID : Special provisions 640 (C)

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when

transported in tank vessels. **Special provisions** 640 (C)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other

transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for

user

IATA

: **Transport within user's premises**: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

<u>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</u>

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
OW COMBI 2316-05	≥90	3
Toluene	≥10 - ≤25	48

Labelling :

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

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P5c

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still

required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/2008]

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

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SECTION 16: Other information

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4** Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 2 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2 Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SE 3

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All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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