

SAFETY DATA SHEET



FEIDOLUX KD19 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : FEIDOLUX KD19 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Prod-safe@teknos.com

National contact

Teknos (UK) Limited, 7 Longlands Rd, Bicester, Oxfordshire OX26 5AH, United Kingdom. Tel. +44 (0) 1869 208005.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to UK CLP/GHS

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

Skin Sens. 1, H317

STOT SE 3, H336

STOT RE 2, H373

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to UK CLP Regulation SI 2019/720 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Response	: P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Type
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: 64742-48-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	[1] [*]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
Petroleum resins	EC: 265-116-8 CAS: 64742-16-1	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2,	[1]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	<1	H411 Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	<1	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	EC: 254-259-1 CAS: 39049-04-2	≤1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315	[1] [2]
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	[1] [2]
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 2- (dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, compds. with polyethylen glycol hydrogen maleate C9-11-alkyl ethers	CAS: 1259547-09-5	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
butan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119475146-36 EC: 201-158-5 CAS: 78-92-2 Index: 603-127-00-5	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1] [2]
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	REACH #: 01-2119980050-47 EC: 223-810-8 CAS: 4083-64-1 Index: 615-012-00-7	≤0.1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 STOT SE 3, H335 EUH014	[1] [2]
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0.1	Not classified.	[2]
Formaldehyde	REACH #: 01-2119488953-20 EC: 200-001-8 CAS: 50-00-0 Index: 605-001-00-5	<0.1	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Carc. 1B, H350 STOT SE 3, H335	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

tosyl chloride	EC: 202-684-8 CAS: 98-59-9	≤0.1	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	[1] [2]
Di-butyltindilaurate	REACH #: 01-2119496068-27 EC: 201-039-8 CAS: 77-58-7	<0.1	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Muta. 2, H341 Repr. 1B, H360 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed


- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures


5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** :  Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
sulfur oxides
metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** :  Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to British standard BS EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
Ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 552 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 441 mg/m ³ .
n-Butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 966 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 724 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [zirconium compounds] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ (as Zr). TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ (as Zr).
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [cobalt and cobalt compounds] Carc. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ (as Co).
butan-2-ol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 462 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 308 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [trimethylbenzenes, all isomers or mixtures] TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 125 mg/m ³ .

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4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [isocyanates, all, except methyl isocyanate] Inhalation sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 0.07 mg/m ³ (as -NCO). TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as -NCO).
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 308 mg/m ³ . TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Formaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Carc. STEL 15 minutes: 2.5 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ .
tosyl chloride	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) STEL 15 minutes: 5 mg/m ³ .
Dibutyltindilaurate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [tin compounds, organic, except cyhexatin (ISO)] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 0.2 mg/m ³ (as Sn). TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m ³ (as Sn).

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene	EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: British Standard BS EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) British Standard BS EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) British Standard BS EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	<p>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.41 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic</p> <p>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 1.9 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Systemic</p> <p>DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 178.57 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local</p> <p>DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 640 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local</p> <p>DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 837.5 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local</p> <p>DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1066.67 mg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local</p> <p>DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation</p>

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	1152 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 1286.4 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Xylene	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 5 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 65.3 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 65.3 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 212 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 221 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 260 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 442 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
titanium dioxide	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 28 µg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 170 µg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 33 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 33 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic

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DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

275 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

320 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

550 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

796 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

12 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

21 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

21 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

570 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

570 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

837.5 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1066.67 mg/m³

Effects: Local

Ethylbenzene

DMEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

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442 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

884 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

1.6 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

15 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

77 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

180 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

293 mg/m³
Effects: Local

n-Butyl acetate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

2 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

3.4 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

6 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

7 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

11 mg/kg bw/day
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

12 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

35.7 mg/m³
Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

48 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

300 mg/m³
Effects: Local

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	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 300 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 300 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 600 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 600 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.18 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.31 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 0.9 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 1.27 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 1.8 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 32 µg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 43 µg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 273.2 µg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
butan-2-ol	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 15 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 203 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 213 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 405 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	600 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 15 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 29.4 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation 29.4 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 100 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation 100 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 16171 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 29.4 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 29.4 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 100 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Local
	DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 100 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 9512 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.46 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
	DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 0.46 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral 0.46 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal 0.46 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation 0.8 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal 0.92 mg/kg bw/day <u>Effects</u> : Systemic
DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation 3.24 mg/m ³ <u>Effects</u> : Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

37.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

121 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

283 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

308 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Formaldehyde

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

12 µg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

37 µg/cm²

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.1 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.375 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.75 mg/m³

Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

3.2 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

4.1 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

102 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

240 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

tosyl chloride

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

3.5 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

Dibutyltindilaurate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.0031 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.0046 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Oral

0.02 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

0.02 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

0.04 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

0.059 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.16 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

0.43 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Dermal

0.5 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Dermal

2.08 mg/kg bw/day

Effects: Systemic

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
- < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
- 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
- > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves
- Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to British Standard BS EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
- Filter type: A
- Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Various
- Odour** : Slight
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	
Xylene	136.16	277.1	

- Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: 0.8% (xylene)
Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Xylene (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	237	458.6	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (room temperature): Not available.
Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s

Solubility(ies) :
Not available.

Solubility in water : Not available.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water : Not applicable.

Vapour pressure :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Xylene	6.7	0.89				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			

Relative density : Not available.

Density : 0.71 g/cm³

Vapour density : Not available.

Explosive properties : Not available.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes

Xylene

Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21.7 mg/l [4 hours]

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Rat - Oral - LD50

8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Ethylbenzene

Rat - Oral - LD50

3500 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

15400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Dusts and mists

29000 mg/l [4 hours]

n-Butyl acetate

Rat - Oral - LD50

10760 mg/kg

EU

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

14112 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

0.74 mg/l [4 hours]

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Rat - Oral - LD50

3230 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>3170 mg/kg

butan-2-ol

Rat - Oral - LD50

2054 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

48500 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

8000 ppm [4 hours]

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

Rat - Oral - LD50

5 g/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

18000 mg/m³ [4 hours]

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene

Rat - Oral - LD50

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

2234 mg/kg
Toxic effects: Gastrointestinal - Other changes

Formaldehyde

Rat - Oral - LD50

100 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

270 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

250 ppm [4 hours]

Dibutyltindilaurate

Rat - Oral - LD50

175 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FEIDOLUX KD19	N/A	30338.9	N/A	303.4	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	15400	N/A	11	29000
n-Butyl acetate	10760	14112	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl	3230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate					
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
butan-2-ol	2054	N/A	N/A	48.5	N/A
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	5000	N/A	N/A	18	N/A
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	2234	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Formaldehyde	100	270	250	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Xylene

Result

Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

titanium dioxide

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l

Ethylbenzene

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

n-Butyl acetate

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 uL

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Formaldehyde

Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 150 ug l

Human - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.01 %

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 540 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 50 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.8 %

Mouse - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 7 %

Rat - Skin - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 7 %

Dibutyltindilaurate

Rabbit - Skin - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Result

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Xylene

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Ethylbenzene

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

n-Butyl acetate

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

butan-2-ol

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.1 MI

4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Dipropyleneglycolmethylether

Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Amount/concentration applied: 8 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Formaldehyde

Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 6 minutes

Amount/concentration applied: 1 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 37 %

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg

Mouse - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 3 %

Dibutyltindilaurate

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
n-Butyl acetate
butan-2-ol

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene
Formaldehyde
Dibutyltindilaurate

Result

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)
STOT SE 1, H370

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Xylene
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
Ethylbenzene
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt
Dibutyltindilaurate

Result

STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)
STOT RE 1, H372
STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation)
STOT RE 1, H372
STOT RE 1, H372

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic
Xylene
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy
Ethylbenzene

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
dryness
cracking
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Result

Acute - LC50

Fish
9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

Daphnia
3.2 mg/l [48 hours]

titanium dioxide

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - *Fundulus heteroclitus*
>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - *Ceriodaphnia dubia* - Neonate
Age: <24 hours
3 mg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Mortality

n-Butyl acetate

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*
Age: 31 to 32 days; Size: 21.6 mm; Weight: 0.175 g
18000 µg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

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FEIDOLUX KD19 - All variants

Label No : 01202

SECTION 12: Ecological information

	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia salina</i> 32 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	Acute - LC50 OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test] Fish - <i>Brachydanio rerio</i> 0.9 mg/l [96 hours] EC50 OECD [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test] Aquatic plants - <i>Desmodesmodus subspicatus</i> 1.68 mg/l [72 hours] Chronic - NOEC OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test] Daphnia - Daphnia 1 mg/l [21 days]
butan-2-ol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> <u>Age</u> : 30 days; <u>Size</u> : 18.9 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.09 g 3670000 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <u>Age</u> : 6 to 24 hours 4227000 µg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Intoxication
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute - LC50 - Marine water Crustaceans - Scud - <i>Elasmopus pecteniscus</i> - Adult 4910 µg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality Acute - LC50 - Fresh water Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> <u>Age</u> : 34 days 7720 µg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Formaldehyde	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia pulex</i> - Neonate <u>Age</u> : <24 hours 5800 µg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Intoxication Acute - EC50 - Marine water Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> 0.788 mg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Reproduction Acute - LC50 - Fresh water US EPA Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> 1.41 ppm [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Fish - Chinook salmon - <i>Oncorhynchus tshawytscha</i> - Egg 953.9 ppm [43 days] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Algae - Haptophyte - *Isochrysis galbana* - Exponential growth phase

Age: 4 to 5 days

0.005 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

Dibutyltindilaurate

Chronic - EC10 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - *Scenedesmus subspicatus*

>2 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Histology

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	High
butan-2-ol	0.61	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	Low
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	0.004	-	Low
Dibutyltindilaurate	4.44	2.91	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient : Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	PBT	P	B	T	vPvB	vP	vB
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Petroleum resins	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
Ethylbenzene	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
n-Butyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid, zirconium salt	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
EO bis(benzotriazolyl) phenylpropionat	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with butyl	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-propenoate, compds. with polyethylen glycol hydrogen maleate C9-11-alkyl ethers	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
butan-2-ol	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
4-isocyanatosulphonyltoluene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Formaldehyde	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
tosyl chloride	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Dibutyltindilaurate	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC) : 080111*





Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID : **Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.
Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.
Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

IMDG : **Viscous liquid exception** This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK (GB)/REACH

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Ozone depleting substances

Not listed.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
FEIDOLUX KD19 Formaldehyde	≥90 <0.1	3 72

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category
P5c

National regulations

Product/ingredient name	List name	Name on list	Classification	Notes
Undecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELs	cobalt and cobalt compounds	Carc	-
Formaldehyde	EH40/2005 WELs	-	Carc	-

EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
GB CLP = UK CLP (EC No 1272/2008) on the Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures as amended by (EU Exit) Regulations 2019 No. 720 and amendments
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = GB CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
🔍 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

🔍 H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H350	May cause cancer.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH014	Reacts violently with water.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications

SECTION 16: Other information

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 1B	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Muta. 2	GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 2
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Resp. Sens. 1	RESPIRATORY SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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FEIDOLUX KD19

All variants

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

