

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



ETERNO 2102-15 - FARBLOS-INCOLORE-COLOURLESS

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : ETERNO 2102-15 - FARBLOS-INCOLORE-COLOURLESS

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : Prod-safe@teknos.com

#### National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : In an emergency, call 112

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226  
STOT SE 3, H336

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

**Hazard statements** : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.  
P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

**Response** : P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell.

**Storage** : P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

**Disposal** : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazardous ingredients** : Contains: Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Supplemental label elements :

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles :

### 2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	EC: 265-150-3 CAS: 64742-48-9 Index: 649-327-00-6	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH066	-	[1]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	REACH #: 01-2119457273-39 EC: 918-481-9	≤3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1]
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	REACH #: 01-2119979093-30 EC: 286-272-3 CAS: 85203-81-2	<0.3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Repr. 1B, H360D Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	-	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

##### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>Regulation on Limit Values - MAC (Austria, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 187 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 187 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 184 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 369 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Ministry of Labour and Social Policy and the Ministry of Health - Ordinance No 13/2003. (Bulgaria, 6/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>Limit value 8 hours: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  Limit value 15 min: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  Limit value 15 min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  Limit value 8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021).</b></p> <p>STELV: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  ELV: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  ELV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Department of labour inspection (Cyprus, 7/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Government regulation of Czech Republic PEL/NPK-P (Czech Republic, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>TWA: 270 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  TWA: 72.09 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 550 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STEL: 146.85 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Working Environment Authority (Denmark, 6/2022). [1-methoxy-2-propanol] Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 185 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Occupational exposure limits, Regulation No. 293 (Estonia, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Skin sensitiser.</b></p> <p>TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b></p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b></p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 370 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 560 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	<p><b>Institute of Occupational Health, Ministry of Social Affairs (Finland, 10/2021).</b></p> <p>TWA: 500 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Ministry of Labor (France, 10/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: Binding regulatory limit values (article R. 4412-149 of the Labor Code)</b></p> <p>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 188 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  STEL: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.</p>



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<p>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</p> <p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).</b>  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  PEAK: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  <b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022).</b>  TWA: 370 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  PEAK: 740 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  PEAK: 200 ppm 15 minutes.  <b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).</b>  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  PEAK: 200 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  TWA: 370 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  PEAK: 740 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</p>
<p>Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy</p>	<p><b>TRGS 900 OEL (Germany, 6/2022). [Hydrocarbon mixtures, used as a solvent, additive-free C9-C14 aliphatic]</b>  TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  PEAK: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  <b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022).</b>  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  PEAK: 100 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.  PEAK: 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.</p>
<p>Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic</p>	<p><b>DFG MAC-values list (Germany, 7/2022). [Zinc and its inorganic compounds (inhalable fraction) / (respirable fraction)]</b>  TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: inhalable fraction  PEAK: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: inhalable fraction  PEAK: 0.4 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction  TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</p>
<p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>Presidential Decree 307/1986: Occupational exposure limit values (Greece, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b>  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 360 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 1080 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
<p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM Decree (Hungary, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b>  TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  PEAK: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  PEAK: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p>
<p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>Ministry of Welfare, List of Exposure Limits (Iceland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b>  STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 185 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>
<p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values</b>  OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.  OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.  OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  OELV-15min: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>

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1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Legislative Decree No. 819/2008. Title IX. Protection from chemical agents, carcinogens and mutagens (Italy, 6/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b>              8 hours: 100 ppm 8 hours.              8 hours: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              Short Term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.              Short Term: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Ministers Cabinet Regulations Nr.325 - AER (Latvia, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b>              TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.              STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.              TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b>              TWA: 190 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.              STEL: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.              STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Grand-Duchy Regulation 2016. Chemical agents. Annex I (Luxembourg, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b>              TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.              TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.              STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b>              TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.              TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.              STEL: 568 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment, Legal limit values (Netherlands, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b>              OEL, 8-h TWA: 375 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL,15-min: 563 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.              OEL, 8-h TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.              STEL,15-min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>FOR-2011-12-06-1358 (Norway, 12/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: indicative limit value</b>              TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.              TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p>
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	<p><b>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish]</b>              TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL: 900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<p><b>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b>              TWA: 180 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL: 360 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	<p><b>Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labor and Social Policy of 18 February 2021, regarding the highest permissible concentrations and values of agents harmful to health in the work environment (Journal of Laws 2021, item 325) (Poland, 2/2021). [benzin to varnish]</b>              TWA: 300 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.              STEL: 900 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p>



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1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>Portuguese Institute of Quality (Portugal, 11/2014).</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>HG 1218/2006, Annex 1, with subsequent modifications and additions (Romania, 3/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> VLA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. VLA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Short term: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. Short term: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	<b>Government regulation SR c. 355/2006 (Slovakia, 9/2020). [Zinc and its inorganic compounds]</b> TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Zinc and its inorganic compounds) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (Zinc and its inorganic compounds) 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. KTV: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , 4 times per shift, 15 minutes. KTV: 150 ppm, 4 times per shift, 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>National institute of occupational safety and health (Spain, 4/2022). Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>Work environment authority Regulation 2018:1 (Sweden, 9/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 190 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 720 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	<b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023).</b> STEL: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

### Biological exposure indices

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
<p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>DFG BEI-values list (Germany, 7/2022)</b>                      BEI: 15 mg/l, propylene glycol 1-methyl ether [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.</p> <p><b>TRGS 903 - BEI Values (Germany, 2/2022)</b>                      BEI: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of exposure or end of shift.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p>	
<p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>Regulation on protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to chemical substances at work (Slovenia, 5/2021)</b>                      BAT: 15 mg/l, 1-methoxypropan-2-ol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>No exposure indices known.</p> <p>1-Methoxy 2-propanol</p>	<p><b>SUVA (Switzerland, 1/2023)</b>                      BEI: 20 mg/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.                      BEI: 221.9 µmol/l, 1-methoxypropanol-2 [in urine]. Sampling time: immediately after exposure or after working hours.</p>
<p>No exposure indices known.</p>	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	300 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3.21 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.21 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6.41 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	10.42 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	20.83 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic

### PNECs

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.  
Filter type: A  
Filter type (spray application): A P
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Colour** : Colourless.  
**Odour** : Slight  
**Odour threshold** : Not available.  
**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.  
**Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	120.17	248.3	OECD 103
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	155 to 217	311 to 422.6	

- Flammability** : Not available.  
**Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: Not applicable.  
Upper: Not applicable.  
**Flash point** : Closed cup: 33.6°C (92.5°F)  
**Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	270	518	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	280 to 470	536 to 878	

- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.  
**pH** : Not applicable.  
**Viscosity** : Not available.  
**Solubility(ies)** :  
Not available.

- Solubility in water** : Not available.  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.

- Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	8.5	1.1				
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	0.75006 to 2.25018	0.1 to 0.3				

- Relative density** : Not available.  
**Density** : 0.9 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Vapour density	: Not available.
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.
<u>Particle characteristics</u>	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Not available.	

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Sensitisation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.



## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness

**Skin contact** : No specific data.

**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

**Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	-	10 to 2500	High
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zinc salt, basic	-	60960	High

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.





**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 08.01.11

#### Packaging

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

- Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
- Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons)
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3 	3 	3 	3 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	III	III	III	III
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

**ADR/RID** : **Tunnel code** (D/E)

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

#### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

#### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

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## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
ETERNO 2102-15	≥90	3

Labelling :

#### Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

#### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

#### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

#### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category
P5c

#### National regulations

##### Austria

VbF class : A II  
Very dangerous flammable liquid.

Limitation of the use of organic solvents : Permitted.

##### Czech Republic

Storage code : II

##### Denmark

Danish fire class : II-1

MAL-code : 2-1

Protection based on MAL : According to the regulations on work involving coded products, the following stipulations apply to the use of personal protective equipment:

**General:** Gloves must be worn for all work that may result in soiling. Apron/coveralls/protective clothing must be worn when soiling is so great that regular work clothes do not adequately protect skin against contact with the product. A face shield must be worn in work involving spattering if a full mask is not required. In this case, other recommended use of eye protection is not required.

In all spraying operations in which there is return spray, the following must be worn: respiratory protection and arm protectors/apron/coveralls/protective clothing as appropriate or as instructed.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

MAL-code: 2-1

**Application:** When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc, for pre- and post-treatments in cabins or booths of the existing\* facility type, if the operator is inside the spray zone. When using scraper or knife, brush, roller, etc. for pre- and post-treatments outside a closed facility, spray booth or spray cabin.

- Gas filter mask must be worn.

When spraying in existing\* spray booths, if the operator is outside the spray zone.

- Air-supplied half mask, arm protectors and eye protection must be worn.

During non-atomising spraying in existing\* facilities of the combined-cabin, spray-cabin and spray-booth type where the operator is working inside the spray zone. During downtimes, cleaning and repair in closed facilities, spray booths or cabins, if there is a risk of contact with wet paint or organic solvents.

- Air-supplied half mask and eye protection must be worn.

During all spraying where atomisation occurs in cabins or spray booths where the operator is inside the spray zone and during spraying outside a closed facility, cabin or booth.

- Air-supplied half mask, eye protection, coveralls and hood must be worn.

**Drying:** Items for drying/drying ovens that are temporarily placed on such things as rack trolleys, etc, must be equipped with a mechanical exhaust system to prevent fumes from wet items from passing through workers' inhalation zone.

**Polishing:** When polishing treated surfaces, a mask with dust filter must be worn. When machine grinding, eye protection must be worn. Work gloves must always be worn.

**Caution** The regulations contain other stipulations in addition to the above.

\*See Regulations.

**Restrictions on use** : Not to be used by professional users below 18 years of age. See the National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order regarding Young People At Work.

**List of undesirable substances** : Not listed

### Finland

### France

**Social Security Code, Articles L 461-1 to L 461-7** : Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy RG 84  
1-Methoxy 2-propanol RG 84  
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy RG 84

**Reinforced medical surveillance** : Act of July 11, 1977 determining the list of activities which require reinforced medical surveillance: not applicable

### Germany

**Storage class (TRGS 510)** : 3

### Hazardous incident ordinance

This product is controlled under the Germany Hazardous Incident Ordinance.

### Danger criteria

Category	Reference number
P5c	1.2.5.3

**Hazard class for water** : 3

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Technical instruction on air quality control** : TA-Luft Number 5.2.5: 97.9%  
TA-Luft Class II - Number 5.2.7.1.1: 2%  
TA-Luft Class I - Number 5.2.5: 0.1%

### Italy

**D.Lgs. 152/06** : Not determined.

### Netherlands

**Ministry of Social Affairs and Employment (SZW) - Carcinogenic substances and processes, mutagenic or reprotoxic substances**

Ingredient name	Carcinogen	Mutagen	Reproductive toxicity - Fertility	Reproductive toxicity - Development	Harmful via breastfeeding
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy hydrocarbon, C9-C11, n-alkane, iso-alkane, cyclic, containing <2% of aromatics, < 0,1% of benzene, < 1% of n-hexane and < 0,5 % of aromatic hydrocarbons	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid and salts excluding substances specifically listed in Annex VI of CLP	Listed	Listed	-	-	-
complexe derivatives of oil and charcoal	-	-	-	Development 1B	-
	Listed	-	-	-	-

**Water Discharge Policy (ABM)** : Z(1) Non biodegradable substances with hazardous properties for humans and the environment (carcinogenicity/ mutagenicity/ reprotoxicity/ bioacumulative potential/ toxicity or persistence). Decontamination effort: Z

### Norway

### Sweden

**Flammable liquid class (SRVFS 2005:10)** : 2b

### Switzerland

**VOC content** : VOC (w/w): 54%

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.



## SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Abbreviations and acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
N/A = Not available  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SGG = Segregation Group  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	On basis of test data Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 1B	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 1B
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

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### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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