SAFETY DATA SHEET



FEIDOLUX KD19 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

: FEIDOLUX KD19 - All variants **Product name**

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person

: Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

: In an emergency, call 112 Telephone number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Mam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1, H317 **STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373** Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word **W**arning

Hazard statements : 1/226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Response

: P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Storage

: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

: Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy; Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate and EO bis (benztriazolyl)phenylpropionat

Supplemental label elements

: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles •

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119463258-33 EC: 919-857-5 CAS: 64742-48-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6 Index: 649-356-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
titanium dioxide	REACH #: 01-2119489379-17 EC: 236-675-5 CAS: 13463-67-7	≤5	Carc. 2, H351 (inhalation)	-	[1] [*]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

					
	EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7				
Petroleum resins	EC: 265-116-8 CAS: 64742-16-1	≤3	Aquatic Chronic 4, H413	-	[1]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119458049-33 EC: 919-446-0 CAS: 64742-82-1	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	REACH #: 01-2119491304-40 EC: 915-687-0 CAS: 1065336-91-5	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Repr. 2, H361f Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	REACH #: 01-2119970733-31 EC: 248-373-0 CAS: 27253-31-2	≤0.3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, compds. with polyethylen glycol hydrogen maleate C9-11-alkyl ethers	CAS: 1259547-09-5	≤0.3	Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [*] The classification as a carcinogen by inhalation applies only to mixtures placed on the market in powder form containing 1% or more of titanium dioxide particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 µm not bound within a matrix.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing: Do not use water jet.

media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Fammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

metal oxide/oxides

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Risk of self-ignition of used cleaning rags, paper wipes etc. Contaminated materials should be soaked in water and placed in a closed metal container before disposal.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonnes	50000 tonnes

7.3 Specific end use(s)

: Not available. Recommendations **Industrial sector specific** : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values		
₹ylene	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) [Xylol (alle Isomeren, rein)]		
	PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³.		
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.		

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neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

CEIL 5 minutes: 100 ppm 8 times per shift. CEIL 5 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 8 times per shift.

Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021) [Cobalt und seine Verbindungen (Cobalt als Cobaltmetall, Cobaltoxid und Cobaltsulfid, Staub von Cobaltlegierungen), im übrigen.] Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (measured as Co). Form: Inhalable

PEAK 15 minutes: 0.4 mg/m³ (measured as Co), 4 times per shift. Form: Inhalable fraction.

Regulation on Limit Values - Technical Guidance Values (Austria, 4/2021) [Cobalt und seine Verbindungen (Cobalt als Cobaltmetall, Cobaltoxid und Cobaltsulfid, Staub von Cobaltlegierungen). Herstellung von Cobaltpulver und Katalysatoren, Hartmetall- und Magnetherstellung.] Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.5 mg/m³ (measured as Co). Form: Inhalable

PEAK 15 minutes: 2 mg/m³ (measured as Co), 4 times per shift. Form: Inhalable fraction.

Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021) [Cobalt und seine Verbindungen (Cobalt als Cobaltmetall, Cobaltoxid, Cobaltsulfid und Cobaltsulfat, Staub von Cobaltlegierungen)] Carc A2.

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) [Xyleen] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.

Limit values (Belgium, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) [Xylene]

Absorbed through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) Absorbed

through skin.

Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Limit value 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 4/2024) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds]

Limit value 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as cobalt).

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia)

ELV: 100 ppm. ELV: 400 mg/m³.

Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin.

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

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STELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. STELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m3. STELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. ELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. ELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, exposure limit values (Annex I) (Croatia, 12/2023) [kobalt i spojevi] Skin sensitiser, Inhalation sensitiser. ELV 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Co). **X**ylene Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) [Ξυλένιο, μικτά ισομερή, καθαρά] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021) Absorbed 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) [nafta solventní] TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 mg/m3. **Xylene** Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) [xylen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 45.33 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 90.66 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 12/2023) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Republic, 12/2023) [kobalt a jeho sloučeniny] Carc, Repr. Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (as Co). Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction.. STEL 15 minutes: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Co). Form: aerosol, inhalable fraction.. Xylene Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [xylen, alle isomere] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) [2-methoxy-2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

1-methylethylacetat] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 3/2024) neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt [uorganiske cobaltforbindelser] K. TWA 8 hours: 0.01 mg/m³ (calculated as Co). Xylene Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) [ksüleen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 450 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 200 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt 4/2024) [koobalt ja anorgaanilised ühendid] Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (calculated as Co). **X**ylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (Finland, 10/2020) TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. **Xylene** Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) [Ksyleeni] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt (Finland, 10/2021) [Koboltti ja sen epäorgaaniset yhdisteet]

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (calculated as Co).

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12]

TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars)

STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes:

Permissible limit values (circulars)

Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [xylènes, isomères mixtes, purs] Absorbed through skin.

STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values

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(article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy Ministry of Labor (France, 6/2024) [hydrocarbures en C6-C12] TWA 8 hours: 1000 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) STEL 15 minutes: 1500 mg/m³. Form: Vapour. Notes: Permissible limit values (circulars) **X**ylene TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Xylene] Develop D. Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2024) TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) Develop C. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. PEAK 15 minutes: 50 ppm 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 270 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [Interval: 1 hour]. DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Cobalt and cobalt neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt **compounds**] Carc 2, Muta 3A. Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser. Xylene Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021) [ξυλόλια (όλα τα ισομερή)] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 650 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Xylene

Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021) [κοβαλτίου ενώσεις]

TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Co).

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xilol izomerek keveréke] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. PEAK 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [KOBALT ÉS **SZERVETLEN VEGYÜLETEI]** Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Xylene Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023) [Xýlen, allir ísómerar] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 109 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 11/2023) neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt [Kóbalt og ólífræn sambönd] Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Form: Dust and fumes. Xylene NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values OELV 8 hours: 50 ppm. OELV 8 hours: 275 mg/m3. OELV 15 minutes: 100 ppm. OELV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. NAOSH (Ireland, 4/2024) [cobalt & cobalt compounds] Carc 1B, neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Repr 1B. Sensitiser. Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs) OELV 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m3 (as Co). Xylene Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) [Xilene, isomeri misti, puro] Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Legislative Decree No. 81/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020) Absorbed through skin. Limit value 8 hours: 50 ppm. Limit value 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. Short Term 15 minutes: 100 ppm. Short Term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. **X**ylene Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) [Ksilols] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 3/2024) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³.

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. **X**ylene Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) [ksilenas, mišrūs izomerai, grynas] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 250 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 75 ppm. Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 1/2024) neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt [kobaltas ir jo neorganinai junginiai] Carc, Muta. Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (as Co). Xylene Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) [xylène Isomères mixtes, pures] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 ma/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Xylene EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) [xylene, mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Xylene Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) [xyleen, o-, m-, p-isomeren] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 210 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 47.5 ppm. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 5/2024) TWA 8 hours: 550 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. Xylene FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) [xylen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.

koboltforbindelser (unntatt Co(II))] Repr. Sensitiser.

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TWA 8 hours: 108 mg/m³.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 270 mg/m³.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) Absorbed through skin.

FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022) [uorganiske

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2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

12/37

Xylene

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (calculated as Co).

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) [xylene - mixed isomers (1,2-, 1,3-, 1,4-)] Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 100 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 260 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 520 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) [benzin to varnish]

TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 900 mg/m³.

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of June 12, 2018 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws of 2018, item 1286) (Poland, 8/2023) [cobalt and its inorganic compounds]

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (calculated as Co).

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [xileno (isómeros o, m & p)] A4.

TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.

EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022) Absorbed through skin.

TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [cobalto, compostos inorgânicos] A3.

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (expressed as Co).

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [cobalto e compostos inorgânicos A3.

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (expressed as Co).

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Solvent nafta] Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 100 mg/m3.

Short term 15 minutes: 200 mg/m³.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [xilen] Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) Absorbed through skin.

VLA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. VLA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Short term 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Short term 15 minutes: 100 ppm.

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Xylene

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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Xvlene Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) [xylén, zmiešané izoméry] Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers). TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers). STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ (xylene, mixed isomers). STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm (xylene, mixed isomers). Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Absorbed through skin, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 7/2024) [kobalt a jeho zlúčeniny] Sensitiser, Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (Cobalt and its compounds, as Co). Xylene Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [ksilen] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. KTV 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³ 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. KTV 15 minutes: 100 ppm 4 times per shift [time between two exposure events at this concentration must be at least 60 minutes]. **X**ylene National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [xileno, mezcla isómeros] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³. 2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [compuestos inorgánicos de cobalto excepto los expresamente indicados] Inhalation sensitiser, Skin sensitiser.

TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co).

STEL 15 minutes: 580 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 290 ma/m³.

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SECTION 6. Exposure controls/	
Xylene	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [xylene] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 221 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 442 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 550 mg/m³.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 11/2022) [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Carc. Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Co). Form: inhalable fraction.
▼ylene	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Xylol] Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 440 mg/m³.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 275 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 50 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 275 mg/m³.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Cobalt und seine Verbindungen] Carc 1B, Muta 2, Repr 1B. Absorbed through skin, Sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (calculated as Co). Form: inhalable dust and aerosol.
▼ylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [xylene, o-,m-, p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 441 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 220 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) Absorbed through skin. STEL 15 minutes: 548 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 274 mg/m³. STEL 15 minutes: 100 ppm.
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [cobalt and cobalt compounds] Carc. Inhalation sensitiser. TWA 8 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Co).

Biological exposure indices

VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [xylenes] BEI Fitness: 1000 μg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: one year. BEI Fitness: 1.5 g/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.
VGU BEI (Austria, 9/2020) [cobalt or its compounds] BEI Fitness: 10 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: one year.

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Ordinance on the protection of workers from exposure to hazardous chemicals at work, biological limit values (Annex IV) (Croatia, 12/2023) [xylene]

BEI: 1.5 mg/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 14.13 μmol/l, xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.88 mol/mol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Government regulation of Czech Republic Limit Values of Biological Exposure Tests (Czech Republic, 9/2015) [Xylene]

Biological limit values: 820 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

Biological limit values: 1400 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the shift.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

reodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Xylene

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

No exposure indices known.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Xylene]

BEI: 5 mmol/l, methylhippuricacid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 9/2020) [Cobalt and its inorganic compounds]

BEI: 130 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of each work shift work step or a week or exposure period.

Biological limit values (BLV) - Labour Code / ANSES (France, 4/2023) [cobalt and mineral compounds]

BLV: $5 \mu g/g$ Cr, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift and weekend.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Xylene (all isomers)] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid (toluric acid) (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2024) [Xylene (all isomers)] BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.

DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2023) [Cobalt and its compounds] Notes: danger from percutaneous absorption (see p. 211 and p. 228).

BGV: 35 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.

BEI: 1.5 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: for long-term exposures: at the end of the shift after several shifts.

5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2023) [xylene]

BEI: 1500 mg/g creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

BEI: 860 µmol/mmol creatinine, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift.

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Xvlene

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

No exposure indices known.

Xylene

Xylene

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Xylene

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene]

BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.

Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 3/2024) [xylenes (all isomers)]

BEI: 2000 mg/l, methylhippuric (toluric) acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

Minister Cabinet Regulations No.325 - BEI (Latvia, 3/2024) [cobalt and its compounds]

BEI: 130 nmol/L, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

BEI: 7 µg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the exposure or at the end of the shift.

Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014) [Xylenes]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, (o, m, p) -methyl-boronic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Xylene]

OBLV: 3 g/l, methylhippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of

HG 1218/2006, Annex 2, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2024) [Cobalt compounds]

OBLV: 1 µg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of the week. OBLV: 15 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of the week.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024) [xylene, all isomers]

BLV: 781 µmol/mmol creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1334 mg/g creatinine, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 10355 µmol/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 14.6 µmol/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 2000 mg/l, as sum of 2,3,4-methylhippuroic acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

BLV: 1.5 mg/l, as xylene [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of exposure or work shift.

Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 5/2024) [cobalt and its compounds]

BLV: 38.45 nmol/mmol creatinine, as cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.

BLV: 20.03 µg/g creatinine, as cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.

BLV: 509.8 nmol/l, as cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.

BLV: 30 µg/l, as cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: no limitation.

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Xvlene

Xylene

Xylene

Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 4/2024) [xylene (all isomers)]

BAT: 2 g/l, methylhippuric acid (all isomers) [in urine]. Sampling

time: at the end of the work shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [Xylenes]

VLB: 1 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling

time: end of shift.

National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 1/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compouns of cobalt, except oxides1

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Xylene, all isomers] BEI: 2 g/l, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time:

immediately after exposure or after working hours.

VLB: 1 µg/l, cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: end of workweek. VLB: 15 μg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of workweek.

No exposure indices known.

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

Xylene

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt

SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2024) [Cobalt and its compounds]

BEI: 30 µg/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

BEI: 509 nmol/l, cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.

EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers1

BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

Recommended monitoring procedures

: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Result

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 ma/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

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Xylene

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

1152 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1286.4 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

5 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

65.3 mg/m³
<u>Effects</u>: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

125 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

212 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

221 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

260 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

442 mg/m³
Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

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28 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

170 μg/m³ <u>Effects</u>: Local

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³ Effects: Local

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titanium dioxide

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

33 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

36 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

275 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

320 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

550 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

796 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.41 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.9 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

12 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

21 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

21 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

178.57 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

570 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

570 mg/m³

Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Short term - Inhalation

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640 mg/m³ Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

837.5 mg/m³ Effects: Local

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DNEL - Workers - Short term - Inhalation

1066.67 mg/m³ Effects: Local

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

0.18 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

0.31 mg/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Dermal

0.9 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

1.27 ma/m³ Effects: Systemic

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Dermal

1.8 mg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt DNEL - General population - Long term - Oral

> 32 µg/kg bw/day Effects: Systemic

DNEL - General population - Long term - Inhalation

Effects: Local

DNEL - Workers - Long term - Inhalation

273.2 µg/m³ Effects: Local

PNECs

Not available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

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Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) thickness > 0.3 mm or

4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Viton® thickness > 0.3 mm gloves Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A

Filter type (spray application): A P

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid.
Colour : Various
Odour : Slight

Odour threshold : Not available.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Initial boiling point and

boiling range

. .

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	135 to 210	275 to 410	
Xylene	136.16	277.1	

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion : Fower: 0.8% (xylene)

limit Upper: 7.6% (Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.)

Flash point : Closed cup: 25°C (77°F)

Auto-ignition temperature :

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	237	458.6	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	280 to 470	536 to 878	

Decomposition temperature : Not available. pН : Not applicable.

Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s **Viscosity**

Solubility(ies)

Not available.

water

Solubility in water : Not available. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not applicable.

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Va	oour pressu	re at 50°C	
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
W lene	6.7	0.89				
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.7	0.36	OECD 104			

Relative density : Not available. : 1.1 g/cm³ **Density** Vapour density : Not available.

Particle characteristics

Median particle size : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Explosive properties : Not available. **Oxidising properties** : Not available.

9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

Not applicable.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

10.6 Hazardous

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products decomposition products

should not be produced.

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11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

Result

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -

Other changes

Xylene Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapour

21.7 mg/l [4 hours]

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-

4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Rat - Oral - LD50

3230 mg/kg

Rat - Dermal - LD50

>3170 mg/kg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
FEIDOLUX KD19	N/A	30338.9	N/A	303.4	N/A
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene	4300	1100	N/A	11	N/A
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	3230	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Kylene Rat - Skin - Mild irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 60 uL

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u>: 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u>: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

titanium dioxide Human - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours

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Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug I

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Xylene Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eves - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

It has been observed that the carcinogenic hazard of this product arises when respirable dust is inhaled in quantities leading to significant impairment of particle clearance mechanisms in the lung.

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

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Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation)

STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects)

STOT SE 3, H335 (Respiratory tract irritation) **Xylene**

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) STOT SE 3, H336 (Narcotic effects) Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

Xylene STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy **STOT RE 1, H372** neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt **STOT RE 1, H372**

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name Result

Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 **Xylene** ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

Skin contact : Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic

skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.

Inhalation Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness drvness cracking

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

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: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged General

> or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproductive toxicity

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic

Result

Acute - LC50

Fish

9.2 mg/l [96 hours]

Acute - EC50

Daphnia

3.2 mg/l [48 hours]

titanium dioxide Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus

>1000000 µg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 3 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Reaction mass of Bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl

1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate

Acute - LC50

OECD [Fish, Acute Toxicity Test]

Fish - Brachydanio rerio 0.9 mg/l [96 hours]

EC50

OECD [Alga, Growth Inhibition Test]

Aquatic plants - Desmodesmodus subspicatus

1.68 mg/l [72 hours]

Chronic - NOEC

OECD [Daphnia Magna Reproduction Test]

Daphnia - Daphnia 1 mg/l [21 days]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

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12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	-	15600	High

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

Product/ingredient name	logKoc	Koc
Z-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	0.36	2.31363

Results of PMT and vPvM assessment

Product/ingredient name	PMT	P	M	Т	vPvM	νP	vM
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Petroleum resins	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, compds. with polyethylen glycol hydrogen maleate C9-11-alkyl ethers	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Mobility

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PMT or vPvM.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 [REACH]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	T	vPvB	νP	vB
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Petroleum resins	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

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Naphtha (petroleum),	No						
hydrotreated heavy							
Reaction mass of Bis	No						
(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-							
4-piperidyl) sebacate and							
Methyl							
1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-							
4-piperidyl sebacate							
EO bis(benztriazolyl)	No						
phenylpropionat							
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	No						
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl,	No						
2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester,							
polymer with butyl							
2-propenoate, compds. with							
polyethylen glycol hydrogen							
maleate C9-11-alkyl ethers							

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Product/ingredient name	PBT	Р	В	Т	vPvB	vP	vB
Maphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Xylene	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
titanium dioxide	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Petroleum resins	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reaction mass of Bis (1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and Methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl, 2-(dimethylamino)ethyl ester, polymer with butyl 2-propenoate, compds. with polyethylen glycol hydrogen maleate C9-11-alkyl ethers	No	No	No	No	No	No	No

Conclusion/Summary Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] : The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as a PBT or vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product]

The product does not meet the criteria to be considered as having endocrine disrupting properties according to the criteria set out in either Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 or Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

European waste catalogue (EWC) 080111*

Packaging

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	₩o.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1. Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.

Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.2.3.1.5.1.

IMDG

: Viscous liquid exception This class 3 viscous liquid is not subject to regulation in packagings up to 450 L according to 2.3.2.5.

user

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

instruments

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
₱EIDOLUX KD19	≥90	3

Labelling

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Explosive precursors : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (EU 2024/590)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P₅c

National regulations

Austria

Limitation of the use of

: Permitted.

organic solvents

Belgium

Book VI carcinogenic agents annex VI.2-1 - VI.2-3

Moirs de charbon		Ingredient name	Status
Cobalt et ses composés Listed	- 1	Moirs de charbon Cobalt et ses composés	Listed Listed

Czech Republic

Storage code : 11

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Denmark

W-1 Fire class

Executive Order No. 1795/2015

Ingredient name	Annex I Section A	Annex I Section B
Manium dioxide	Listed	-
carbon black respirable	Listed	-
Ethylbenzene	Listed	-
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt	Listed	-

MAL-code

Protection based on MAL

According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

General: Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/ coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

MAL-code: 3-6

Application: When using scraper or knife, brush, roller etc. for pre- and posttreatments in a spray booth where the operator is outside the spray zone and when working in similar new* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. When spraying in new* booths and cabins with non-atomizing guns.

- Protective clothing must be worn.

During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Air-supplied half mask, protective clothing and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in new* booths if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

When spraying in existing* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone. During non-atomising spraying in existing* facilities of the combined-cabin, spraycabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied full mask and protective clothing must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied full mask, protective clothing and hood must be worn.

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Drying: Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

Polishing: When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

Caution The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

*See Regulations.

Restrictions on use

: Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

List of undesirable substances

: Not listed

Carcinogenic waste

: Waste containers must be labeled: Contains a substance or substances regulated by Danish working environment legislation on cancer risks.

Finland

France

Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7 : Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic RG 84

Xylene RG 4bis, RG 84

2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate RG 84
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy RG 84
neodecanoic acid, cobalt salt RG 70

Reinforced medical surveillance

Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced

medical surveillance: not applicable

Germany TRGS 905

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development
Cobalt compounds	K2	M1A	RF1A	RD1A

Storage class (TRGS 510) : 3 Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P 5c	1.2.5.3

Hazard class for water : 2

Technical instruction on air quality control (TA Luft)

Number [Class]	Description	%
5 .2.1	Total dust	59.6
5.2.5	Organic substances	40.2
5.2.5 [I]	Organic substances	10.2
5.2.7.1.1 [I]	Carcinogenic substances	0.14
5.2.7.1.3	Reproductive toxic substances	0.04

AOX

: The product contains organically bound halogens and can contribute to the AOX value in waste water.

<u>Italy</u>

D.Lgs. 152/06 : Not determined.

Netherlands

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Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
xylene	-	-	-	Development 2	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized heavy	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n- hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons	Listed	Listed	-	-	-

Water Discharge Policy (ABM)

: Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

Norway Sweden

Flammable liquid class

(SRVFS 2005:10)

Switzerland

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 15.7%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

: 2a

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation (Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

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SECTION 16: Other information

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Fam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

⊮ 226	
*	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 **ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4**

Aquatic Acute 1 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 Aquatic Chronic 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2 Aquatic Chronic 3 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3 Aquatic Chronic 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 4

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 Repr. 2 **REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2** Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A Skin Sens. 1A

STOT RE 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1 STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3 STOT SE 3

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SECTION 16: Other information

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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