Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Ireland

SAFETY DATA SHEET



AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name

: AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against **Product use** : Paint.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

e-mail address of person : Prod-safe@teknos.com responsible for this SDS

National contact

Teknos Group Oy, Takkatie 3, FI-00370 HELSINKI, FINLAND. Tel. +358 9 506 091.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

: National Poisons Information Centre: 01 809 2566 **Telephone number**

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown toxicity	 24.4 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity 24.4 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity 24.4 percent of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity
Ingredients of unknown	: Contains 24.4% of components with unknown hazards to the aquatic environment

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.



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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard statements		H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Thazara Statements		H315 - Causes skin irritation.
		H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
		H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
		H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.
		H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	:	P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition
		sources. No smoking.
Response	:	P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	1	P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	1	P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazardous ingredients	:	Contains: n-Butyl acetate; Methylisobutylketone; Butan-1-ol and iso-butanol
Supplemental label elements	1	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	
2.3 Other hazards		
Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII	:	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	:	None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Methylisobutylketone	REACH #: 01-2119473980-30 EC: 203-550-1 CAS: 108-10-1 Index: 606-004-00-4	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Butan-1-ol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6 CAS: 71-36-3 Index: 603-004-00-6	≤8.6	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1] [2]

acetone	REACH #:	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225	EUH066: C ≥ 25%	[1] [2]
	01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8		Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066		
iso-butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484609-23 EC: 201-148-0 CAS: 78-83-1 Index: 603-108-00-1	≤4.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≤2.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 (oral, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	EC: 265-199-0 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤1.9	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1]
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	EC: 202-436-9 CAS: 95-63-6 Index: 601-043-00-3	≤1.8	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 18 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Toluene	REACH #: 01-2119471310-51 EC: 203-625-9 CAS: 108-88-3 Index: 601-021-00-3	<3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361d STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared	-	[1] [2]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

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[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid r	neasures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
5.2 Special hazards arising	om the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	: Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.	e		
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide			
5.3 Advice for firefighters				
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	f		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.			

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	tective equipment and emergency procedures			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
6.2 Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.			
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up				
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
6.4 Reference to other sections	: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapour or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

- : Not available.
- Industrial sector specific solutions
- : Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Methylisobutylketone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 83 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 208 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Butan-1-ol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
acetone	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
acelone	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 500 ppm 8 hours.
iso-butanol	OELV-8hr: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ISO-DUIATION	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: Advisory Occupational Exposure Limit Values (OELVs)
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 150 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 568 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Xylene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). [xylene mixed isomers] Absorbed
	through skin. Notes: EU derived Occupational Exposure Limit
	Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Notes: EU derived Occupational
	Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 100 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	NAOSH (Ireland, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin. Notes: EU
	derived Occupational Exposure Limit Values
	OELV-8hr: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	OELV-8hr: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	OELV-15min: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
	OELV-15min: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

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Product/ingredient	name	Exposure indices		
Methylisobutylketone acetone		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 1 mg/l, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 50 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
Xylene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) [Xylene] BMGV: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases.		
Toluene		NAOSH (Ireland, 1/2011) BMGV: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift - As soon as possible after exposure ceases. BMGV: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.		
Recommended monitoring sprocedures	European Stand assessment of values and mea atmospheres - of exposure to o (Workplace atm for the measure	Id be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: dard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit asurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedure ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be		

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
-			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	Ū.	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	3.4 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day	a .	
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	48 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
Methylisobutylketone	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic

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			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	bw/day 11.8 mg/	population Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	kg bw/day 14.7 mg/m³		Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	14.7 mg/m³	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	83 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	83 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	155.2 mg/	General	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m³ 155.2 mg/	population General	Systemic
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	m³ 208 mg/m³	population Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term	208 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Butan-1-ol	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	1.5625 mg/	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	kg bw/day 3.125 mg/ kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55.357 mg/	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	155 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
acetone	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	200 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1210 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	2420 mg/ m ³	Workers	Local
iso-butanol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	55 mg/m ³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	310 mg/m³	Workers	Local
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	33 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	78 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	183 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term	553.5 mg/	Workers	Systemic
Xylene	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³		Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	population General	Local
	DNEL	Short term	260 mg/m³	population General	Systemic

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		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		Curtomia
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DINEL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	WUIKEIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	442 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	442 mg/m	WORKERS	Oysternic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term	0.41 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
arom.	DIVLL	Inhalation	0.41 mg/m	population	Gysternie
	DNEL	Long term	1.9 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	, in the magnetic		-,
	DNEL	Long term	178.57 mg/	General	Local
		Inhalation	m³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	640 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	_	population	
	DNEL	Long term	837.5 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Short term	1066.67	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	mg/m ³		
	DNEL	Short term	1152 mg/	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³	population	
	DNEL	Short term	1286.4 mg/	Workers	Systemic
2 Mathavy 1 mathylathyl agatata	DNEL	Inhalation	m^{3}	General	Local
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	population	LOCAI
	DNEL	Long term	33 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	DINEL	Inhalation	55 mg/m	population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DILLE	Long tonn oran	bw/day	population	Cyclonno
	DNEL	Long term	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General	Systemic
		Ŭ	bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	550 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
			bw/day		
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	DNEL	Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	29.4 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	00 4 1 3	population	
	DNEL	Long term	29.4 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation Short term	20 1 malm3	population	Sustamia
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	29.4 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	29.4 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation	20.7 mg/m	population	Cysternic
	DNEL	Short term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Short term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	J		
	DNEL	Long term	100 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	_		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	9512 mg/	General	Systemic

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			kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	16171 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		5	kg bw/day		,
Toluene	DNEL	Long term Oral	8.13 mg/	General	Systemic
		-	kg bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	56.5 mg/m ³		Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	192 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation		a .	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	226 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
	DNEL	Short term	226 mg/m ³	General	Local
		Inhalation	000	population	O. un traversite
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	226 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
				population	Curatamia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	384 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	504 mg/m	VINCIS	LUCAI
	DNEL	Short term	384 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DINLL	Inhalation	504 mg/m	WUINEIS	Gysternic

PNECs

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls		
Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Individual protection meas	ures	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		
Hand protection :		Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Recommendations : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. < 1 hour (breakthrough time): Nitrile gloves. thickness > 0.3 mm 1 - 4 hours (breakthrough time): 4H / Silver Shield® gloves.
		- + nours (breaktinough time). 411 / Silver Shieldes gioves.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.				
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.				
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.				
	Filter type: A X				
	Filter type (spray application): A X P				
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

: Liquid.
: Various
: Slight
: Not available.
: Not available.
:

	Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
	acetone	56.05	132.9	
	iso-butanol	108	226.4	OECD 103
F	lammability : Not ava	ilable.	1	

Lower and upper explosion limit	: Lower: 0.8% (xylene) Upper: 13% (acetone)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -19°C (-2.2°F)

ŝ

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name			°C	°F		Method			
1-Methoxy 2-propanol			270	518					
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.			280 to 470	536 to 8	578				
Decomposition temperature	: No	t avai	ilable.						
рН	: No	t avai	ilable.						
Viscosity	: No	t avai	ilable.						
Solubility(ies)	:								
Not available.									
Solubility in water	: No	t avai	ilable.						
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: No	t app	licable.						
Vapour pressure	:								
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	Va	pour Press	ure at 20°C	v	Vapour pressure at 50°C			
Ingredient name	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method		
acetone	180.01463	24						
Toluene	23.17	3.1						
Relative density	: Not	available.		·				
Density	: 1 g/	cm³						
Vapour density	: Not	available.						
Explosive properties	: Not	available.						
Oxidising properties	: Not	available.						
Particle characteristics								
Median particle size	: Not	applicable.						
.2 Other information								
No additional information.								
SECTION 10: Stabi	lity and re	activity						
0.1 Reactivity	• No spec	vific test data	a related to react	ivity available fo	or this produ	ict or its inar		

10.2 Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	0.74 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
Methylisobutylketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Butan-1-ol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
iso-butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	21.7 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
(petroleum), light arom.			0.0	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-

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SECTION 11: Toxico	ological information			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	8276.36 mg/kg
Dermal	36742.43 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	49.43 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methylisobutylketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
Puton 1 ol	Even Severe irritent	Dabbit		mg	
Butan-1-ol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	mg 24 hours 20	_
		Tabbit	-	mg	-
acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	_
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		D 11 1		mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light arom.	Even Mild imiterat	Debbit		uL	
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
	Even Mild irritant	Dobbit		100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	870 ug 24 hours 2	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Nabbit	-	mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	_	24 hours 250	_
		' '9		uL	_
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Causes skin irritation.	I	1		<u> </u>
Conclusion/Summary	· Causes skin imitation.				
<u>ensitisation</u>					

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

- **Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Carcinogenicity **Conclusion/Summary** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. **Reproductive toxicity Conclusion/Summary**
 - : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methylisobutylketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Butan-1-ol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
iso-butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene	Category 2	oral, inhalation	-
Toluene	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on likely routes : Not available. of exposure

oi exposure		
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	÷	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

11.2 Information on other hazards

- 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties
- Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methylisobutylketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
5	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
Butan-1-ol	Acute EC50 1983000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
acetone	Acute EC50 20.565 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 6000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 10000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
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	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/I Marine water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus -	42 days
		Larvae	
so-butanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus pectenicrus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 5.56 mg/l Fresh water	, Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum	
iso-butanol	-	74 % - Readily - 28 days -		-	-	
Conclusion/Summary : This product has not been tested for biodegradation.						
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Aquatic half-life F		5	Biodegradability	
iso-butanol	-	-	-		Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
n-Butyl acetate	2.3	-	Low	
Methylisobutylketone	1.9	-	Low	
Butan-1-ol	1	-	Low	
acetone	-0.23	-	Low	
iso-butanol	1	-	Low	
1-Methoxy 2-propanol	<1	-	Low	
Xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	High	
2-Methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	1.2	-	Low	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	3.63	243	Low	
Toluene	2.73	90	Low	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

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Date of previous issue

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment meth	nods
Product	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08.01.11
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2 UN proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, 4-methylpentan-2-one)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (n-butyl acetate, 4-methylpentan-2-one)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methylpropan-1-ol, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-methylpropan-1-ol, 1-methoxy-2-propanol)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	11	11	11	11
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.	No.

Additional information

ADR/RID	:	<u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> (D/E)
ADN	:	The product is only regulated as an environmentally hazardous substance when transported in tank vessels. Special provisions 640 (C)
ΙΑΤΑ	:	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.
14.6 Special precautions for user	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designatio	n [Usage]		
AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 Toluene	≥90 <3	3 48			
Labelling :		I			
Other EU regulations					
Industrial emissions : Listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air					
Industrial emissions : Not listed (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water	1				
Explosive precursors: Not appliOzone depleting substances (1005/200)Not listed.					
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/201 Not listed.	<u>2/EU)</u>				
Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.					
Seveso Directive This product is controlled under the Seve Danger criteria	so Directive.				
Category					
P5c					
International regulations					
Chemical Weapon Convention List Sch	edules I, II &	III Chemicals			
Not listed.					
Montreal Protocol					
Not listed.					
Stockholm Convention on Persistent O	rganic Pollu	tants			
Not listed.	-				
Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informe Not listed.	ed Consent (<u>PIC)</u>			
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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 C	hemical	safety
asses	sment	

: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement N/A = Not available PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number SGG = Segregation Group
	vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	On basis of test data
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H336	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

1	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Calegory 2 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Calegory 3
Asp. Tox. 1	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Carc. 2	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Repr. 2	REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT RE 2	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

SECTION 16: Other information			
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 26/09/2024		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation		
Version	: 1		
	AC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80		

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfil the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 26/09/2024Date of previous issueAC EMAILLACK FM 3021-80 - All variants