Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Malta

SAFETY DATA SHEET



ALPOLAN DUOSCAN 5483-05 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: ALPOLAN DUOSCAN 5483-05 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised againstProduct use: Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091. e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@tekr responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

 Telephone number
 : Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority (MCCAA): +356 2395 2000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements

- : Danger
- : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 - H315 Causes skin irritation.
 - H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 - H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
 - H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
 - H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
 - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	 P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P260 - Do not breathe vapour.
Response	:	P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Storage	:	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	;	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Xylene; Methylisobutylketone and Toluene
Supplemental label elements	:	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hererde which de		Nene known

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients					
			EUH066		
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	-	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Propan-2-ol	REACH #: 01-2119457558-25 EC: 200-661-7 CAS: 67-63-0 Index: 603-117-00-0	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
EO bis(benztriazolyl) phenylpropionat	REACH #: 01-0000015075-76 EC: 400-830-7 CAS: 104810-48-2 Index: 607-176-00-3	<1	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	-	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of

equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
,	pain or irritation watering redness
nhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the	1	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion
substance or mixture		hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may
		burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5	5
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental	:	Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains

b.2 Environmental precautions Avoid dispersal of split material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	5 5
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria		
	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

: Not available.

Industrial sector specific solutions

: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate Xylene Ethyl acetate	 EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m³ 15 minutes. EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
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	occupational exposure limit values
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 1468 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 734 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Methylisobutylketone	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative
	occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 83 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 208 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
oluene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: lis
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: lis
	of indicative occupational exposure limit values
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices	
No exposure indices known.		
procedures Euro asse valu atmo of e (Wo for t	hould be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: tandard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with I neasurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace s - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessn to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of proce surement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also	

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
,			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		5	bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	,
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		,
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ũ	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	-	population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	-		
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
l					
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bw/day 12 mg/m³ 48 mg/m³ 65.3 mg/n 260 mg/m 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 221 mg/m 0ral 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	 ¹³ General population ³ General population ³ General population ³ Workers ⁴ General population 	Systemic Systemic Local Local Systemic Local Systemic
48 mg/m ³ 65.3 mg/n 260 mg/m 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population Workers ¹³ General population ³ General population ³ General population ³ Workers General population	Systemic Local Local Systemic Local
Oral 12.5 mg/n born 260 mg/m 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	Workers ¹³ General population ³ General population ³ General population ³ Workers General population	Local Local Systemic Local
Oral 12.5 mg/n born 260 mg/m 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	 ¹³ General population ³ General population ³ General population ³ Workers ⁴ General population 	Local Local Systemic Local
Oral 260 mg/m 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General population Workers General population	Local Systemic Local
Oral 260 mg/m 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population General population General population Workers General population	Local Systemic Local
Oral 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	 ³ General population ³ General population ³ Workers General population 	Systemic Local
Oral 260 mg/m 221 mg/m 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population General population Workers General population	Systemic Local
Oral 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	 ³ General population ³ Workers General population 	Local
Oral 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population ³ Workers General population	Local
Oral 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population ³ Workers General population	Local
Oral 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	³ Workers General population	
Oral 12.5 mg/ kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	
kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population	Systemic
kg bw/day 65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day	population	
65.3 mg/n Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day		Cysternic
Dermal 125 mg/kg bw/day		O. un tra mailin
bw/day		Systemic
bw/day	population	
		Systemic
Dermal 212 mg/kg	population	
	g Workers	Systemic
bw/day		
221 mg/m	³ Workers	Systemic
		- ,
442 mg/m	³ Workers	Local
THE MIGHT	Workers	Loodi
442 mg/m	³ Workers	Sustamia
442 mg/m	VVOIKEIS	Systemic
Oral 4.5 mg/kg		Systemic
bw/day	population	
Dermal 37 mg/kg	General	Systemic
bw/day	population	
Dermal 63 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
bw/day		- ,
367 mg/m	³ General	Local
oor mg/m	population	Loodi
367 mg/m		Systemic
307 mg/m		Systemic
70 4	population	Less
734 mg/m		Local
	population	
n 734 mg/m		Systemic
	population	
734 mg/m	³ Workers	Local
734 mg/m	³ Workers	Systemic
- U		5
1468 mg/	Workers	Local
m ³		20001
1468 mg/	Workers	Systemic
m ³	VINCIS	Systemic
	Conoral	Curtan:
Oral 4.2 mg/kg		Systemic
bw/day	population	
Dermal 4.2 mg/kg		Systemic
bw/day	population	
Dermal 11.8 mg/	Workers	Systemic
kg bw/day	,	
14.7 mg/n		Local
	population	
14.7 mg/n		Systemic
1-1.7 mg/m	population	Cysternic
00 10-3		
83 mg/m³	vvorkers	Local
83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
I		
	General	Local
155.2 mg/		
155.2 mg/ m³		Systemic
	83 mg/m ³ 155.2 mg/ m ³ 155.2 mg/	m ³ population

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ECTION 8: Exposu		Inhalation	m ³	population	
				population Workers	
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	workers	Local
		Inhalation	000		O. un traversite
	DNEL	Short term	208 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
T . I	DNE	Inhalation	0.40	0	0
Toluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNE	1	kg bw/day	population	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Local
	DNE	Inhalation		population	0
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
	DNE	Inhalation	100	population	1 1
	DNEL	Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	400 / 3		a
	DNEL	Long term	192 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNE	Inhalation	000 //	0	0
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	• • •
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
	DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNE	Inhalation	004		0
	DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		Comorol	Curatamia
Ethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm	bw/day	population General	Svetemie
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³		Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	$77 m a / m^3$	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation	77 mg/m³	WORKERS	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Long term Denna	bw/day	WUIKEIS	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNLL	Inhalation	295 mg/m	VIOREIS	LUCAI
	DMEL	Long term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	442 mg/m	VIOREIS	LUCAI
	DMEL	Short term	884 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	004 mg/m	VIOREIS	Systemic
Propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	26 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Flopali-2-01	DNLL	Long term Oral	bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	89 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	03 mg/m	population	Gysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	319 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DINEL		bw/day	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	500 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	Juo my/m	VVUINCIS	Systemic
	DNEL		888 malka	Workers	Systemic
		Long term Dermal	888 mg/kg	VVUIKEIS	Systemic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
	Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
	< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm
	1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): $4H$ / Silver Shield® gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
	Filter type: A
	Filter type (spray application): A P
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Slight
Odour threshold	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:

ue : No previous validation

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
Ethyl acetate		77.1	170.8		
Propan-2-ol		83	181.4		
Flammability	: Not a	vailable.			
Lower and upper explosion limit		er: 0.8% er: 12%			
Flash point	: Close	ed cup: -1°C (30	0.2°F)		
Auto-ignition temperature	:				
Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method	
n-Butyl acetate		415	779	EU A.15	
Ethyl acetate		426.67	800		
Decomposition temperature	: Not a	vailable.			
рН	: Not a	pplicable.			
Viscosity	: Not a	vailable.			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Not available.					
Solubility in water	: Not a	vailable.			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not a	applicable.			

Vapour pressure

	Vapour Pressure at 20°C		Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
Ethyl acetate	81.59163	10.9				
Propan-2-ol	33.00268	4.4				
Relative density	: Not	available.				
Density	: 0.9	g/cm³				
/apour density	: Not available.					
Explosive properties	: Not available.					
Dxidising properties	: Not available.					
Particle characteristics						
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.				

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

11

10.1 Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	29000 mg/l	4 hours
-	mists		Ū	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Propan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
	8378.94 mg/kg 44.62 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Propan-2-ol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary
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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Sensitisation	
Conclusion/Summary	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Toluene Propan-2-ol	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced foetal weight

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	ects
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	32 days
	_	Embryo	-
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	33 days
		Embryo	
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
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SECTION 12: Ecological information			
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	subcapitata Crustaceans pseudolimnae	

	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	<i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> -	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Neonate Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i> - Frv	96 hours
Propan-2-ol	Acute EC50 10100 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Crustaceans - <i>Crangon crangon</i> Fish - <i>Rasbora heteromorpha</i>	21 days 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Ethyl acetate	0.68	30	Low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low
Ethylbenzene	3.6	-	Low
Propan-2-ol	0.05	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods	
Product	
Methods of disposal :	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
catalogue (EWC)	08.01.11
<u>Packaging</u>	

48 hours

- Gammarus

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, xylene)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, ethyl acetate)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (xylene, ethyl acetate)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	Ш	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.
Additional information ADR/RID : Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel code (D/E) ADN : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels. Special provisions 640 (C)				
14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.				
14.7 Maritime transport in : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. bulk according to IMO instruments				

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

: No previous validation

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
ALPOLAN DUOSCAN 5483-05 Toluene	≥90 ≤5	3 48
Labelling :		L
Other EU regulations		
Industrial emissions : Not liste (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	d	
Industrial emissions : Not liste (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	d	
Explosive precursors : Not app	licable.	
Ozone depleting substances (1005/20 Not listed.	09/EU)	
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/201 Not listed.	<u>12/EU)</u>	
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.		
<u>Seveso Directive</u>		
This product is controlled under the Seven Danger criteria	eso Directive.	
Category		
P5c		
nternational regulations		
hemical Weapon Convention List Sch Not listed.	<u>iedules I, II ð</u>	
<u>Iontreal Protocol</u> Not listed.		
tockholm Convention on Persistent C	Organic Pollu	<u>utants</u>
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform	ed Consent	(PIC)
Not listed.		
INECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and	<u>Heavy Metal</u>	<u>S</u>
Not listed.		

 Abbreviations and acronyms
 : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

 CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

 DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

 DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

 EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

 N/A = Not available

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SECTION 16: Other information

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method	
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method	
Repr. 2, H361d	Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1A
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3
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Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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