Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - United Kingdom: Northern Ireland

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**



DRYWOOD WOODSTAIN VV SG - BASE T

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product	identifier
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Product name : DRYWOOD WOODSTAIN VV SG - BASE T

**1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use**: Paint.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

## National contact

Teknos Ireland Limited, 52 Ballymoughan Road, Magherafelt, BT45 6HN, UK. Tel. +44 (0) 2879 301 472.

## **1.4 Emergency telephone number**

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : NHS: 111

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

## 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	/arning	
Hazard statements	317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
	412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
General	103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. 102 - Keep out of reach of children.	
	101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or la	bel at hand.
Prevention	280 - Wear protective gloves.	
Response	362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it befor	e reuse.
Storage	ot applicable.	
Disposal	501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all ational and international regulations.	local, regional,

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# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

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Hazardous ingredients	: Contains: 3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate; 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)
Supplemental label elements	:
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:
2.3 Other hazards	
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do	: None known.

not result in classification

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

3.2 Mixtures	: Mixture				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]
2-Butoxyethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475108-36 EC: 203-905-0 CAS: 111-76-2 Index: 603-014-00-0	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 1200 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 3 mg/l	[1] [2]
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	EC: 259-627-5 CAS: 55406-53-6 Index: 616-212-00-7	≤0.98	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT RE 1, H372 (larynx) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 400 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.67 mg/l M [Acute] = 10 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	REACH #: 01-2119450011-60 EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤0.3	Not classified.	-	[2]
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	EC: 220-120-9 CAS: 2634-33-5 Index: 613-088-00-6	<0.05	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	ATE [Oral] = 1020 mg/kg Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0.05% M [Acute] = 1	[1]
Bronopol	EC: 200-143-0 CAS: 52-51-7 Index: 603-085-00-8	≤0.039	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Oral] = 307 mg/kg ATE [Dermal] =	[1]
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SECTION 3: Compo	sition/informat	ion on in	gredients		
			Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	1100 mg/kg M [Acute] = 10	
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	EC: 264-843-8 CAS: 64359-81-5 Index: 613-335-00-8	≤0.015	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 567 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.16 mg/l Skin Corr. 1, H314: $C \ge 5\%$ Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0.025% $\le C < 5\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 3\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0.025% $\le C < 3\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
2-aminoethanol	EC: 205-483-3 CAS: 141-43-5	≤0.1	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335	-	[1] [2]
reaction mass of: 5-chloro- 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin- 3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol- 3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 Index: 613-167-00-5	<0.001	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 EUH071	ATE [Oral] = 53 mg/ kg ATE [Dermal] = 50 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 0.5 mg/l Skin Corr. 1C, H314: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Dam. 1, H318: $C \ge 0.6\%$ Eye Irrit. 2, H319: $0.06\% \le C < 0.6\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.0015\%$ M [Acute] = 100 M [Chronic] = 100	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	<ul> <li>No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.</li> </ul>

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

## **Over-exposure signs/symptoms**

Eye contact	: No specific data.
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

### **5.3 Advice for firefighters**

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## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

		-
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** 

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

**Occupational exposure limits** 

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	STEL: 101.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	TWA: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Dipropyleneglycolmethylether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 308 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-aminoethanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 7.6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 3 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name		Exposure indices	
2-Butoxyethanol		EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) BGV: 240 mmol/mol creatinine, butoxyacetic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.	
procedures Eu as va at of (V fo do	: Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.		
DNELs/DMELs			

EL EL EL EL EL EL EL EL EL EL EL EL	Long term Oral Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Oral Short term Oral Short term Oral Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	6.25 mg/ kg bw/day 67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 101.2 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 6.3 mg/kg bw/day 26.7 mg/ kg bw/day 59 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 147 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1091 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Local Local Systemic Systemic
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EL EL EL EL EL EL EL EL	Long term Oral Short term Oral Long term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	6.3 mg/kg bw/day 26.7 mg/ kg bw/day 59 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 98 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 147 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1091 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	population General population General population Workers General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic
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EL EL EL EL EL EL EL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1091 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	Workers General population Workers General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic
EL EL EL EL EL EL EL	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 426 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1091 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	population Workers General population Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Systemic Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic
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EL EL EL EL EL	Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	m <sup>3</sup> 0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic
EL EL EL EL EL	Long term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	0.023 mg/ m <sup>3</sup> 0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	Workers Workers Workers Workers General population	Systemic Local Local Systemic Systemic
EL EL EL EL	Short term Inhalation Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	0.07 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	Workers Workers Workers General population	Local Local Systemic Systemic
EL EL EL EL	Short term Inhalation Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	1.16 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	Workers Workers General population	Local Systemic Systemic
EL EL EL	Long term Inhalation Long term Dermal Long term Dermal Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day 0.345 mg/ kg bw/day 0.966 mg/	Workers General population	Systemic Systemic
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EL	0	0.966 mg/		Custansia
			VUIKEIS	Systemic
1	Long term Inhalation	1.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
EL	Long term Inhalation	6.81 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
EL	Short term Dermal	4 µg/cm²	General population	Local
EL	Long term Dermal	4 µg/cm²	General	Local
EL	Short term Dermal	8 µg/cm²	Workers	Local
EL	Long term Dermal	8 µg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
EL	Long term Oral	0.18 mg/	General	Systemic
EL	Short term Oral	0.5 mg/kg	General	Systemic
EL	Short term	bw/day 0.6 mg/m³	General	Local
EL	Long term	0.6 mg/m³	General	Systemic
EL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	0.7 mg/kg	General	Systemic
EL	Short term	bw/day 1.8 mg/m³	General	Systemic
EL	Inhalation Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg	population Workers	Systemic
EL	Short term Dermal	2.1 mg/kg	General	Systemic
EL	Short term	bw/day 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
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	EL EL EL EL EL	ELShort term OralELShort term InhalationELLong term InhalationELShort term InhalationELShort term Long term DermalELShort term DermalELShort term DermalELShort term DermalELShort term DermalELShort term Dermal	ELShort term Oralkg bw/day 0.5 mg/kg bw/dayELShort term0.6 mg/m³Inhalation0.6 mg/m³ELLong term0.6 mg/m³Inhalation0.7 mg/kg bw/dayELShort term1.8 mg/m³Inhalation2 mg/kg bw/dayELLong term Dermal2 mg/kg bw/dayELShort term Dermal2 mg/kg bw/dayELShort term Dermal2.1 mg/kg bw/dayELShort term2.5 mg/m³	ELShort term Oralkg bw/day 0.5 mg/kg bw/daypopulation General populationELShort term Inhalation0.6 mg/m³General populationELLong term Inhalation0.6 mg/m³General populationELLong term Dermal Inhalation0.7 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationELShort term Inhalation0.7 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationELShort term Inhalation1.8 mg/m³ bw/dayGeneral populationELShort term Dermal Inhalation2 mg/kg bw/dayWorkersELShort term Dermal Inhalation2.1 mg/kg bw/dayGeneral populationELShort term Inhalation2.5 mg/m³Workers

SECTION 8: Exposure cont	rols/p	ersonal prote	ction		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	3.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	10.5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-2-methyl- 4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.02 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.04 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.09 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.11 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

## **PNECs**

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No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls			
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.		
Individual protection measured	<u>sures</u>		
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.		
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.		
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.		
	> 8 hours (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm		
	Not recommended polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves		
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>		
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.		

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## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

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Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
water	100	212	
2-Butoxyethanol	171 to 171.5	339.8 to 340.7	IP 123-93

Flammability	: Not available.
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Lower and upper explosion	: Lower: Not applicable.
limit	Upper: Not applicable.

2

**Flash point** 

: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)

### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	210	410	DIN 51794	
2-Butoxyethanol	230	446	DIN 51794	

Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
рН	: 7 to 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
Viscosity	: Not available.
Solubility(ies)	:
Not available.	
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not applicable.

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#### Vapour pressure

	Va	apour Pres	ssure at 20°C	Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name mi	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method	
water	17.5	2.3					
2-Butoxyethanol	0.75006	0.1					
elative density	: Not	available.	<u>-</u>				
ensity	: 1 g/	/cm³					
apour density	: Not	available.					
Explosive properties	: Not	available.					
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## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Oxidising properties	: Not available.
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stabilit	y and	react	ivity	

10.1 Reactivity	1	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	No specific data.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	No specific data.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.67 g/m³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.763 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	400 mg/kg	-
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)- one	LD50 Oral	Rat	1020 mg/kg	-
Bronopol	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>0.588 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	4750 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	307 mg/kg	-
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H-	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat - Male,	0.26 mg/l	4 hours
isothiazol-3-one	mists	Female		
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>652 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1585 mg/kg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	LD50 Oral	Rat	53 mg/kg	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-				
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]				
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-				
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3: 1)				

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	101230.97 mg/kg 253.08 mg/l 103.65 mg/l

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## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	-	-
carbamate					
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one		Human	-	48 hours 5 %	-
Bronopol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	10 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	80 mg	-
reaction mass of: 5-chloro-	Skin - Severe irritant	Human	-	0.01 %	-
2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-					
3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]					
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-					
3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:					
1)					

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Sensitisation

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	skin	Guinea pig	Not sensitizing

**Conclusion/Summary** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### **Mutagenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	-	Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria	Negative

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

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Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
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## Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Developmental toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 20 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week
	Positive	-	Negative	Rabbit - Female	Oral: 50 mg/kg	13 days; 7 days per week

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	Negative - Oral	Rabbit - Female	50 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Category	Route of exposure	Target organs		
Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation		
<u>sure)</u>				
Category	Route of exposure	Target organs		
Category 1	-	larynx		
nificant effects or critical hazard	ls.			
nificant effects or critical hazard	ls.			
allergic skin reaction.				
nificant effects or critical hazard	IS.			
nd toxicological characterist	ics			
: No specific data.				
: No specific data.				
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness				
ta.				
onic effects from short and lo	ona-term exposi	ıre		
ed, a severe allergic reaction m els.	ay occur when su	ubsequently exposed		
: No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
nificant effects or critical hazard	ls.			
nificant effects or critical hazard	ls.			

## 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl	Acute EC50 0.022 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedemus	72 hours
carbamate		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 0.16 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.067 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.049 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	21 days
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Acute EC50 0.36 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3.7 mg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia Magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.9 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Onorhynchus Mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.15 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema Costatum	72 hours
Bronopol	Acute EC50 0.4 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.02 ppm Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus	96 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 41.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute LC50 11.17 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.94 ppm	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	49 days
4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one	Acute EC50 0.003 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 18 ppb Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 0.001 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 22 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 19.789 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia pungens	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.56 ppb	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	97 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

				Inoculum	
EU	24 % - 28 days		-	-	
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.					
Aquatic half-life		Photolysis	5	Biodegradability	
-		-		Not readily Inherent Readily	
: 4.	This product ha	This product has not been tested for	This product has not been tested for biodegrada	This product has not been tested for biodegradation.	

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low
2-Butoxyethanol	0.81	-	Low
3-iodo-2-propynyl-butyl carbamate	>1	-	Low
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	-	3.2	Low
Bronopol	0.18	-	Low

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## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Mobility** 

: Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1 Waste treatment methods **Product** Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. : 080112 **European waste** catalogue (EWC) Packaging : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste **Methods of disposal** packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be **Special precautions** 2 taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ		
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.		
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-		
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-		
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-		
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.		

user

**14.6 Special precautions for** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

substances, mixtures and articles					
Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]			
DRYWOOD WOODSTAIN VV SG 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	≥90 ≤3	3 55 [Consumer paint]			
Labelling :					
Other EU regulations					
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air					
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water					
<b>Explosive precursors</b> : Not applicab					
Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/E Not listed.	<u>U)</u>				
	n.				
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/El Not listed.	<u>1</u>				
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.					
Seveso Directive This product is not controlled under the Seve International regulations Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedu Not listed.					
Montreal Protocol Not listed.					
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.					
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed C Not listed.	onsent (PIC	2)			
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heaven Not listed.	<u>vy Metals</u>				

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## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

	<b>o</b> , ,
Abbreviations and	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
acronyms	CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
	DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
	DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
	EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
	N/A = Not available
	PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
	PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
	RRN = REACH Registration Number
	SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
) -	Calculation method Calculation method

## Full text of abbreviated H statements

H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H310	Fatal in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

#### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 2		
Acute Tox. 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3		
Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4		
Aquatic Acute 1	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 1	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1		
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3		
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1		
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2		
Skin Corr. 1	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1		
Skin Corr. 1B	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B		
Skin Corr. 1C	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C		
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2		
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1		
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A		
STOT RE 1	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 1		
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3		
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revision			
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## **SECTION 16: Other information**

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### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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