Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



DRYWOOD WOODSTAIN VV SG - RAL 9005

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

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Product name : ØRY

: DRYWOOD WOODSTAIN VV SG - RAL 9005

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

responsible for this SDS

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National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	arning	
Hazard statements	317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
	12 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
General	03 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. 02 - Keep out of reach of children.	
	01 - If medical advice is needed, have product container of	label at hand.
Prevention	280 - Wear protective gloves.	
Response	362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it be	fore reuse.
Storage	ot applicable.	
Disposal	501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with tional and international regulations.	all local, regional,

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
Supplemental label elements	:	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	:	None known.

not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.98	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
Bronopol	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.042	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 307 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	[1]
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	EC: 264-843-8	≤0.015	Acute Tox. 4, H302	ATE [Oral] = 567	[1]

sothiazol-3-one	CAS: 64359-81-5		Acute Tox. 2, H330	mg/kg	
	Index: 613-335-00-8		Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: $0.025\% \le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 3\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.025\% \le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071 See Section 16 for	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: C \geq 0.6% Eye Dam. 1, H318: C \geq 0.6% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.06% \leq C < 0.6% Skin Sens. 1, H317: C \geq 0.0015% M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Туре

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important syn <u>Over-exposure signs/</u>	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed symptoms
Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom	the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accident	ai release measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
6.3 Methods and material for	containment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 101.2 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	OELV-8hr: 67.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 98 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 246 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices	
2-Butoxyethanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 200 mg/g creatinine, BAA [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.	
procedures European Sta assessment ovalues and m	ould be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: indard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit easurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace	

values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	101.2 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
2-Butoxyethanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	26.7 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	59 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	98 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	147 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	246 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	426 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
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	B		4004	147 1	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1091 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	DNEL	Long term	0.023 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	m ³	Wonters	Cysternio
	DNEL	Short term	0.07 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	1.16 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	5		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.16 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 0.345 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 1.2 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	BITLE	Inhalation	<u>_</u> g,	population	Cystonne
	DNEL	Long term	6.81 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
Bronopol	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal	4 µg/cm²	General	Local
·			10	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4 µg/cm²	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8 µg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8 µg/cm²	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	-,
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		_	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term	0.6 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	$0.6 m g/m^3$	population General	Systemia
	DNEL	Long term	0.6 mg/m ³		Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg	population General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1.8 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	bw/day 2.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	3.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
eaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no.	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	General population	Local
247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- sothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)				population	
(0.1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	5.5 i iiig/iii	population	
	DNEL	Short term	0.04 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	0.00.00 /	0	O the second sec
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/	General	Systemic

	kg bw/day population
PNECs	
No PNECs available	
3.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborn contaminants.
Individual protection meas	<u>res</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working perio Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothin Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mist gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses wi side-shields.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard shou be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicat this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacture check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other importa aspects of use.
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the proces equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Black.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

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Initial boiling point and

boiling range

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
water		100	212		
2-Butoxyethanol		171 to 171.5	339.8 to 340.7	IP 123-93	
Flammability	: Not a	vailable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit		r: Not applicable. r: Not applicable.			
Flash point	: Close	ed cup: >100°C (>	212°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol		210	410	DIN 51794	
2-Butoxyethanol		230	446	DIN 51794	
Decomposition temperature	: Not a	vailable.			
рН	: 7 to 8	8 [Conc. (% w/w):	100%]		
Viscosity	: Not a	vailable.			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	: Not available.				
Partition coefficient: n-octanol water	/ : Not a	pplicable.			
Vapour pressure	:				
	Vap	our Pressure at	20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C	

	Va	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure a		
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
water	17.5	2.3					
2-Butoxyethanol	0.75006	0.1					
Relative density	: Not	available.					
Density	: 1 g/	′cm³					
Vapour density	: Not	available.					
Explosive properties	: Not	: Not available.					
Oxidising properties	: Not	: Not available.					

: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

Particle characteristics Median particle size

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity				
10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.			
10.5 Incompatible materials	: No specific data.			

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	0.67 g/m ³	4 hours
carbamate	mists			
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
one				
Bronopol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>0.588 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	4750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	307 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-				
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]				
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-				
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)				

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Conclusion/Summary Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value		
Oral	105613.95 mg/kg		
	264.03 mg/l		
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	107.56 mg/l		

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
	-			mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
carbamate					
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-
Bronopol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	10 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-					
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]					
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-					
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:					
1)					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result	
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing	

Conclusion/Summary

sion/Summary : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result		
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate		Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative		

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Bronopol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Category 1	-	larynx

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes
of exposure: Not available.Potential acute health effectsEye contact: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Inhalation: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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SECTION 11: Toxico	lo	gical information
Eye contact		No specific data.
Inhalation	:	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	:	No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effe	<u>cts</u>	as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ect	<u>s</u>
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary	:	Not available.
General	:	Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedemus subspicatus	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
Bronopol	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus subspicatus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 41.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
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SECTION 12: Ecological information

isothiazol-3-one		subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	97 days

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	EU	24 % - 28 days		-	-
Conclusion/Summary	: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one Bronopol	-		-		Not readily Inherent Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	Low
Bronopol	0.18	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with juriadiation
	with jurisdiction.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 080112
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	_			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in user the event of an accident or spillage.

- 14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments
 - : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
DRYWOOD WOODSTAIN VV SG 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≥90 ≤3	3 55 [Consumer paint]
Labelling :		

Labelling

Other EU regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

: Not listed Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Air **Industrial emissions** : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) -Water **Explosive precursors** : Not applicable. Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU) Not listed. Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU) Not listed. **Persistent Organic Pollutants** Not listed. **Seveso Directive** This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive. **International regulations** Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed. **Montreal Protocol** Not listed. Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed. Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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SECTION	16: Other information	
H301	Toxic if swallowed.	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.	
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.	
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H330	Fatal if inhaled.	
H331	Toxic if inhaled.	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.	
Full text of cl	lassifications [CLP/GHS]	

Acute Tox. 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.