

# SAFETY DATA SHEET



AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Product use** : Paint.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : Prod-safe@teknos.com

#### National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : Malta Competition and Consumer Affairs Authority (MCCAA): +356 2395 2000

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225

Skin Irrit. 2, H315

Eye Dam. 1, H318

Carc. 2, H351

STOT SE 3, H336

Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

**Ingredients of unknown toxicity** : 24.4 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity  
24.4 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity  
24.4 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity

**Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity** : Contains 24.4% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

### 2.2 Label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Danger

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

<b>Hazard statements</b>	: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>Prevention</b>	: P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
<b>Response</b>	: P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
<b>Storage</b>	: P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
<b>Disposal</b>	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Hazardous ingredients</b>	: Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Methylisobutylketone; Butan-1-ol and iso-butanol
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	:
<b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b>	:

### 2.3 Other hazards

<b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b>	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	: None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/l	[1] [2]
Butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤8.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1]

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AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

Label No :85722

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤4.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤2.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ l	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤1.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ l	[1]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3	≤1.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 18 mg/ l	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	<3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 <b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>	-	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

- : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

#### Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

##### Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 723 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. TWA: 241 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Methylisobutylketone	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
acetone	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 568 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
Xylene	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). [xylene, mixed isomers pure] Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 275 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 550 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Toluene	<b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b> TWA: 192 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

### Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
No exposure indices known.	

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

### DNELs/DMELs

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects	
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	35.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	11.8 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	14.7 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	83 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	155.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	208 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
Butan-1-ol		DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	155 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	



## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
Xylene	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	65.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	0.41 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	1.9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	178.57 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	640 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	837.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	1066.67 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	1152 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	1286.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate		DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
	Toluene	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9512 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
		DNEL	Long term Dermal	16171 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
DNEL		Long term Oral	8.13 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	56.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Long term Inhalation	192 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic	
DNEL		Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local	
DNEL		Short term Inhalation	384 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic	

### PNECs

No PNECs available

### 8.2 Exposure controls

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm

1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Filter type: A X

Filter type (spray application): A X P

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.  
**Colour** : Various  
**Odour** : Slight  
**Odour threshold** : Not available.

*Date of issue/Date of revision* : 26/09/2024 *Date of previous issue* : No previous validation *Version* : 1 11/21

AC EМАІLLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

**Label No** :85722

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

**Initial boiling point and boiling range** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
acetone	56.05	132.9	
iso-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103

**Flammability** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosion limit** : Lower: 0.8% (xylene)  
Upper: 13% (acetone)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	270	518	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	280 to 470	536 to 878	

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Not available.

**Solubility(ies)** :

Not available.

**Solubility in water** : Not available.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.

**Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
acetone	180.01463	24				
Toluene	23.17	3.1				

**Relative density** : Not available.

**Density** : 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

**Vapour density** : Not available.

**Explosive properties** : Not available.

**Oxidising properties** : Not available.

### Particle characteristics

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

No additional information.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 26/09/2024 **Date of previous issue** : No previous validation **Version** : 1 **12/21**

AC EМАІLLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

**Label No** :85722

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

**10.5 Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidising materials

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure	
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-	
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-	
	Butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
		LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-	
	iso-butanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-	
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-	
Xylene	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-	
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-	
	2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
		LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-	
	Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
LD50 Oral		Rat	636 mg/kg	-	

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	8276.36 mg/kg
Dermal	36742.43 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	49.43 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
		Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
		Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
		Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-	

Date of issue/Date of revision : 26/09/2024 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 13/21

AC EМАІLLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

Label No :85722

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Causes skin irritation.

### Sensitisation

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Toluene	Category 2	-	-

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
- Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
Butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Poecilia reticulata</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Daphniidae</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
iso-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus pecteniscrus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i> - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days

**Conclusion/Summary** : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
iso-butanol	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential



## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low
Butan-1-ol	1	-	Low
acetone	-0.23	-	Low
iso-butanol	1	-	Low
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	High
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	Low
Toluene	2.73	90	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.





**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : 08.01.11

#### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, 4-methylpentan-2-one)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, 4-methylpentan-2-one)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methylpropan-1-ol, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methylpropan-1-ol, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3 	3 	3 	3 
14.4 Packing group	II	II	II	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

### Additional information

**ADR/RID** : **Special provisions** 640 (C)  
**Tunnel code** (D/E)

**ADN** : The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels.  
**Special provisions** 640 (C)

**IATA** : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

##### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

###### Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

###### Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

##### Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80	≥90	3
Toluene	<3	48

**Labelling** :

#### Other EU regulations

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

#### Danger criteria

Category
P5c

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

## SECTION 16: Other information

🔍 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
N/A = Not available  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
SGG = Segregation Group  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

*Date of issue*/*Date of revision* : 26/09/2024 *Date of previous issue* : No previous validation *Version* : 1 19/21

AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

**Label No** :85722

## SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 26/09/2024

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**Version** : 1

AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80

All variants

### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

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AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

**Label No** :85722

